Śrī Rāmacaritamānasa

(The Mānasa lake containing the exploits of Śrī Rāma)

Descent Six

(Lankā-Kānda)

श्लोक

रामं कामारिसेव्यं भवभयहरणं कालमत्तेभिसंहं योगीन्द्रं ज्ञानगम्यं गुणनिधिमजितं निर्गुणं निर्विकारम्। मायातीतं सुरेशं खलवधिनरतं ब्रह्मवृन्दैकदेवं वन्दे कन्दावदातं सरिसजनयनं देवमुर्वीशरूपम्॥१॥

Śloka

rāmam kāmārisevyam bhavabhayaharaṇam kālamattebhasimham yogīndram jñānagamyam guṇanidhimajitam nirguṇam nirvikāram, māyātītam sureśam khalavadhaniratam brahmavṛndaikadevam vande kandāvadātam sarasijanayanam devamurvīśarūpam.1.

I adore Śrī Rāma, the supreme Deity, the object of worship even of Śiva (the Destroyer of Cupid), the Dispeller of the fear of rebirth, the lion to quell the mad elephant in the form of Death, the Master of Yogīs, attainable through immediate knowledge, the storehouse of good qualities, unconquerable, attributeless, immutable, beyond the realm of Māyā, the Lord of celestials, intent on killing the evil-doers, the only protector of the Brāhmaṇas, beautiful as a cloud laden with moisture, who has lotus-like eyes and appeared in the form of an earthly king. (1)

शार्दूलचर्माम्बरं शङ्कोन्द्वाभमतीवसुन्दरतनुं गङ्गाशशाङ्कप्रियम्। कालव्यालकरालभूषणधरं काशीशं कलिकल्मषौघशमनं कल्याणकल्पद्गमं गिरिजापतिं गणनिधिं कन्दर्पहं शङ्करम्॥ २॥ śańkhendvābhamatīvasundaratanum śārdūlacarmāmbaram kālavyālakarālabhūsanadharam gangāśaśānkapriyam, kāśīśaṁ kalikalmaşaughaśamanam kalyāṇakalpadrumam naumīdyam girijāpatim gunanidhim kandarpaham śankaram.2.

I glorify Śankara, the Lord of Kāśī (the modern Vārānasī), the Consort of Girijā (Himālaya's Daughter), the storehouse of good qualities, the Destroyer of Cupid, worthy of all praise, shining like a conchshell or the moon, most handsome of person, clad in a tiger's skin, decked with dreadful ornaments in the shape of deadly serpents, fond of the Ganga and the moon, the allayer of the sins of the Kali age and the celestial tree vielding the fruit of Blessedness for the mere asking.

यो ददाति सतां शम्भुः कैवल्यमपि दुर्लभम्। खलानां दण्डकृद्योऽसौ शङ्करः शं तनोतु मे॥३॥ yo dadāti satām śambhuh kaivalyamapi durlabham, khalānām dandakrdyo'sau śankarah śam tanotu me.3.

May Lord Sambhu, the bestower of blessings, who confers on the virtuous even final beatitude, which is so difficult to obtain, and who punishes the evil-doers, extend His blessings to me. (3)

दो - लव निमेष परमानु जुग बरष कलप सर चंड। भजिस न मन तेहि राम को कालु जासु कोदंड॥

Do.: lava nimeşa paramānu juga baraşa kalapa sara camda, bhajasi na mana tehi rāma ko kālu jāsu kodamda.

O my soul, who do you not worship Śrī Rāma, who has the indivisible Time for His bow and the various divisions of time such as a Paramānu,* a twinkling, a moment, a year, an age and a cycle for His fierce arrows?

- सो॰ सिंधु बचन सुनि राम सचिव बोलि प्रभु अस कहेउ। अब बिलंबु केहि काम करह सेत् उतरै कटकु॥ भानुकुल केतु जामवंत कर नाथ नाम तव सेतु नर चढ़ि भव सागर तरहिं॥
- So.: simdhu bacana suni rāma saciva boli prabhu asa kaheu, aba bilambu kehi kāma karahu setu utarai kataku. sunahu bhānukula ketu jāmavamta kara jori nātha nāma tava setu nara caRi bhava sāgara tarahi.

On hearing Ocean's words Śrī Rāma called His counsellors and spoke to them thus: "Why delay now? Build the bridge, so that the army may cross over." "Listen, O Glory of the solar race." said Jāmbavān with joined palms, "Your name itself, my lord, is a bridge by ascending which men cross over the ocean of mundane existence."

चौ॰— यह लघु जलिध तरत कित बारा। अस सुनि पुनि कह पवनकुमारा॥ भारी। सोषेउ प्रथम पयोनिधि बारी॥१॥ प्रभ् बडवानल प्रताप

^{*} The measure of time taken by a sunbeam in passing by an atom of matter.

तव रिप नारि रुदन जल धारा। भरेउ बहोरि भयउ तेहिं सुनि अति उकुति पवनसूत केरी। हरषे कपि रघुपति तन हेरी॥२॥ बोले भाई। नल नीलिह सब कथा सुनाई॥ जामवंत दोउ समिरि मन माहीं। करह सेत प्रयास कछ नाहीं॥३॥ राम बहोरी। सकल सुनह बिनती कछु मोरी॥ लिए कपि निकर धरह। कौतुक एक भालु कपि करह॥ ४॥ पंकज राम उर बरूथा। आनह बिटप गिरिन्ह के जुथा॥ धावह मर्कट बिकट सनि कपि भाल चले करि हहा। जय रघबीर समुहा ॥ ५ ॥

Cau.: yaha laghu jaladhi tarata kati bārā, asa suni puni kaha pavanakumārā. prabhu pratāpa baRavānala bhārī, soṣeu prathama payonidhi bārī.1. tava ripu nāri rudana jala dhārā, bhareu bahori bhayau tehi khārā. ati ukuti pavanasuta kerī, harase kapi raghupati tana herī.2. jāmavamta bole bhāī, nala nīlahi saba dou kathā rāma pratāpa sumiri mana māhī, karahu setu prayāsa kachu nāhī.3. boli bahorī, sakala sunahu binatī kachu morī. kapi nikara rāma carana pamkaja ura dharahū, kautuka eka bhālu kapi karahū.4. dhāvahu markata bikata barūthā, ānahu bitapa girinha ke jūthā. suni kapi bhālu cale kari hūhā, jaya raghubīra pratāpa samūhā.5.

"It will take no time to cross this insignificant sea!" Hearing this, the son of the wind-god added: "My lord's glory is a great submarine fire that had long since sucked up the water of the ocean. But it was filled again by the flood of tears shed by Your enemies' wives; that is how it came to be salt in taste." When the monkeys present there heard this hyperbolic remark made by the son of the wind-god, they gazed on the person of Śrī Rāma (the Lord of the Raghus) and smiled. Jāmbavān called the two brothers, Nala and Nīla, and related to them the whole story. "Calling to mind the glory of Śrī Rāma start building the bridge and you will experience no difficulty." He then called the monkey troops and said, "Hear, all of you, a small request of mine. Enshrine in your heart the lotus-feet of Srī Rāma and engage yourself in a sport, bears and monkeys all. Go forth, you formidable monkey troops and bring heaps of trees and mountains." On hearing this command the monkeys and bear set forth hurrahing and exclaiming, "Glory to the almighty Hero of Raghu's race!"

दो अति उतंग गिरि पादप लीलहिं लेहिं उठाइ। आनि देहिं नल नीलहि रचहिं ते सेत् बनाइ॥१॥

Do.: ati utamga giri pādapa līlahť lehľ uthāi, āni dehi nīlahi nala racahi te setu banāi.1.

They would lift up gigantic trees and mountains in mere sport and bring them to Nala and Nīla, who in their turn carefully set to build the bridge. (1)

किप देहीं। कंद्क इव नल नील ते लेहीं॥ चौ०— सैल बिसाल आनि संदर रचना। बिहसि कृपानिधि बोले बचना॥१॥

धरनी। महिमा अमित जाद नहिं बरनी॥ यह परम इहाँ करिहउँ थापना । मोरे हृदयँ संभ परम कलपना।। २।। पठाए। मुनिबर सकल बोलि लै आए॥ सुनि कपीस दुत बह लिंग थापि बिधिवत करि पुजा। सिव समान प्रिय मोहि न दुजा॥३॥ भगत कहावा। सो नर सपनेहँ मोहि न पावा॥ सिव द्रोही बिम्ख चह मोरी। सो नारकी थोरी ॥ ४ ॥ भगति मति संकर मृढ Cau.: saila bisāla dehī, kamduka iva nala nīla te lehī. āni kapi dekhi setu ati sumdara racanā, bihasi kṛpānidhi bole bacanā.1. parama ramya uttama yaha dharani, mahimā amita jāi nahi barani. saṁbhu thāpanā, more hṛdayå karihaŭ parama kalapanā.2. kapīsa bahu dūta pathāe, munibara suni sakala lai boli limga thāpi bidhivata kari pūjā, siva samāna priya mohi na dūjā.3. siva drohī mama bhagata kahāvā, so nara sapanehů mohi na pāvā. samkara bimukha bhaqati caha morī, so nārakī mūRha

The monkeys brought huge mountains, which were received like playballs by Nala and Nīla. When the All-merciful saw the exceedingly beautiful construction of the bridge, He smiled and observed thus: "This is a most delightful and excellent spot; its glory is immeasurable and cannot be described in words. I will install (an emblem of) Lord Sambhu here: it is the crowning ambition of My heart." Hearing this the lord of the monkeys despatched a number of messengers, who invited and fetched all the great sages. Having installed an emblem of Lord Siva and worshipped It with due solemnity, He said, "No one else is so dear to Me as Śiva. An enemy of Śiva although he calls himself a devotee of Mine, cannot attain to Me even in a dream. He who is opposed to Śańkara and yet aspires for devotion to Me is doomed to perdition, stupid and dull-witted as he is." (1-4)

दो संकरप्रिय मम द्रोही सिव द्रोही मम दास। ते नर करिंहं कलप भिर घोर नरक महुँ बास॥२॥

Do.: samkarapriya mama drohī siva drohī mama dāsa, te nara karahi kalapa bhari ghora naraka mahu bāsa.2.

"Men, who, though devoted to Śańkara, are hostile to Me and even so those who are enemies of Siva but votaries of Mine shall have their abode in the most frightful hell till the end of creation." (2)

दरसन् करिहहिं। ते तन् तजि मम लोक सिधरिहहिं॥ चौ०— जे रामेस्वर आनि चढाइहि। सो साज्ज्य मिक्त नर पाइहि॥१॥ होइ अकाम जो छल तजि सेइहि। भगति मोरि तेहि संकर देइहि॥ मम कृत सेतु जो दरसन् करिही। सो बिन् श्रम भवसागर तरिही॥२॥ राम बचन सब के जिय भाए। मुनिबर निज निज आश्रम आए॥ गिरिजा रघुपति कै यह रीती। संतत करहिं प्रनत पर प्रीती॥३॥ बाँधा सेत नील नागर। राम कपाँ जस भयउ नल जेर्ड । भए आनिह बोरहिं बुडहिं उपल बोहित सम महिमा यह न जलिध कड़ बरनी। पाहन गुन न कपिन्ह कड़ करनी॥५॥

Cau.: ie rāmesvara darasanu karihahi, te tanu taji mama loka sidharihahi. gamgājalu caRhāihi, so sājujya mukti hoi akāma jo chala taji seihi, bhagati mori tehi samkara deihi. mama krta setu jo darasanu karihī, so binu śrama bhavasāgara tarihī.2. rāma bacana saba ke jiya bhāe, munibara nija nija āśrama yaha raghupati rītī, samtata karahi pranata para prītī.3. girijā bằdhā krpå jasu bhayau ujāgara. setu nīla nala nāgara, rāma būRahi ānahi jeī, bhae upala bohita sama borahi mahimā yaha na jaladhi kai baranī, pāhana guna na kapinha kai karanī.5.

"They who will behold Lord Rāmeśvara will, on quitting the body, go direct to My sphere in heaven. And a man who takes the water of the Gangā and pours it on the Lord will attain liberation in the form of absorption into My being. Again, whosoever adores the Lord in a disinterested spirit and without quile will be blessed by Sankara with devotion to Me. And he who sees the bridge erected by me will be able to cross the ocean of worldly existence without any exertion." Śrī Rāma's words gladdened the heart of all and the great sages returned each to his own hermitage. Girijā, (says Śańkara,) such is the way of the Lord of the Raghus: He ever loves those who take refuge in Him. The clever Nala and Nīla constructed the bridge and by Rāma's grace their renown spread far and wide. Those very rocks that not only sink themselves but cause even other things to sink alongwith them floated like so many rafts. This is, however, not ascribed to any miraculous power of the ocean, nor to a virtue of the rocks themselves, nor again to any skill of the monkeys. (1--5)

प्रताप ते सिंधु तरे रघबीर दो॰— श्री ते मतिमंद जे राम तजि भजिहं जाइ प्रभु आन॥३॥

raghubīra pratāpa siṁdhu Do.: śrī te tare te matimamda je rāma taji bhajahi jāi prabhu āna.3.

It was by the might of Śrī Rāma (the Hero of Raghu's line) that rocks floated on the ocean. They are dull-witted indeed, who go to worship a lord other than Śrī Rāma.

बनावा। देखि कपानिधि के मन भावा॥ चौ०— **बाँधि** अति सेत सदढ सेन कछ बरनि न जाई। गर्जिहें मर्कट भट समदाई॥ १॥ सेतबंध ढिग चढि रघुराई। चितव कृपाल सिंध बहताई॥ देखन कहँ कंदा। प्रगट भए सब प्रभ करुना जलचर बुंदा॥२॥ ब्याला। सत जोजन तन परम बिसाला॥ नाना झष मकर खाहीं। एकन्ह तेपि अइसेउ तिन्हहि जे डर डेराहीं ॥ ३ ॥ एक टरहिं न टारे। मन हरिषत प्रभृहि बिलोकहिं सब भए सुखारे॥ देखिअ बारी। मगन भए हरि रूप निहारी ॥ ४ ॥ आयस् पाई। को किह सक किप दल बिपुलाई॥५॥ Cau.: bằdhi setu ati sudṛRha banāvā, dekhi kṛpānidhi ke mana bhāvā. calī sena kachu barani na jāī, garjahi markata bhata samudāī.1. setubamdha dhiga caRhi raghurāī, citava krpāla siṁdhu dekhana kahu prabhu karuna kamda, pragata bhae saba jalacara brmda.2. makara nakra nānā jhasa byālā, sata jojana tana parama bisālā. khāhi, ekanha aiseu tinhahi ie k**ě** dara tepi derāhī.3. prabhuhi bilokahi tarahi na tare, mana harasita saba bhae sukhare. kī ota dekhia bārī, magana bhae hari rūpa nihārī.4. tinha na kataku prabhu āyasu pāī, ko kahi saka kapi dala bipulāī.5.

Having completed the bridge they made it exceptionally secure; the All-merciful was glad at heart to see it. As the army marched it was a sight beyond all telling, the troops of monkey warriors roaring as they went. Ascending an eminence near the bridge the gracious Lord of the Raghus surveyed the vast expanse of the ocean. All the creatures inhabiting the ocean appeared on the surface in order to have a look at the Lord, who was the very fountain-head of mercy. There were many kinds of alligators, crocodiles, fishes and serpents with bodies eight hundred miles in length and colossal in size. There were others who could devour even these. They in their turn were afraid of some other creatures. All gazed upon the Lord and would not stir even when diverted. They were all glad of heart and felt very happy. Covered by them the water could not be seen; they were filled with ecstasy at the sight of Śrī Hari's beauty. The army advanced on receiving the Lord's command: who can describe the vastness of the monkey host?

दो०- सेतुबंध भइ भीर अति कपि नभ पंथ उड़ाहिं। अपर जलचरन्हि ऊपर चढ़ि चढ़ि पारिह जाहिं॥४॥

Do.: setubamdha bhai bhīra ati kapi nabha pamtha uRāhi, apara jalacaranhi ūpara caRhi caRhi pārahi jāhi.4.

The bridge being overcrowded, some of the monkeys flew through the air; while others crossed over treading on the backs of sea monsters.

बिलोकि द्वौ भाई। बिहँसि चले कृपाल रघुराई॥ चौ०— अस कौतक रघुबीरा। कहि न जाइ कपि जुथप भीरा॥१॥ सेन सहित उतरे डेरा कीन्हा। सकल कपिन्ह कहुँ आयस् दीन्हा॥ सिंध मल सहाए। सनत भाल कपि जहँ तहँ धाए॥२॥ खाह जाड फल सब तरु फरे राम हित लागी। रितु अरु कुरितु काल गति त्यागी॥ खाहिं मध्र फल बिटप हलाविहें। लंका सन्मुख सिखर चलाविहें॥ ३॥ जहँ कहँ फिरत निसाचर पावहिं। घेरि सकल बहु नाच नचावहिं॥ नासिका काना। कहि प्रभु सुजसु देहिं तब जाना॥४॥ काटि निपाता। तिन्ह रावनहि कही सब बाता॥ बंधाना। दस मुख बोलि उठा अकुलाना॥५॥ बारिधि सुनत श्रवन

Cau.: asa kautuka biloki dvau bhāī, bihåsi cale kṛpāla sahita utare raghubīrā, kahi na jāi kapi jūthapa bhīrā.1. sena simdhu pāra prabhu derā kīnhā, sakala kapinha kahu āyasu dīnhā. jāi phala mūla suhāe, sunata bhālu kapi jaha taha dhāe.2.

saba taru phare rāma hita lāgī, ritu aru kuritu kāla gati tyāgī. khāhi madhura phala bitapa halāvahi, lamkā sanmukha sikhara calāvahi.3. jahå kahů phirata nisācara pāvahi, gheri sakala bahu nāca nacāvahi. dasananhi kānā, kahi prabhu sujasu dehi taba jānā.4. kāti nāsikā iinha nāsā kāna nipātā, tinha rāvanahi kahī saba bātā. kara sunata śravana bāridhi bamdhānā, dasa mukha boli uthā akulānā.5.

The gracious Lord of the Raghus and His brother laughed at the sight of this amusing spectacle and marched. The Hero of Raghu's line reached the other shore alongwith the host: the throng of monkey chiefs was beyond all description. The Lord encamped Himself across the ocean and commanded all the monkeys to go and regale themselves on the delightful fruit and roots. As soon as they heard this the bears and monkeys ran off in all directions. All the trees bore fruit in the interest of Srī Rāma in season or out of season without any regard to the laws of time. The bears and monkeys would eat the luscious fruit, shake the trees and hurl hill-tops towards Lanka. If they ever found a straggling demon anywhere, they all hemmed him in and teased him not a little; nay, they would bite off his nose and ears and let him go only after reciting to him the Lord's fair renown. Those who had thus lost their nose and ears went and related everything to Ravana. The moment he heard that the sea had been bridged the tenheaded monster exclaimed in consternation with all his tongues at once (using different phraseology with each):-

दो - बाँध्यो बननिधि नीरनिधि जलिध सिंधु बारीस। सत्य तोयनिधि कंपति उदिध पयोधि नदीस॥५॥

Do.: **bằdhyo bananidhi** nīranidhi jaladhi simdhu bārīsa. kaṁpati tovanidhi udadhi payodhi

"What! has he really bridged the waves, the billows, the sea, the ocean, the main, the deep, the brine, the tide, the hyaline, the lord of rivers?" (5)

बहोरी। बिहँसि गयउ गह करि भय भोरी॥ चौ**०— निज** बिकलता बिचारि बँधायो॥१॥ आयो। कौतकहीं पाथोधि मंदोदरीं सन्यो प्रभ कर गिह पतिहि भवन निज आनी। बोली परम मनोहर बानी॥ अंचल् रोपा। सुनह बचन पिय परिहरि कोपा॥२॥ सिरु चरन नाड ताही सों। बधि बल सिकअ जीति जाही सों॥ नाथ बयरु रघुपतिहि कैसा। खलु खद्योत दिनकरिह तुम्हहि अंतर जैसा॥३॥ कैटभ जेहिं मारे। महाबीर मध् दितिस्त संघारे॥ बाँधि सहसभ्ज मारा। सोइ अवतरेउ हरन महि भारा॥४॥ बिरोध क्रीजिअ नाथा। काल करम जिव जाकें हाथा॥५॥ तास्

Cau.: nija bikalatā bicāri bahorī, bihasi gayau grha kari bhaya bhorī. maṁdodari sunyo āyo, kautukahī prabhu pāthodhi bådhāyo.1. kara gahi patihi bhavana nija ānī, bolī parama manohara bānī. carana nāi siru amcalu ropā, sunahu bacana piya parihari kopā.2.

tāhī so, budhi bala sakia jīti jāhī so. nātha bayaru kīje tumhahi raghupatihi amtara kaisā, khalu khadyota dinakarahi jaisā.3. atibala madhu kaitabha jehi māre, mahābīra ditisuta samahāre. jehi bali badhi sahasabhuja mara, soi avatareu harana mahi bhara.4. tāsu birodha na kīiia nāthā, kāla karama iiva iākĕ hāthā.5.

Then, realizing his own nervousness, he laughed and left for his palace forgetting his fear. When Mandodarī (Rāvana's consort) heard that the Lord had arrived and bridged the ocean in mere sport, she took her spouse by the hand, led him to her own palace and spoke to him in most sweet accents. Bowing her head at his feet, she spread the end of her garment as a token of supplication and said, "Listen to my words without getting angry, my beloved: one should enter into hostilities with him alone whom one may be able to conquer by wit or physical force. The disparity between you and the Lord of the Raghus, however, is certainly analogous to that obtaining between a fire-fly and the sun. He who disposed of the most powerful Madhu and Kaitabha and finished the most valiant sons of Diti (Hiranyakaśipu and Hiranyaksa), nay, who bound Bali and despatched King Sahasrabāhu (so-called because he was possessed of a thousand arms)—it is He who has descended on earth in order to relieve it of its burden. My lord, you should not oppose Him who is the Master of Time, fate and the soul." (1--5)

दो∘- रामिह सौंपि जानकी नाइ कमल पद माथ। स्त कहँ राज समर्पि बन जाइ भजिअ रघुनाथ॥६॥

Do.: rāmahi saůpi jānakī nāi kamala pada mātha. suta kahů rāja samarpi bana jāi bhajia raghunātha.6.

"Bowing your head at Śrī Rāma's lotus feet restore Janaka's Daughter to Him; then, handing over the kingdom to your son and, retiring to the forest, worship the Lord of the Raghus." (6)

रघुराई। बाघउ सनमुख गएँ न खाई॥ चौ०— **नाथ** दीनदयाल चाहिअ करन सो सब करि बीते। तुम्ह सुर असुर चराचर जीते॥१॥ संत कहिं असि नीति दसानन। चौथेंपन जाडहि नप भजन कीजिअ तहँ भर्ता । जो कर्ता तास पालक संहर्ता ॥ २ ॥ अनुरागी। भजह नाथ ममता सब त्यागी॥ सोड रघबीर प्रनत जेहि लागी। भूप राजु तजि होहिं मुनिबर जतन करहिं सोइ कोसलाधीस रघराया। आयउ करन तोहि पर सिखावन। सुजसु होइ तिहुँ पुर अति पावन॥४॥ Cau.: nātha dīnadayāla raghurāī, bāghau sanamukha gaĕ na khāī. jāihi nṛpa samta kahahi asi nīti dasānana, cauthepana kānana.

cāhia karana so saba kari bīte, tumha sura asura carācara jīte.1. tāsu bhajanu kījia tahå bhartā, jo kartā pālaka samhartā.2. raghubīra pranata anurāgī, bhajahu nātha mamatā saba tyāgī. munibara jatanu karahi jehi lagi, bhupa taji hohi birāgī.3. rāju kosalādhīsa raghurāyā, āyau soi karana tohi para dāyā. jaŭ piya mānahu mora sikhāvana, sujasu hoi tihu pura ati pāvana.4.

"Śrī Rāma (the Lord of the Raghus), my lord, is compassionate to the humble (He will surely forgive you). Even a tiger (the most ferocious of all beasts) will not devour a man if he goes submissively before him. You have already accomplished all that you had to do: you have conquered not only gods and demons but the whole animate and inanimate creation. Holy men, my lord, have declared this maxim that a monarch should retire to the forest in the fourth stage of his life. There, my spouse, you should adore Him who is the creator, preserver and destroyer (of the universe). Renouncing all worldly ties, my lord, worship the selfsame Hero of Raghu's line, who is fond of the suppliant. The same Lord of the Raghus, the King of Kosala, whom the greatest of sages strive hard to realize and for whom monarchs relinquish their throne and shed every attachment it is He who has arrived here to shower His grace on you. If, my beloved, you accept my advice, your fair and exceedingly holy renown shall spread through all the three spheres."

दो अस कहि नयन नीर भरि गहि पद कंपित गात। नाथ भजह रघुनाथिह अचल होइ अहिवात॥७॥

Do.: asa kahi nayana nīra bhari gahi pada kampita gāta, nātha bhajahu raghunāthahi acala hoi ahivāta.7.

So saying she clasped him by the feet; and with eyes full of tears and trembling in every limb she added, "My lord, worship Śrī Rāma (the Lord of the Raghus) so that my union with you may last till eternity."

उठाई। कहै लाग खल निज प्रभताई॥ चौ०— **तब** रावन मयसता तैं प्रिया बुथा भय माना। जग जोधा को मोहि समाना॥१॥ सुन् काला। भुज बल जितेउँ सकल दिगपाला॥ कबेर पवन जम बस मोरें। कवन हेत देव उपजा कहेसि बुझाई। सभाँ बहोरि बैठ सो हृदयँ मंदोदरीं अस जाना। काल बस्य उपजा अभिमाना ॥ ३॥ मंत्रिन्ह तेहिं मभाँ बुझा। करब कवन बिधि रिप् सैं जुझा॥ आड सचिव सुनु निसिचर नाहा। बार बार प्रभ् पछह कवन भय करिअ बिचारा। नर कपि कहह भाल् अहार

Cau.: taba rāvana mayasutā uṭhāī, kahai lāga khala nija prabhutāī. sunu tai priyā bṛthā bhaya mānā, jaga jodhā ko mohi baruna kubera pavana jama kālā, bhuja bala jiteŭ sakala digapālā. deva danuja nara saba basa morė, kavana hetu upajā bhaya torė.2. bidhi tehi kahesi bujhāī, sabhā bahori baitha maṁdodari jānā, kāla abhimānā.3. hrdavå asa basya upajā sabha āi mamtrinha tehi būjhā, karaba kavana bidhi ripu sai jūjhā. kahahi saciva sunu nisicara nāhā, bāra bāra prabhu pūchahu kāhā.4. kahahu kavana bhaya karia bicārā, nara kapi bhālu ahāra hamārā.5.

Thereupon Rāvana lifted Maya's daughter (Mandodarī) and the wretch began to harp on his own glory. "Listen, darling; you are haunted by idle fears. What warrior in this world is my equal? I have conquered by the might of my arm not only Varuna (the god presiding over the waters), Kubera (the god of riches), the wind-god, Yama (the god of punishment), and all the other regents of the guarters but Death himself. Gods, demons and human beings are all under my control; what is the cause of your fear, then?" He thus reassured her in many ways and once more went and sat in his council-chamber. Mandodarī was now convinced at heart that it was her husband's impending death which had turned his head. Returning to his council-hall he asked his ministers: "How shall we proceed to fight the enemy?" "Listen, O lord of the demons," replied the ministers, "why do you ask this question again and again? What is there to be afraid of, which should engage our thought? Human beings, monkeys and bears are our food."

दो - सब के बचन श्रवन सुनि कह प्रहस्त कर जोरि। नीति बिरोध न करिअ प्रभु मंत्रिन्ह मित अति थोरि॥८॥

Do.: saba ke bacana śravana suni kaha prahasta kara jori, nīti birodha na karia prabhu mamtrinha mati ati thori.8.

Hearing the words of all, Prahasta (Rāvana's son) said with joined palms. "Transgress not the bounds of propriety, my lord; your counsellors possess very little wit."

चौ०— **कहहिं** सठ ठक्ररसोहाती। नाथ न पुर आव एहि भाँती॥ सचिव नाघि एक कपि आवा। तास चरित मन महँ सब गावा॥१॥ छुधा न रही तुम्हिह तब काहू। जारत नगरु कस न धरि खाहू॥ आगें दुख पावा। सचिवन अस मत प्रभृहि सुनावा॥२॥ सुनत बँधायउ हेला। उतरेउ सेन समेत जेहिं भन मनज खाब हम भाई। बचन कहिंह सब गाल फलाई॥३॥ सो बचन मम सुनु अति आदर। जिन मन गुनह मोहि करि कादर॥ बानी जे सुनहिं जे कहहीं। ऐसे नर निकाय जग अहहीं॥४॥ सुनत कठोरे। सुनहिं जे कहिं ते नर प्रभु थोरे॥ नीती। सीता देइ करह पुनि प्रीती॥५॥ प्रथम स्न

Cau.: kahahî saciva satha thakurasohātī, nātha na pūra āva ehi bhắtī. bāridhi nāghi eka kapi āvā, tāsu carita mana mahů sabu gāvā.1. chudhā na rahī tumhahi taba kāhū, jārata nagaru kasa na dhari khāhū. pāvā, sacivana asa mata prabhuhi sunāvā.2. sunata nīka dukha helā, utareu sameta jehť bārīsa bådhāyau sena subelā. so bhanu manuja khāba hama bhāī, bacana kahahi saba gāla phulāī.3. tāta bacana mama sunu ati ādara, jani mana gunahu mohi kari kādara. priya bānī je sunahi je kahahi, aise nara nikāya bacana parama hita sunata kathore, sunahi je kahahi te nara prabhu thore. prathama basītha pathau sunu nītī, sītā karahu puni prītī.5.

"All your stupid ministers tell you only that which is pleasing to their master; but that way you cannot succeed; my lord. A stray monkey sprang across the ocean and

came this side and all the people still extol his doings in their heart of hearts. What! Did none of you have any appetite then? Why did you not seize and devour him while he was burning your city? Your ministers have given you, my lord, an advice which, though pleasant to hear, will hand you in trouble afterwards. He who has had the sea bridged in mere sport and has crossed over to the Suvela hill with all his army, tell me, is He an ordinary mortal whom you say you will devour? All these people are simply bragging. Dear father, listen to my words with great attention and do not account me a coward. There are multitudes of men in this world who are given to hearing and uttering pleasant words. Those men, however, who hear and utter words which are most salutary yet jarring to the ear are few and far between, my lord. Listen to my sound advice: first send an envoy to Śrī Rāma; and afterwards, when you have restored Janaka's Daughter, make friends with Him."

दो - नारि पाइ फिरि जाहिं जौं तौ न बढ़ाइअ रारि। नाहिं त सन्मुख समर महि तात करिअ हठि मारि॥९॥

pāi phiri jāhľ jaů tau Do.: nāri na baRhāia nāhi ta sanmukha samara mahi tāta karia hathi māri.9.

"If He withdraws on receiving back His Consort, you should have no more quarrel with Him. Otherwise meet Him face to face on the battle-field, and give him a tough fight." (9)

मानहु प्रभु मोरा। उभय प्रकार सुजसु जग तोरा॥ चौ०— यह जौं दसकंठ रिसाई। असि मित सठ केहिं तोहि सिखाई॥१॥ होई। बेनमुल अबहीं संसय सत भयह सनि पितु गिरा परुष अति घोरा। चला भवन कहि बचन कठोरा॥२॥ कैसें। काल बिबस कहुँ भेषज जैसें॥ तोहि न लागत दससीसा। भवन चलेउ निरखत भज बीसा॥३॥ संध्या समय जानि आगारा। अति बिचित्र तहँ होइ अखारा॥ लंका सिखर उपर बैत मंदिर रावन। लागे किंनर तेहिं ग्न जाड बाजहिं बीना । नत्य पखाउज करहिं प्रबीना ॥ ५ ॥ ताल अपछरा

Cau.: yaha mata jaŭ mānahu prabhu morā, ubhaya prakāra sujasu jaga torā. suta sana kaha dasakamtha risāī, asi mati satha kehi tohi sikhāī.1. abahi saṁsaya hoī, benumūla suta bhayahu ghamoī. suni pitu girā parusa ati ghorā, calā bhavana kahi bacana kathorā.2. mata tohi na lāgata kaise, kāla bibasa kahu bheşaja jaise. saṁdhyā samaya jāni dasasīsā, bhavana caleu nirakhata bhuja bīsā.3. lamkā sikhara upara āgārā, ati bicitra tahå hoi akhārā. baitha jāi tehi mamdira rāvana, lāge kimnara guna gana gāvana.4. bājahi tāla pakhāuja bīnā, nrtya karahi apacharā prabīnā.5.

"If, my lord, you accept this advice of mine, your fair renown will spread throughout the world in either case." The ten-headed monster asked his son (Prahasta) in a fury, "Fool, who has taught you such wisdom? If you entertain doubt in your mind from even

now, my son, you have proved yourself to be a prickly plant at the root of a bamboo (which brings about the destruction of the bamboo)." On hearing the harsh and most malignant remarks of his father Prahasta left for home uttering these bitter words: "Words of good counsel fall flat on you even as a medicine proves ineffectual for a man who is doomed to die." Finding that it was evening now the ten-headed monster turned towards his palace fondly gazing on his twenty arms. On the highest level of Lanka stood a most wonderful hall, where music and dancing contests used to be held. Rāvana went and took his seat in that hall, while Kinnaras (celestial songsters) began to sing his praises. Expert celestial nymphs commenced their dance to the accompaniment of cymbals, tabors and lutes. (1--5)

दो॰- सुनासीर सत सरिस सो संतत करइ बिलास। परम प्रबल रिपु सीस पर तद्यपि सोच न त्रास॥ १०॥

sata so Do.: **sunāsīra** sarisa saṁtata karai parama prabala ripu sīsa para tadvapi soca na trāsa.10.

He constantly revelled in luxuries which could be enjoyed only by a hundred Indras. He had a most powerful foe threatening at his door; yet he had no anxiety or fear. (10)

चौ०— इहाँ सबेल सैल रघबीरा। उतरे सेन सहित अति उतंग अति देखी। परम रम्य सम सभ्र बिसेषी॥१॥ एक तहँ तरु किसलय सुमन सुहाए। लिछिमन रचि निज हाथ डसाए॥ रुचिर मुदल मुगछाला। तेहिं आसन आसीन कपाला॥२॥ कपीस उछंगा। बाम दहिन दिसि चाप निषंगा॥ प्रभ दहँ लंकेस बाना। कह कमल सुधारत बडभागी अंगद हनमाना। चरन कमल चापत बिधि नाना॥ लिछिमन बीरासन। कटि निषंग प्रभ् Cau.: iha subela saila raghubīrā, utare sena sahita bhīrā. utamga ati dekhī, parama ramya sama subhra biseşī.1. sikhara eka tahå taru kisalaya sumana suhāe, lachimana raci nija hātha dasāe. tā para rucira mrdula mrgachālā, teht āsana āsīna krpālā.2. prabhu kṛta sīsa kapīsa uchamgā, bāma dahina disi cāpa niṣamgā. duhu kara kamala sudhārata bānā. kaha lamkesa mamtra lagi kānā.3. amgada hanumānā, carana kamala cāpata bidhi nānā. baRabhāqī prabhu pāchě lachimana bīrāsana, kaţi nişamga kara bāna sarāsana.4.

At this end the Hero of Raghu's line encamped with his vast army on Mount Suvela. Observing a very lofty, supremely lovely, even and remarkably shining peak, Laksmana carefully spread on it whith his own hands beautiful young leaves and blossoms of trees, which he covered with a charming and soft deerskin; it was on this seat that the gracious Lord rested Himself. The Lord placed His head in the lap of Sugrīva (the lord of the monkeys) with the bow and quiver to His left and right. He was passing both His lotus hands on an arrow, while the would-be king of Lanka (Vibhīsana) whispered some secret in His ears. The blessed Angada and Hanuman kneaded His

lotus-feet in diverse ways; while behind the Lord sat Laksmana in the pose of a warrior, with the guiver fastened at his waist and the bow and arrow ready in his hands. (1-4)

दो∘- एहि बिधि कृपा रूप गुन धाम राम् आसीन। धन्य ते नर एहिं ध्यान जे रहत सदा लयलीन॥ ११ (क)॥ पुरब दिसा बिलोकि प्रभु देखा उदित मयंक। कहत सबिह देखह सिसिहि मृगपित सिरस असंक ॥ ११ (ख)॥

Do.: ehi bidhi krpā rūpa guna dhāma rāmu dhanya te nara ehi dhyana je rahata sada layalina.11(A). disā biloki prabhu dekhā udita mavamka. kahata sabahi dekhahu sasihi mrgapati sarisa asamka.11(B).

Thus rested Śrī Rāma, the embodiment of benignity, beauty and goodness. Blessed are those men who remain ever immersed in the thought of the Lord as depicted here. Looking towards the east the Lord saw the moon risen above the horizon and said to them all, "Just look at the moon and see how undaunted like the king of beasts he appears." (11 A-B)

निवासी। परम प्रताप तेज चौ०- पुरब गिरिगुहा दिसि बल रासी॥ कंभ बिदारी। सिंस केसरी गगन बन चारी॥१॥ तम तारा । निसि बिथ्ररे सुंदरी सिंगारा ॥ मुक्ताहल प्रभु सिस महँ मेचकताई। कहह काह निज निज मित भाई॥२॥ कह रघुराई। ससि महुँ प्रगट भूमि के झाँई॥ कह सुनह ससिहि कह कोई। उर महँ परी स्यामता सोई॥३॥ मारेउ कोउ कह जब बिधि रित मुख कीन्हा। सार भाग सिस कर हरि लीन्हा। सो प्रगट इंद् उर माहीं। तेहि मग देखिअ नभ परिछाहीं॥४॥ गरल बंध सिस केरा। अति प्रिय निज उर दीन्ह बसेरा॥ बिष संजत कर निकर पसारी। जारत बिरहवंत नर नारी ॥ ५ ॥

nivāsī, parama pratāpa teja Cau.: pūraba giriguhā bala matta nāga tama kumbha bidārī, sasi kesarī gagana cārī.1. nabha mukutāhala tārā, nisi suṁdarī bithure kera simgārā. kaha prabhu sasi mahů mecakatāī, kahahu kāha nija nija mati bhāī.2. raghurāī, sasi mahu pragata bhūmi kai jhāī. sunahu rāhu sasihi koī. ura mahå parī syāmatā māreu kaha soī.3. kou kaha jaba bidhi rati mukha kīnhā, sāra bhāga sasi kara hari līnhā. chidra so pragaţa imdu ura māhī, tehi maga dekhia nabha parichāhī.4. prabhu kaha garala bamdhu sasi kerā, ati priya nija ura dīnha baserā. bisa samjuta kara nikara pasārī, jārata birahavaṁta

"Dwelling in the eastern quarter, which may be compared to a mountain-cave, this lion of a moon, an embodiment of supreme grandeur, glory and strength, struts through the forest of the sky having rent asunder the crown of a mad elephant in the form of the darkness. The stars appear like so many pearls strewn all over the sky, which serve to adorn the lovely dame of night." "Now tell me, brethren," continued the Lord, "What you think, each of you, of the dark spot in the moon." Said Sugrīva, "Listen, O Lord of the Raghus: it is only the shadow of the earth that is seen in the moon." "The demon Rāhu struck the moon," said another; "and the spot is nothing but a scar left on the latter's bosom." A third suggested: "When Brahmā (the Creator) fashioned the face of Rati (consort of the god of love), he took out the essence of the moon (thus leaving a hole in the orb thereof). The hole is still visible in the heart of the moon and through it can be seen the shade of the blue." The Lord said, "Poison is the moon's most beloved brother; that is why he has lodged it in his heart and, diffusing his envenomed rays, torments parted lovers."

दो - कह हनुमंत सुनहु प्रभु सिस तुम्हार प्रिय दास। तव मूरति बिधु उर बसति सोइ स्यामता अभास ॥ १२ (क)॥

Do.: kaha hanumamta sunahu prabhu sasi tumhāra priya dāsa, tava mūrati bidhu ura basati soi syāmatā abhāsa.12(A).

Said Hanuman, "Listen, my lord: the moon is Your own beloved servant and it is Your image enshrined in his heart that appears as a dark patch." (12 A)

[PAUSE 7 FOR A NINE-DAY RECITATION]

दो - पवन तनय के बचन सुनि बिहँसे रामु सुजान। दच्छिन दिसि अवलोकि प्रभु बोले कुपानिधान ॥ १२ (ख)॥

Do.: pavana tanaya ke bacana suni bihase rāmu sujāna, dacchina disi avaloki prabhu bole kṛpānidhāna.12(B).

The all-wise Śrī Rāma smiled to hear the words of Hanumān (the son of the wind-god). Then, looking towards the south, the All-merciful Lord spoke thus:—(12 B)

चौ∘— देख बिभीषन दिच्छन आसा । घन घमंड दामिनी बिलासा॥ घन घोरा। होइ बृष्टि जिन उपल कठोरा॥१॥ मध्र मधर कुपाला। होइ न तिडत न बारिद माला॥ बिभीषन कहत सुनह सिखर आगारा । तहँ दसकंधर लंका देख उपर अखारा॥२॥ सिर धारी। सोइ जन् जलद घटा अति कारी॥ मेघडंबर छत्र ताटंका। सोइ प्रभु जनु दामिनी दमंका॥ ३॥ मंदोदरी श्रवन बाजहिं अनुपा। सोइ रव मधर ताल मदंग स्नह सरभुपा ॥ अभिमाना । चाप मुसुकान समुझि संधाना॥४॥ प्रभ् चढ़ाइ बान

Cau.: **dekhu** bibhīşana dacchina āsā, ghana ghamamda dāminī bilāsā. madhura madhura garajai ghana ghorā, hoi brsti jani upala kathorā.1. kahata bibhīsana sunahu krpālā, hoi na taRita na bārida mālā. laṁkā āgārā, tahå dasakamdhara dekha akhārā.2. sikhara upara chatra meghadambara sira dhārī, soi janu jalada ghatā ati kārī. tāṭamkā, soi prabhu janu dāminī damamkā.3. maṁdodarī śravana

bājahť anūpā, soi rava madhura sunahu surabhūpā. tāla mrdaṁga prabhu musukāna samujhi abhimānā, cāpa caRhāi bāna samdhānā.4.

"Vibhīsana, see how clouds are gathering fast and the lightning flashes in the southern quarter. A lowering cloud is gently rumbling and I fear lest a severe hail-storm may ensue." Vibhīsana replied, "Listen, my gracious lord: there is neither lightning nor a gathered mass of cloud. On the top of Lanka there stands a hall where Ravana is witnessing a music and dancing contest. It is the large royal umbrella spread over his head which presents the appearance of a thick dark mass of cloud; the ornaments in Queen Mandodari's ears, my lord, flash like lightning; while the incomparable music of cymbals and tabors is the sweet rumbling that You hear, O King of celestials." The Lord smiled to perceive Rāvana's arrogance; He strung His bow and fitted an arrow to the string. (1-4)

दो∘ छत्र मुकुट ताटंक तब हते एकहीं बान। सब कें देखत महि परे मरमु न कोऊ जान॥१३(क)॥ अस कौतुक करि राम सर प्रबिसेउ आइ निषंग। रावन सभा ससंक सब देखि महा रसभंग॥१३(ख)॥

Do.: chatra mukuta tātamka taba hate ekahi bāna. saba kë dekhata mahi pare maramu na koū jāna.13(A). asa kautuka kari rāma sara prabiseu āi nisamga, rāvana sabhā sasamka saba dekhi mahā rasabhamga.13(B).

With a single shaft the Lord then struck Rāvana's umbrella and crowns as well as Mandodari's ear-drops, which fell to the ground before the very eyes of all; but none could know the mystery. Having performed this startling feat Śrī Rāma's shaft came back and dropped into His quiver again. And everybody in Rāvana's assembly was alarmed to see this great interruption in his revelry. (13 A-B)

चौ०— कंप न भिम न मरुत बिसेषा। अस्त्र सस्त्र कछ नयन न देखा॥ सोचिहं सब निज हृदय मझारी। असगुन भयउ भयंकर सभा भय पाई। बिहसि बचन कह जगति बनाई॥ सभ जाही। मकट परे कस असगन ताही॥२॥ सयन करह निज निज गृह जाई। गवने भवन सकल सिर नाई॥ बसेऊ। जब ते श्रवनपुर महि खसेऊ॥३॥ मंदोदरी कह जुग कर जोरी। सुनहु प्रानपति बिनती सजल नयन परिहरह । जानि मनुज जनि हठ मन धरहू ॥ ४॥ बिरोध

Cau.: kampa na bhūmi na maruta biseṣā, astra sastra kachu nayana na dekhā. socahi saba nija hrdaya majhārī, asaguna bhayau bhayamkara bhārī.1. dasamukha dekhi sabhā bhaya pāī, bihasi bacana kaha juguti banāī. gire samtata subha jāhī, mukuţa pare kasa asaguna tāhī.2. sayana karahu nija nija gṛha jāī, gavane bhavana sakala sira nāī. maṁdodarī soca ura baseū, jaba te śravanapūra mahi khaseū.3. sajala nayana kaha juga kara jorī, sunahu prānapati binatī morī, rāma birodha pariharahū, jāni manuja jani hatha mana dharahū.4.

There was no earthquake nor any strong gust of wind. Nor did they see any weapon or missile. All however, pondered within themselves that it was a most alarming ill-omen. When the ten-headed monster saw that the assembly had taken fright, he laughed and made the following ingenious remarks: "How can the mere dropping down of crowns be an ill-omen to him in whose case even the falling of heads proved a lasting boon? Therefore, return each to your own home and retire." Accordingly all bowed their head and returned home. But anxiety lodged in Mandodari's hearts ever since her earrings dropped to the ground. With eyes full of tears and joining both her palms she said, "O lord of my life, listen to my prayer. My beloved, cease hostility with Śrī Rāma and have no more of obstinacy in your heart taking Him to be a mere mortal."

दो - बिस्वरूप रघुबंस मनि करहु बचन बिस्वासु। लोक कल्पना बेद कर अंग अंग प्रति जासु॥१४॥

Do.: bisvarūpa raghubamsa mani karahu bacana bisvāsu, loka kalpanā beda kara amga amga prati jāsu.14.

"Believe my word that Śrī Rāma (the Jewel of Raghu's race) Himself is manifested in the form of this universe and that the Vedas conceive of every limb of His as a distinct sphere." (14)

धामा । अपर लोक अँग अँग बिश्रामा ॥ चौ०— **पद** सीस पाताल अज काला। नयन दिवाकर कच घन माला॥१॥ भुक्टि भयंकर अस्विनीकुमारा। निसि अरु दिवस निमेष अपारा॥ घान जास् बखानी। मारुत स्वास निगम निज बानी॥२॥ दिसा दस बेद श्रवन लोभ जम दिगपाला॥ अधर दसन कराला। माया बाह हास अंबपति जीहा । उतपति समीहा॥ ३॥ आनन अनल पालन प्रलय रोम राजि भारा। अस्थि सैल सरिता नस जारा॥ अष्ट्रादस उदधि अधगो उदर जातना । जगमय प्रभु का बह कलपना॥४॥ Cau.: pada pātāla sīsa aja dhāmā, apara loka aga åga biśrāmā. bilāsa bhayaṁkara kālā, nayana divākara kaca ghana mālā.1. bhrkuti jāsu ghrāna asvinīkumārā, nisi aru divasa nimeşa apārā. śravana disā dasa beda bakhānī, māruta svāsa nigama nija bānī.2. adhara lobha jama dasana karālā, māyā digapālā. hāsa bāhu jīhā, utapati ānana anala ambupati pālana pralaya samīhā.3. roma rāii astādasa bhārā, asthi saila saritā nasa udara udadhi adhago jātanā, jagamaya prabhu kā bahu kalapanā.4.

"The subterranean regions (Pātāla) are His feet and the abode of Brahmā His head; while the other (intermediate) spheres are located in His other limbs. Terrible Death is the mere contraction of His eyebrows, the sun is His eye and the mass of clouds His locks. The twin-born gods Aśvinīkumāras (the celestial physicians) are His nostrils and the alternating days and nights constitute the repeated twinkling of His eyelids; while the

ten quarters of the heavens are His ears: so declare the Vedas. The winds are His breath and the Vedas, His own speech; greed is His lower lip and Yama (the god who sits in judgment on the dead). His dreadful teeth: Māyā (cosmic illusion) is His laughter and the regents* of the ten quarters, His arms; fire is His mouth and Varuna (the god presiding over the waters), His tongue; while the creation, preservation and destruction of the universe are His gestures. The eighteen principal species of the vegetable kingdom constitute the line of hair on His belly, the mountains are His bones and the rivers represent the network of His veins. The ocean is His belly and the inferno, His organs of urination and excretion. In short, the universe is a manifestation of the Lord and it is no use going into further details. (1-4)

दो॰— अहंकार सिव बृद्धि अज मन सिस चित्त महान। मनुज बास सचराचर रूप राम भगवान॥१५(क)॥ अस बिचारि सुनु प्रानपति प्रभु सन बयरु बिहाइ। प्रीति करहु रघुबीर पद मम अहिवात न जाइ॥ १५ (ख)॥

Do.: ahamkāra siva buddhi aja mana sasi citta mahāna, manuja bāsa sacarācara rūpa rāma bhagavāna.15(A). asa bicāri sunu prānapati prabhu sana bayaru bihāi, prīti karahu raghubīra pada mama ahivāta na jāi.15(B).

"Lord Śiva is His ego, Brahmā His reason, the moon His mind and the great Visnu is His faculty of understanding. It is the same Lord Śrī Rāma, manifested in the form of this animate and inanimate creation, who has assumed a human semblance. Pondering thus, hear me, O lord of my life: cease hostility with the Lord and cultivate devotion to the feet of Srī Rāma (the Hero of Raghu's line) so that my good-luck† may not desert me." (15 A-B)

चौ०- बिहँसा नारि सुनि काना। अहो बचन मोह महिमा बलवाना॥ कहहीं। अवगन आठ सदा माया। भय अबिबेक तैं गावा। अति बिसाल भय मोहि सनावा॥२॥ रूप सकल

* The ten quarters alongwith their regents are named below:—

Name of the quarter Regent

Fast Indra (the lord of paradise) South-East Agni (the god of fire)

South Yama (the god who recompenses our deeds after death) South-West Nirrti (the lord of the Rāksasas of a benevolent type)

West Varuna (the god presiding over the waters)

North-West Vāyu (the wind-god) North Kubera (the god of riches)

North-East Īśāna (Lord Śiva) Brahmā (the Creator) The Upper Region The Lower Region Ananta (the serpent-god)

[†] Good-luck in the eyes of a Hindu lady consists in the longevity of her husband and widowhood is considered as the greatest curse.

सो प्रिया बस मोरें। समझि अब तोरें॥ सहज परा प्रसाद चतराई। एहि बिधि कहहु मोरि प्रभुताई॥३॥ जानिउँ प्रिया तोरि मृगलोचिन । समुझत सुखद सुनत भय मोचिन ॥ तव बतकही गृढ मंदोदरि ठयऊ। पियहि काल बस मतिभ्रम भयऊ॥४॥ महँ अस

Cau.: bihåsā nāri bacana suni kānā, aho moha mahimā balavānā. nāri subhāu satya saba kahahī, avaguna ātha sadā ura rahahī.1. māyā, bhaya sāhasa anrta capalatā abibeka asauca ripu kara rūpa sakala tai gāvā, ati bisāla bhaya mohi sunāvā.2. so saba priyā sahaja basa more, samujhi parā prasāda aba tore. privā tori caturāī, ehi bidhi kahahu mori prabhutāī.3. jāniů batakahī gūRha mrgalocani, samujhata sukhada sunata bhaya mocani. tava mamdodari mana mahu asa thayau, piyahi kala basa matibhrama bhayau.4.

Ravana laughed when he heard the words of his wife. "Oh, how mighty is the power of infatuation! They rightly observe in regard to the character of a woman that the following eight evils ever abide in her heart: recklessness, mendacity, fickleness, deceit, timidity, indiscretion, impurity and callousness. You have described the enemy's cosmic form and thus told me a most alarming story. But all that (whatever is comprised in that cosmic form), my beloved, is naturally under my control; it is by your grace that this has become clear to me now. I have come to know your ingenuity, my dear; for in this way you have told my greatness. Your words, O fawn-eyed lady, are profound: they afford delight when understood and dispel all fear even when heard." Mandodarī was now convinced at heart that her husband's impending death had deluded him.

दो॰- एहि बिधि करत बिनोद बहु प्रात प्रगट दसकंध। सहज असंक लंकपति सभाँ गयउ मद अंध॥ १६ (क)॥ सो॰- फूलइ फरइ न बेत जदिप सुधा बरषिहं जलद। मुरुख हृदयँ न चेत जौं गुर मिलहिं बिरंचि सम॥ १६ (ख)॥

Do.: ehi bidhi karata binoda bahu prāta pragata dasakamdha, sahaja asamka lamkapati sabha gayau mada amdha.16(A). So.: phūlai pharai na beta jadapi sudhā barasahi jalada, mūrukha hrdaya na ceta jau gura milahi biramci sama.16(B).

While Ravana was laughing and joking in diverse ways as mentioned above, the day broke and the king of Lanka, who was intrepid by nature and further blinded by pride, entered the court. The reed neither blossoms nor bears fruit even though the clouds rain nectar on it. Similarly the light of wisdom would never dawn on a fool even though he may have a teacher like Virañci (Brahmā). (16 A-B)

चौ०— इहाँ रघराई। पृछा मत सब सचिव बोलाई॥ जागे प्रात करिअ उपाई। जामवंत कह पद सिरु बेगि सकल उर बासी। बुधि बल तेज धर्म गुन रासी॥ सुनु कहउँ निज मित अनुसारा। दुत पठाइअ बालिकमारा॥२॥ नीक मंत्र सब के मन माना । अंगद सन कपानिधाना॥ कह बधि गुन धामा। लंका बल जाह तात मम कहऊँ । परम चत्र में तुम्हहि जानत अहऊँ ॥ होई। रिपु सन करेह हित बतकही सोई॥४॥ काज् हमार तास्

Cau.: Iha prāta raghurāī, pūchā mata saba saciva bolāī. jāge upāī, jāmavamta kaha pada siru kahahu kā beai sunu sarbagya sakala ura bāsī, budhi bala teja dharma guna rāsī. mamtra kahaŭ nija mati anusārā, dūta pathāia bālikumārā.2. nīka mamtra saba ke mana mānā, amgada sana kaha krpānidhānā. bālitanaya budhi bala guna dhāmā, lamkā jāhu tāta mama bahuta bujhāi tumhahi kā kahaŭ, parama catura mat jānata ahaŭ. kāiu hamāra tāsu hita hoī, ripu sana karehu batakahī soī.4.

At this end the Lord of the Raghus woke at daybreak and, summoning all His counsellors, asked their opinion: "Tell me quickly what course should be adopted." Jāmbavān bowed his head at the Lord's feet and said, "Listen, O omniscient Lord, indweller of all hearts, storehouse of wisdom, strength, glory, piety and goodness: I offer advice to You according to my own lights. It is that Vali's son (Prince Angada) may be sent as an envoy (to Rāvana)." The good counsel commended itself to all and the Allmerciful turned to Angada and said, "O son of Vali, repository of wisdom, strength and goodness! go to Lanka, dear son, for My cause. I need not give you any elaborate instructions. I know you are supremely clever. You should talk with the enemy in such words as may advance My cause and serve his interest at the same time."

सो॰- प्रभु अग्या धरि सीस चरन बंदि अंगद उठेउ। सोइ गुन सागर ईस राम कृपा जा पर करहु॥ १७ (क)॥ स्वयं सिद्ध सब काज नाथ मोहि आदरु दियउ। अस बिचारि जुबराज तन पुलिकत हरिषत हियउ॥ १७॥(ख)॥

So.: prabhu agyā dhari sīsa carana bamdi amgada utheu, soi guna sāgara īsa rāma kṛpā jā para karahu.17(A). svayam siddha saba kāja nātha mohi ādaru diyau, bicāri jubarāja tana pulakita harasita hiyau.17(B).

Bowing to the Lord's command and adoring His feet, Angada arose and said, "He alone is an ocean of virtues, on whom You shower Your grace, O divine Rāma." "All the objects of my Lord are self-accomplished," he thought; "He has only honoured me (by charging me with this task)." And the thought thrilled his body and delighted his heart. (17 A-B)

चौ०— **बंदि** प्रभुताई। अंगद चलेउ सबिह सिरु नाई॥ चरन उर सहज असंका। रन बाँकुरा बालिसृत प्रभ प्रताप उर बेटा। खेलत रहा सो होइ गै भेटा॥ प्र पैठत रावन बढ़ि आई। जुगल अतुल बल पुनि तरुनाई॥२॥ बातहिं बात करष

तेहिं उठाई। गहि पद पटकेउ भिम भवाँई॥ लात निसिचर निकर देखि भट भारी। जहँ तहँ चले न सकहिं पकारी॥३॥ सन मरम न कहहीं। समझि तास बध चप करि रहहीं॥ मझारी। आवा कपि लंका जेहिं जारी॥४॥ नगर भयउ करतारा। अति सभीत सब करहिं बिचारा॥ कहा करिहि अब दिखाई। जेहि बिलोक सोड जाड सखाई॥५॥ पछें बिन

Cau.: bamdi carana ura dhari prabhutāī, amgada caleu sabahi siru nāī. prabhu pratāpa ura sahaja asamkā, rana bắkurā bālisuta bamkā.1. rāvana pura paithata kara betā, khelata rahā so hoi gai bhetā. bātahť bāta āī, jugala atula bala puni tarunāī.2. karasa tehť aṁgada kahů lāta uthāī, gahi pada patakeu bhūmi bhavāī. nisicara nikara dekhi bhata bhārī, jaha tahå cale na sakahi pukārī.3. eka eka sana maramu na kahahi, samujhi tāsu badha cupa kari rahahi. bhayau kolāhala nagara majhārī, āvā kapi laṁkā iehť kahā karihi karatārā, ati sabhīta saba karahi bicārā. binu pūchė magu dehi dikhāī, jehi biloka iāi sukhāī.5.

Adoring the Lord's feet and keeping His glory in his heart Angada bowed his head to all and departed. The gallant son of Vāli, who was an adept in warfare, was dauntless by nature, cherishing as he did the might of the Lord. As soon as he entered the city he met one of Rāvana's sons (Prahasta by name), who was playing there. From words they proceeded to fight; for both were unrivalled in strength and in the prime of youth to boot. He raised his foot to kick Angada, who in his turn seized the foot and, swinging him round, dashed him to the ground finding him a formidable warrior, the demons ran helterskelter in large numbers, too much frightened to raise an alarm. They did not tell one another what had happened, but kept quiet when they thought of the death of Rāvana's son. There was a cry in the whole city that the same monkey who had burnt down Lankā had come again. "Who knows what turn Providence is going to take?" everyone thought in excessive dismay. People showed him the way unasked: if he but looked at anyone, the latter would turn deadly pale. (1--5)

दो - गयउ सभा दरबार तब सुमिरि राम पद कंज। सिंह ठवनि इत उत चितव धीर बीर बल पुंज॥१८॥

Do.: gayau sabhā darabāra taba sumiri rāma pada kamja, simha thavani ita uta citava dhīra bīra bala pumja.18.

With his thoughts fixed on the lotus-feet of Śrī Rāma he then reached the gate of Rāvaṇa's council-chamber. And there the stout-hearted and mighty hero stood with the mien of a lion glancing this side and that. (18)

चौ०— तरत निसाचर पठावा । समाचार रावनहि जनावा॥ एक दससीसा। आनह बोलि कहाँ कर कीसा॥१॥ सुनत बोला धाए । कपिकुंजरहि बोलि आयस पाड बह आए॥ बैसें। सहित प्रान कज्जलगिरि जैसें॥२॥ अंगद दीख दसानन

बिटप सिर संग समाना । रोमावली भजा नाना॥ लता नासिका नयन काना। गिरि कंदरा अरु खोह अनुमाना ॥ ३॥ मन नेक न म्रा। बालितनय अतिबल बॉकुरा॥ देखी। रावन उते कपि कहँ बिसेषी॥४॥ उर भा क्रोध

Cau.: turata nisācara eka pathāvā, samācāra rāvanahi janāvā. bihåsi bolā dasasīsā. ānahu boli kahắ kara kīsā.1. sunata dūta dhāe, kapikumjarahi āе. āyasu pāi bahu boli lai dīkha dasānana baise, sahita prāna kajjalagiri jaisě.2. bhujā bitapa sira srmga samānā, romāvalī latā ianu nānā. mukha nāsikā nayana aru kānā, giri kaṁdarā khoha anumānā.3. gayau sabha mana neku na mura, balitanaya atibala båkurā. uthe sabhāsada kapi kahu dekhī, rāvana krodha bisesī.4. ura bhā

He forthwith sent a demon and apprised Ravana of his arrival. On hearing the news the ten-headed monster laughed and said. "Go, usher him in my presence and let me see where the monkey has come from." Receiving his order a host of messengers ran and fetched the monkey chief. Angada saw the ten-headed giant seated on his throne like a living mountain of collyrium. His arms looked like trees and heads like peaks; while the hair on his body presented the appearance of numerous creepers. His mouths, nostrils, eyes and ears were as big as mountain caves and chasms. With an unflinching mind he entered the court, the valiant son of Vali, possessed of great might. The assembly abruptly rose at the sight of the monkey; at this Rāvana's heart was filled with great fury.

दो - जथा मत्त गज जुथ महुँ पंचानन चलि जाइ। राम प्रताप सुमिरि मन बैठ सभाँ सिरु नाइ॥१९॥

Do.: jathā matta gaja jūtha mahu pamcānana cali rāma pratāpa sumiri mana baitha sabhā siru nāi.19.

Thinking of Śrī Rāma's might Angada bowed his head and took his seat in the assembly as fearlessly as a lion treads in the midst of mad elephants.

दसकंठ तें बंदर । मैं रघबीर चौ०— **कह** कवन दुत मिताई। तव हित कारन आयउँ रही मम कर नाती। सिव बिरंचि पुजेह काजा। जीतेह लोकपाल सब सब राजा॥२॥ बर नुप अभिमान मोह बस किंबा। हरि आनिह सीता जगदंबा॥ सुनहु तुम्ह मोरा। सब अपराध छमिहि प्रभु तोरा॥३॥ अब कुठारी। परिजन सहित संग निज नारी॥ दसन कंठ आगें। एहि बिधि चलहु सकल भय त्यागें॥४॥ करि सादर जनकसता

Cau.: kaha dasakamtha kavana tai bamdara, mai raghubīra dūta dasakamdhara. janakahi tohi rahī mitāī, tava hita kārana āyaů bhāī.1. kula pulasti kara nātī, siva biramci pūjehu bahu bhẳtī. uttama kājā, jītehu bara pāyahu kīnhehu saba lokapāla saba rājā.2. nrpa abhimāna moha basa kimbā, hari ānihu sītā jagadambā. aba subha kahā sunahu tumha morā, saba aparādha chamihi prabhu torā.3. dasana gahahu trna kamtha kuthārī, parijana sahita samga nija nārī. sādara ianakasutā āgě, ehi bidhi calahu sakala bhaya tyāgě.4.

"Monkey, who are you?" Rāvana asked. "I am an ambassador from the Hero of Raghu's line, Rāvana. There was friendship between you and my father; hence it is in your interest, brother, that I have come. Of noble descent and a grandson of the sage Pulastva (one of the mind-born sons of Brahmā), vou worshipped Lord Śiva and Brahmā in various ways, obtained boons from them, accomplished all your objects and conquered the quardians of the different spheres as well as all earthly sovereigns. Under the influence of kingly pride or infatuation you carried off Sītā, the Mother of the Universe. But even now you listen to my friendly advice and the Lord will forgive all your offences. Put a straw between the rows of your teeth and an axe by your throat and take all your people including your wives with you, respectfully placing Janaka's Daughter at the head. In this way repair to Him shedding all fear. (1-4)

दो - प्रनतपाल रघबंसमिन त्राहि त्राहि अब मोहि। आरत गिरा सुनत प्रभु अभय करैगो तोहि॥२०॥

Do: pranatapāla raghubamsamani trāhi trāhi aba mohi, ārata girā sunata prabhu abhaya karaigo tohi.20.

"And address Him thus: 'O Protector of the suppliant, O Jewel of Raghu's race, save me, save me now.' The moment He hears your piteous cry the Lord will surely rid you of every fear." (20)

चौ०— रे संभारी। मृढ न जानेहि मोहि सरारी॥ बोल निज नाम जनक कर भाई। केहि नातें मानिऐ मिताई॥१॥ अंगद बालि कर बेटा । तासों कबहँ भर्ड ही सकुचाना। रहा बालि बानर में अंगद बचन स्नत बालि कर बालक। उपजेहु बंस अनल कुल घालक॥ न गयह ब्यर्थ तुम्ह जायह। निज मुख तापस दुत कहायह॥३॥ कह कसल बालि कहँ अहुई। बिहँसि बचन तब अंगद कहुई।। अब गएँ बालि पहिं जाई। बुझेह कुसल सखा उर दिन लाई॥४॥ बिरोध कसल जिस होई। सो सब तोहि सुनाइहि सोई॥ राम होइ मन ताकें। श्रीरघुबीर हृदय स्न

saṁbhārī, muRha jānehi mohi surārī. Cau.: re kapipota bolu na kahu nija nāma janaka kara bhāī, kehi nātě māniai mitāī.1. aṁgada nāma bāli kara betā, tāsŏ kabahů bhai hī bhetā. amgada bacana sunata sakucānā, rahā bāli bānara mai jānā.2. kara bālaka, upajehu bamsa anala kula ghālaka. bāli garbha na gayahu byartha tumha jāyahu, nija mukha tāpasa dūta kahāyahu.3. aba kahu kusala bāli kahå ahaī, bihåsi bacana taba amgada kahaī. dasa gae bāli pahi jāī, būjhehu kusala sakhā ura lāī.4.

kusala jasi hoī, so rāma birodha saba tohi sunāihi soī. sunu satha bheda hoi mana tāke, śrīraghubīra hrdaya jākě.4. nahi

"Mind what you speak, you little monkey. Fool, are you not aware of my being an avowed enemy of the gods? Tell me, young fellow, your own name as well as your father's. What is the common ground on which you claim fellowship between your father and myself?" "Angada is my name: I am Vāli's son. Did you ever meet him?" Rāvana felt uncomfortable when he heard Angada's reply. "Yes, I do remember that there was a monkey, Vāli by name. But, Angada, are you Vāli's son? You have been born as a fire in a cluster of bamboos for the destruction of your own race. Why should you have not perished even in the womb? In vain were you born, who have called yourself with your own mouth a hermit's envoy. Now tell me if all is well with Vāli and, if so, where is he?" Angada laughed at this and then replied. "Ten days hence you shall go to Vāli and embracing your friend personally enquire after his welfare. He will tell you all about the welfare that follows from hostility with Śrī Rāma. Listen, O fool: the seeds of dissension can be sown in the mind of him alone whose heart is closed to the Hero of Raghu's line."

दो - हम कुल घालक सत्य तुम्ह कुल पालक दससीस। अंधउ बिधर न अस कहिं नयन कान तव बीस॥ २१॥

Do.: hama kula ghālaka satya tumha kula pālaka dasasīsa, amdhau badhira na asa kahahi nayana kana tava bisa.21.

"I, forsooth, am the exterminator of my race; while you, Rāvana, are the preserver of yours. Even the blind and the deaf would not say so, whereas you possess a score of eyes and an equal number of ears."

चौ०— सिव बिरंचि सर मनि समदाई। चाहत जास चरन द्त होइ हम कुल बोरा। अइसिहँ मित उर बिहर न तोरा॥१॥ कठोर बानी कपि केरी। कहत सनि तरेरी ॥ दसानन खल तव कठिन बचन सब सहऊँ। नीति धर्म मैं अहऊँ ॥ २ ॥ जानत तोरी। हमहुँ सुनी कृत पर त्रिय चोरी॥ कपि धर्मसीलता कह रखवारी । बुड़ि देखी दूत न मरह धर्म ब्रतधारी ॥ ३ ॥ भगिनि निहारी। छमा कीन्हि धर्म बिचारी॥ बिन् तम्ह धर्मसीलता जागी। पावा हमहँ बडभागी॥४॥ तव जग दरस्

Cau.: siva biramci sura muni samudāī, cāhata iāsu carana sevakāī. tāsu dūta hoi hama kula borā, aisihů mati ura bihara na torā.1. suni kathora bānī kapi kerī, kahata dasānana nayana tarerī. khala tava kathina bacana saba sahaū, nīti dharma mai jānata ahaŭ.2. kaha kapi dharmasīlatā torī, hamahu sunī kṛta para triya corī. dekhī rakhavārī, būRi na marahu dharma bratadhārī.3. nayana dūta kāna nāka bhagini nihārī, chamā kīnhi tumha dharma bicārī. binu dharmasīlatā jāgī, pāvā darasu hamahů baRabhāgī.4. jaga

"What! Did I bring dishonour on my family by acting as His ambassador whose

feet even Siva, Brahmā and all the gods and sages desire to serve? It is strange that your heart does not burst asunder even on entertaining such an idea." When he heard the monkey's sharp rejoinder, Ravana glowered at him and said, "Wretch, I put up with your harsh words only because I know the bounds of decorum and righteousness." Said the monkey, "I too have heard of your piety, which is evident from the fact that you stole away another's wife. And I have witnessed with my own eyes the protection you vouchsafed to an envoy. An upholder of piety, why do you not drown yourself and thus end your life? When you saw your sister with her ears and nose cut off, it was from considerations of piety that you forgave the wrong. Your piety is famed throughout the world: I too am very fortunate in having been able to see you." (1 - 4)

दो॰- जिन जल्पसि जड़ जंतु किप सठ बिलोकु मम बाहु। लोकपाल बल बिपुल सिस ग्रसन हेतु सब राहु॥ २२ (क)॥ पुनि नभ सर मम कर निकर कमलन्हि पर करि बास । सोभत भयउ मराल इव संभु सहित कैलास॥ २२ (ख)॥

Do.: jani jalpasi jaRa jamtu kapi satha biloku mama bāhū, lokapāla bala bipula sasi grasana hetu saba rāhu.22(A). puni nabha sara mama kara nikara kamalanhi para kari bāsa, sobhata bhayau marāla iva sambhu sahita kailāsa.22(B).

"Prate no more, you stupid creature, but look at my arms, O foolish monkey, that are like so many Rāhus to eclipse the tremendous moon-like might of the guardians of the spheres. Again, (you might have heard that) while resting on my lotus-like palms in the lake of the heavens. Mount Kailāsa with Śambhu (Lord Śiva) shone like a swan."

सुनु अंगद। मो सन भिरिहि कवन जोधा बद॥ माझ कटक बिरहँ बलहीना। अनुज तासु दुख दुखी मलीना॥१॥ कूलद्रुम दोऊ। अनुज हमार भीरु अति सोऊ॥ अति बूढ़ा। सो कि होइ अब समरारूढ़ा॥२॥ सग्रीव तम्ह मंत्री जामवंत कर्म जानिहं नल नीला। है कपि एक महा बलसीला।। नगरु जेहिं जारा। सुनत बचन कह बालिकुमारा॥३॥ बचन कहु निसिचर नाहा। साँचेहुँ कीस कीन्ह पुर दाहा॥ कपि दहई। सुनि अस बचन सत्य को कहई॥४॥ रावन सराहेह रावन। सो सग्रीव केर लघ धावन॥ जो सभट सो बीर न होई। पठवा खबरि लेन हम सोई॥५॥

Cau.: tumhare kaṭaka mājha sunu amgada, mo sana bhirihi kavana jodhā bada. prabhu nāri biraha balahīnā, anuja tāsu dukha dukhī malīnā.1. kūladruma doū, anuja tumha sugrīva hamāra bhīru jāmavamta maṁtrī ati būRhā, so hoi aba samarārūRhā.2. ki silpi jānah† nala nīlā, hai kapi mahā balasīlā. eka āvā prathama nagaru jehi jārā, sunata bacana kaha bālikumārā.3. satya bacana kahu nisicara nāhā, sắcehů kīsa kīnha pura dāhā. rāvana nagara alpa kapi dahaī, suni asa bacana satya ko kahaī.4. ati subhata sarāhehu rāvana, so sugrīva kera laghu dhāvana. calai bīra na hoī, pathavā khabari lena hama soī.5. so

"Listen, Angada; tell me which warrior in your army will dare encounter me. Your master (Rāma) has grown weak due to separation from his wife, while his younger brother (Lakṣmaṇa) shares his grief and is consequently very sad. You and Sugrīva are like trees on a river bank (that can be washed away any moment); as for my younger brother (Vibhīsana), he is a great coward. Your counsellor, Jāmbavān, is too advanced in age to take his stand on the field of battle; while Nala and Nīla are mere architects (and no warriors). There is one monkey, no doubt, of extraordinary might—he who came before and set fire to the city." On hearing this Vāli's son (Angada) replied: "Tell me the truth, O demon king: is it a fact that a monkey burnt down your capital? A puny monkey set on fire Rāvana's capital! Who, on hearing such a report, would declare it as true? Rāvana, he whom you have extolled as a distinguished warrior is only one of Sugrīva's petty runners. He who walks long distances is no champion; we sent him only to get news." (1--5)

दो∘- सत्य नगरु कपि जारेउ बिनु प्रभु आयसु पाइ। फिरिन गयउ सुग्रीव पहिं तेहिं भय रहा लुकाइ॥ २३ (क)॥ सत्य कहिह दसकंठ सब मोहिन सुनि कछ कोह। कोउ न हमारें कटक अस तो सन लरत जो सोह॥ २३ (ख)॥ प्रीति बिरोध समान सन करिअ नीति असि आहि। जों मृगपति बध मेडुकन्हि भल कि कहइ कोउ ताहि॥ २३ (ग)॥ जद्यपि लघुता राम कहुँ तोहि बधें बड़ दोष। तदिप कठिन दसकंठ सुनु छत्र जाति कर रोष॥ २३ (घ)॥ बक्र उक्ति धनु बचन सर हृदय दहेउ रिपु कीस। प्रतिउत्तर सड़िसन्ह मनहुँ काढ़त भट दससीस॥ २३ (ङ)॥ हँसि बोलेउ दसमौलि तब कपि कर बड़ गुन एक। जो प्रतिपालइ तास् हित करइ उपाय अनेक॥२३(च)॥

Do.: satya nagaru kapi jāreu binu prabhu āyasu pāi, phiri na gayau sugrīva pahí tehí bhaya rahā lukāi.23(A). satya kahahi dasakamtha saba mohi na suni kachu koha, kou na hamāre kataka asa to sana larata jo soha.23(B). prīti birodha samāna sana karia nīti asi āhī, jaŭ mrgapati badha medukanhi bhala ki kahai kou tāhi.23(C). jadyapi laghutā rāma kahů tohi badhě baRa dosa, tadapi kathina dasakamtha sunu chatra jati kara rosa.23(D). bakra ukti dhanu bacana sara hrdaya daheu ripu kīsa, pratiuttara saRasinha manahů kāRhata bhata dasasīsa.23(E). håsi boleu dasamauli taba kapi kara baRa guna eka, pratipālai tāsu hita karai aneka.23(F). upāva

"It seems true that the monkey set fire to your capital without receiving an order from his master. That is why he did not go back to Sugrīva and remained in hiding for fear. All that you say, Rāvana, is true and I am not in the least angry at hearing it. There is none in our army who would fight you with any amount of grace. Make friends or enter into hostilities only with your equals: this is a sound maxim to follow. If a lion were to kill frogs, will anyone speak well of him? Though it would be derogatory on the part of Śrī Rāma to kill you and He will incur great blame thereby, yet, mark me, Rāvana, the fury of the Ksatriya race is hard to face." The monkey (Angada) burnt the enemy's heart with shafts of speech shot forth from the bow of sarcasm; and the ten-headed hero proceeded to extract the arrows, so to speak, with pairs of pincers in the form of rejoinders. He laughed and said: "A monkey possesses one great virtue: it does everything in its power to serve him who maintains it." (23 A—F)

चौ॰— धन्य कीस जो निज प्रभु काजा। जहँ तहँ नाचइ परिहरि लाजा॥ लोग रिझाई। पति हित करइ धर्म निप्नाई॥१॥ नाचि कदि करि तव जाती। प्रभु गुन कस न कहिस एहि भाँती॥ अंगद स्वामिभक्त परम सुजाना। तव कट् रटनि करउँ नहिं काना॥२॥ में गाहक कह कपि तव गुन गाहकताई। सत्य पवनसृत मोहि सनाई॥ बन बिधंसि सुत बंधि पुर जारा। तदिप न तेहिं कछु कृत अपकारा॥ ३॥ सोइ बिचारि तव प्रकृति सुहाई। दसकंधर मैं कीन्हि देखेउँ आइ जो कछ कपि भाषा। तम्हरें लाज न रोष न माखा॥४॥ जौं असि मित पितु खाए कीसा। किह अस बचन हँसा दससीसा॥ पितिह खाइ खातेउँ पुनि तोही। अबहीं समुझि परा कछु मोही॥५॥ बालि बिमल जस भाजन जानी। हतउँ न तोहि अधम अभिमानी॥ जग केते। मैं निज श्रवन सुने सुनु जेते॥६॥ कह बलिहि जितन एक गयउ पताला। राखेउ बाँधि सिसुन्ह हयसाला॥ जाई । दया लागि बलि दीन्ह छोडाई॥७॥ खेलहिं मारहिं बालक देखा। धाइ धरा जिमि जंतु बिसेषा॥ बहोरि सहसभज एक भवन लै आवा। सो पुलस्ति मुनि जाइ छोड़ावा॥८॥ कौतक लागि

Cau.: dhanya kīsa jo nija prabhu kājā, jahå tahå nācai parihari lājā. kari loga rijhāī, pati hita karai dharma nipunāī.1. nāci aṁgada svāmibhakta tava jātī, prabhu guna kasa na kahasi ehi bhẳtī. mai guna gāhaka parama sujānā, tava kaţu raţani karaŭ nahi kānā.2. kaha kapi tava guna gāhakatāī, satya pavanasuta mohi bana bidhamsi suta badhi pura jārā, tadapi na tehi kachu kṛta apakārā.3. soi bicāri tava prakṛti suhāī, dasakamdhara mai kīnhi dhiṭhāī. dekheŭ āi jo kachu kapi bhāsā, tumhare lāja na rosa na mākhā.4. jaů mati pitu khāe kīsā, kahi asa bacana hasā dasasīsā. pitahi khāi khāteů puni tohī, abahī samujhi parā kachu mohī.5. jānī, hatau na tohi adhama abhimānī. bāli bimala jasa bhājana kahu rāvana kete, mai nija śravana sune sunu jete.6. rāvana iaga balihi iitana gayau patālā, rākheu bắdhi sisunha hayasālā. khelahi bālaka jāī, dayā lāgi choRāī.7. mārahi bali dīnha dekhā. dhāi eka bahori sahasabhuia dharā iamtu bisesā. kautuka lāgi bhavana lai āvā, so pulasti muni iāi choRāvā.8.

"Bravo for a monkey, who dances unabashed in the service of its master anywhere and everywhere. Dancing and skipping about to amuse the people it serves the interest of its master; this shows its keen devotion to duty. Angada, all of your race are devoted to their lord; how could you, then, fail to extol the virtues of your master in the way you have done? I am a respecter of merit and too magnanimous to pay any attention to your scurrilously glib talk." Said Angada: "The son of the wind-god gave me a true account of your partiality to merit. He laid waste your garden, killed your son and set fire to your city and yet (in your eyes) he did you no wrong. Remembering such amiability of your disposition I have been so insolent in my behaviour with you, O Rāvaṇa. On coming here I have witnessed all that Hanumān told me, viz., that you have no shame, no anger and no feeling of resentment." "It is because you possess such a mentality that you have proved to be the death of your own father." Uttering these words Rāvaṇa burst into a laughter. "Having been the death of my father I would have next claimed you as my victim; but a thought has come to me just now. Knowing you to be a living memorial of Vāli's unsullied fame, I desist from killing you, O vile boaster. Tell me, Rāvana, how many Rāvanas there are in the world? Or hear from me how many I have heard of. One went to the nether world (Pātāla) to conquer Bali and was tied up in the stables by the children, who made sport of him and thrashed him till Bali took compassion on him and had him released. Another again was discovered by King Sahasrabāhu, who ran and captured him as a strange creature and brought him home for the sake of fun. The sage Pulastya then went and secured his release." (1-8)

दो - एक कहत मोहि सकुच अति रहा बालि कीं काँख। इन्ह महुँ रावन तैं कवन सत्य बदिह तिज माख॥ २४॥

Do.: eka kahata mohi sakuca ati rahā bāli kī kākha, inha mahu rāvana tai kavana satya badahi taji mākha.24.

"Yet another, I am much ashamed to tell you, was held tight under Vāli's arm. Be not angry, Rāvaṇa, but tell me the truth, which of these may you be?"

चौ०— सुन् रावन बलसीला। हरगिरि जान जासु भुज लीला॥ सुराई। पूजेउँ जेहि सिर सुमन चढ़ाई॥१॥ उमापति जास् जान सरोज निज करन्हि उतारी। पूजेउँ अमित बार त्रिपरारी॥ दिगपाला। सठ अजहँ जिन्ह कें उर साला॥२॥ जानहिं भज बिक्रम कठिनाई। जब जब भिरउँ जाइ बरिआई॥ जानहिं कराल न फूटे। उर लागत दसन मुलक

द्रमि धरनी। चढत मत्त गज जिमि लघ तरनी॥ बिदित प्रतापी। सनेहि न श्रवन अलीक प्रलापी॥४॥ सोड रावन

balasīlā, haragiri Cau.: sunu satha soi rāvana jāna jāsu bhuia jāna umāpati iāsu surāī, pūjeů jehi sira sumana caRhāī.1. sira saroia karanhi utārī, pūjeů amita bāra tripurārī. jānahi digapālā, satha bhuja bikrama ajahū jinha ke ura sālā.2. bariāī. kathināī, jaba jānahi diggaja jaba bhiraů jinha ke dasana karāla na phūte, ura lāgata mūlaka tūte.3. dharanī, caRhata matta gaja jimi laghu taranī. imi jaga bidita pratāpī, sunehi na śravana alīka pralāpī.4.

"Listen, O fool: I am the same mighty Rāvaṇa, the sport of whose arms is familiar to Mount Kailāsa (the peak sacred to Lord Śiva) and whose valour is known to Umā's Spouse (Siva Himself), in whose worship I offered my heads as flowers. Times without number have I removed my lotus-like heads with my own hands to worship Lord Śiva (the Slayer of Tripura). The prowess of my arms is well-known to the guardians of the eight quarters, whose heart, you fool, still smarts under injuries inflicted by them. The toughness of my chest is familiar to the elephants supporting the eight quarters, whose fierce tusks, whenever I impetuously grappled with them, failed to make any impression on it and snapped off like radishes the moment they struck against it. Even as I walk, the earth shakes like a small boat when a mad elephant steps into it. I am the same Rāvana, known for his might all over the world; did you never hear of him, you lying prattler?" (1-4)

दो - तेहि रावन कहँ लघु कहिस नर कर करिस बखान। रे कपि बर्बर खर्ब खल अब जाना तव ग्यान॥ २५॥

Do.: tehi rāvana kahå laghu kahasi nara kara karasi bakhāna, re kapi barbara kharba khala aba jānā tava gyāna.25.

"You belittle that Ravana and extol a mortal man? Barbarous monkey, O puny wretch. I have now fathomed your wisdom." (25)

बानी। बोल सँभारि अधम अभिमानी॥ चौ०— सनि अंगद सकोप कह अपारा। दहन अनल सम जासु कुठारा॥१॥ सहसबाह गहन धारा। बुडे नुप अगनित बह परस् सागर खर जास् भागा। सो नर क्यों दससीस अभागा॥२॥ जेहि देखत तास रे बंगा। धन्वी कामु नदी पुनि राम मन्ज कस सठ अरु पस् सरधेन कल्पतरु रूखा। अन्न दान रस पीयषा॥३॥ बैनतेय सहसानन । चिंतामनि पुनि उपल अहि खग लोक बैकुंठा। लाभ कि रघुपति भगति अकुंठा॥४॥ मतिमंद सुनु Cau.: suni amgada sakopa kaha bānī, bolu săbhāri adhama abhimānī. sahasabāhu bhuja gahana apārā, dahana anala sama jāsu kuṭhārā.1.

jāsu parasu sāgara khara dhārā, būRe nṛpa aganita bahu bārā. tāsu garba jehi dekhata bhāgā, so nara kyổ dasasīsa abhāgā.2. rāma manuja kasa re saṭha bamgā, dhanvī kāmu nadī puni pasu suradhenu kalpataru rūkhā, anna dāna aru pīyūsā.3. bainateya khaga ahi sahasānana, cimtāmani puni upala dasānana. sunu matimamda loka baikumthā, lābha ki raghupati bhagati akumthā.4.

On hearing this, Angada indignantly replied: "Take care what you say, you vainglorious wretch. How can He be accounted a man, you wretched Rāvaṇa, at whose very sight melted away the pride of Paraśurāma—the same Paraśurāma whose axe was like a fire to consume King Sahasrabāhu's boundless forest of arms, or (to use another simile) like the sea in whose swift tide have drowned innumerable kings time after time. How can Śrī Rāma be a mortal, you arrogant fool? Is the god of love a mere archer, the Gangā a mere stream, the cow of plenty a mere beast, the tree of Paradise a mere tree, the gift of food an ordinary gift, nectar an ordinary drink, Garuda (the mount of God Visnu) a mere bird, the thousand-headed Sesa a mere serpent and the wish-yielding gem a mere stone, O ten-headed monster? Listen, O dullard: is Vaikuntha an ordinary sphere and unflinching devotion to the Lord of the Raghus an ordinary gain?"

दो∘— सेन सहित तव मान मिथ बन उजारि पुर जारि। कस रे सठ हनुमान कपि गयउ जो तव सुत मारि॥ २६॥

Do.: sena sahita tava māna mathi bana ujāri pura jāri, kasa re satha hanumāna kapi gayau jo tava suta māri.26.

"What! is Hanuman, O fool, an ordinary monkey, who got off unhurt after trampling your pride as well as that of your army, laying waste your garden, setting your capital on fire and slaying your own son?" (26)

चतुराई । भजिस न कुपासिंध चौ०— सुनु भएसि राम कर द्रोही। ब्रह्म रुद्र सक राखि न तोही॥१॥ बुथा जनि मारसि गाला। राम अस होइहि बयर िसर निकर कपिन्ह के आगें। परिहृहिं धरिन राम सर लागें॥२॥ सिर कंदक सम नाना। खेलिहहिं भाल कीस चौगाना॥ कोपिहि रघुनायक। छुटिहहिं अति कराल बहु सायक॥३॥ तब कि चलिहि अस गाल तुम्हारा। अस बिचारि भज् राम उदारा॥ स्नत बचन परजरा। जरत महानल जन्

Cau.: sunu rāvana parihari caturāī, bhajasi na kṛpāsimdhu raghurāī. jaŭ khala bhaesi rāma kara drohī, brahma rudra saka rākhi na tohī.1. mūRha brthā jani mārasi gālā, rāma bayara tava sira nikara kapinha ke āgĕ, parihahĭ dharani rāma sara lāgĕ.2. te tava sira kamduka sama nānā, khelihahi bhālu jabahi samara kopihi raghunāyaka, chuţihahi ati karāla bahu sāyaka.3. taba ki calihi asa gāla tumhārā, asa bicāri bhaju bacana rāvana parajarā, jarata mahānala janu ghṛta parā.4.

"Listen, Rāvaṇa: giving up all hypocrisy, why do you not adore the All-merciful Lord of the Raghus? Oh wretch, if you pit yourself against Rāma, even Brahmā (the Creator) and Rudra (Lord Siva) cannot save you. Fool, brag not in vain; if you contend with Rāma, such will be your fate: struck with Śrī Rāma's arrows your many heads will fall to the ground in front of the monkeys, and the bears and monkeys will play with those heads as with so many balls. When the Lord of the Raghus gets enraged in battle and His many fierce arrows dart, will you then be able to bounce like this? Realizing this, adore the high-souled Śrī Rāma." On hearing these words Rāvaṇa flared up like a blazing fire on which clarified butter has been thrown.

दो - कुंभकरन अस बंधु मम सुत प्रसिद्ध सक्रारि। मोर पराक्रम नहिं सुनेहि जितेउँ चराचर झारि॥ २७॥

Do.: kumbhakarana asa bamdhu mama suta prasiddha sakrāri, mora parākrama nahť sunehi jiteů carācara jhāri.27.

"I have a brother like Kumbhakarna (lit., one having ears as big as a pair of jars) and the renowned Meghanāda (the vanguisher of Indra) for my son. And have you never heard of my own valour, by which I have conquered the entire creation, both animate and inanimate?" (27)

सहाई। बाँधा सिंधु इहुइ प्रभुताई॥ जोरि चौ०— सठ साखामग बारीसा। सूर न होहिं ते सुनु सब कीसा॥१॥ अनेक भुज सागर बल जल पुरा। जहँ बुड़े बहु सुर नर सुरा॥ मम अपारा। को अस बीर जो पाइहि पारा॥२॥ बीस पयोधि अगाध भरावा। भूप सुजस खल मोहि सुनावा॥ **दिगपालन्ह** पै समर सुभट तव नाथा। पुनि पुनि कहिस जासु गुन गाथा॥ ३॥ काजा। रिप् सन प्रीति करत नहिं लाजा॥ पठवत केहि मम बाहु। पुनि सठ कपि निज प्रभुहि सराहु॥४॥ हरगिरि मथन निरख sahāī. bằdhā Cau.: satha sākhāmrga iori siṁdhu ihai nāghahi khaga aneka bārīsā, sūra na hohi te sunu saba kīsā.1. mama bhuja sāgara bala jala pūrā, jahå būRe bahu sura nara sūrā. payodhi agādha apārā, ko pāihi bīsa asa bīra jo digapālanha mai nīra bharāvā, bhūpa sujasa khala mohi sunāvā. jaŭ pai samara subhata tava nāthā, puni puni kahasi jāsu guna gāthā.3. tau basītha pathavata kehi kājā, ripu sana prīti karata nahi lājā. haragiri mathana nirakhu mama bāhū, puni satha kapi nija prabhuhi sarāhū.4.

"Fool, with the help of monkeys your master has bridged the ocean; is this what you call valour? There are many birds which fly across the ocean; yet listen, O monkey, they are no heroes all. Now each of my arms is a veritable ocean, brimming over with a flood of strength, beneath which many a valiant god and man has been drowned. What hero is there, who will cross these twenty unfathomable and boundless oceans? I made the guardians of the eight guarters do menial service to me; while you, O wretch, glorify an earthly prince before me! If your lord, whose virtues you recount again and again, is valiant in battle, why does he send an ambassador to me? Is he not ashamed to make terms with his enemy? Look at my arms, which lifted and violently shook Mount Kailāsa, and then, foolish monkey, extol your master, if you like." (1-4)

दो - सूर कवन रावन सरिस स्वकर काटि जेहिं सीस। हुने अनल अति हरष बहु बार साखि गौरीस॥ २८॥

Do.: sūra kavana rāvana sarisa svakara kāti jehi sīsa, hune anala ati harasa bahu bāra sākhi gaurīsa.28.

"What hero is there equal to Rāvana, who with his own hands cut off his heads time and again and offered them to the sacrificial fire with great delight, as will be borne out by Gauri's Spouse (Lord Siva) Himself."

बिलोकेउँ जबहिं कपाला। बिधि के लिखे अंक निज भाला॥ चौ०— जरत नर कें कर आपन बध बाँची। हसेउँ जानि बिधि गिरा असाँची॥१॥ सोउ मन समझि त्रास नहिं मोरें। लिखा बिरंचि जरठ मित भोरें।। मम आगें। पनि पनि कहसि लाज पति त्यागें॥२॥ सठ जग माहीं। रावन तोहि समान कोउ नाहीं॥ कह सुभाऊ। निज मुख निज गुन कहिस न काऊ॥ ३॥ सहज अरु सैल कथा चित रही। ताते बीस बार भजबल उर घाली। जीतेह बलि राखेह सहस्बाह पुरा। काटें सीस कि अब स्न न बीरा। काटइ निज कर सकल सरीरा॥५॥ **इंद्रजा**लि कहँ कहिअ

bilokeů kapālā, bidhi ke likhe amka nija bhālā. Cau.: jarata jabahi nara kë kara āpana badha bācī, haseŭ jāni bidhi girā asắcī.1. sou mana samujhi trāsa nahi more, likhā biramci jaratha mati bhore. bīra bala satha mama āge, puni puni kahasi lāja pati tyāge.2. kaha amgada salajja jaga māhi, rāvana tohi samāna kou sahaja subhāū, nija mukha nija guna kahasi na kāū.3. lājavamta tava aru saila kathā cita rahī, tāte bāra bīsa tai kahī. so bhujabala rākhehu ura ghālī, jītehu sahasabāhu bālī.4. bali sunu matimamda dehi aba pūrā, kātě ki sūrā. sīsa hoia kahů kahia bīrā, kātai sarīrā.5. na nija kara sakala

"When as my skulls began to burn I saw the decree of Providence traced on my brow and read that I was going to die at the hands of a mortal, I laughed; for I knew Brahmā's prophecy to be false. I am not afraid in my heart even when I remember this; for (I am sure) Brahmā must have traced the decree in his senile dementia. Yet, you fool, you repeatedly exalt the might of another hero in my presence, giving up all shame and decorum." Angada replied: "Yes, there is no one in the whole world so shamefaced as you. You are bashful by your innate disposition, since you never indulge in self-praise. Only the story of offering your heads (to Lord Siva) and lifting the mountain (Kailāsa) has been foremost in your mind and hence you have told it twenty times over. As for (the tale of) that strength of arm by which you were able to conquer Sahasrabāhu, Bali and Vāli, you have kept it secret in your heart. Listen, fool, and brag no more. Can anyone turn a hero by cutting off one's head? A juggler is never called a hero even though he hacks to pieces his whole body with his own hands." (1--5)

दो - जरहिं पतंग मोह बस भार बहहिं खर बंद। ते नहिं सूर कहावहिं समुझि देखु मितमंद॥२९॥

Do.: jarahi patamga moha basa bhāra bahahi khara brmda, te nahí sūra kahāvahí samujhi dekhu matimamda.29.

"Ponder, O fool, and see for yourself that due to infatuation moths burn themselves in fire and donkeys carry loads; but they are never termed as heroes."

चौ॰— अब जनि बतबढाव खल करही। सुनु मम बचन मान परिहरही॥ मैं न बसीठीं आयउँ। अस बिचारि रघुबीर पठायउँ॥१॥ बार बार अस कहड़ कृपाला। निहं गजारि जस् बधें सुकाला॥ मन महुँ समुझि बचन प्रभु केरे। सहेउँ कठोर बचन सठ तेरे॥२॥ नाहिं त करि मख भंजन तोरा। लै जातेउँ सीतहि अधम सुरारी। सुनें हरि आनिहि बल परनारी ॥ ३ ॥ बहुता। मैं रघुपति सेवक कर दुता॥ तें पति गर्ब अपमानिह डरऊँ। तोहि देखत अस कौतक करऊँ॥४॥ जों

Cau.: aba jani batabaRhāva khala karahī, sunu mama bacana māna pariharahī. dasamukha mai na basīthī āyau, asa bicāri raghubīra pathāyaů.1. bāra asa kahai kṛpālā, nahi gajāri jasu badhe sṛkālā. mana mahů samujhi bacana prabhu kere, saheů kathora bacana satha tere.2. nāhi ta kari mukha bhamjana torā, lai iāteů sītahi barajorā. tava bala adhama surārī, sūně hari ānihi paranārī.3. nisicara pati garba bahūtā, mai raghupati sevaka kara dūtā. tai rāma apamānahi daraū, tohi dekhata asa kautuka karaū.4. jaů

"Cease wrangling any more, O wretch; listen to my advice and have done away with pride. I have not come to you as an envoy (to seek terms with you), O ten-headed monster; the Hero of Raghu's line has sent me from other considerations. The Allmerciful has said again and again: 'A lion earns no reputation by killing a jackal.' Bearing in mind the words of my lord I have suffered, O fool, your pungent speech. Otherwise, I would have smashed your jaws and taken back Sītā by force. I have judged your strength, O vile enemy of heaven, from the very fact that you carried off another's wife while she was all by herself. You are the lord of demons and exceedingly haughty, while I am a messenger of one of Śrī Rāma's servants. If I were not afraid of insulting Śrī Rāma, I would have wrought this wonder before your very eyes:"

दो∘— तोहि पटिक महि सेन हित चौपट करि तव गाउँ। तव जुबतिन्ह समेत सठ जनकसुतहि लै जाउँ॥ ३०॥

Do.: tohi paṭaki mahi sena hati caupaṭa kari tava gāu, tava jubatinha sameta satha janakasutahi lai jāu.30.

"Dashing you to the ground, exterminating your army and laying waste your town, O fool, I would have taken away Janaka's Daughter with all your wives."

चौ**ः— जौं** अस करौं तदपि न बडाई। मएहि बधें नहिं कछ मन्साई॥ बिमुढा। अति दरिद्र अजसी अति बुढा॥१॥ कौल कपिन क्रोधी। बिष्नु बिमुख श्रुति संत बिरोधी॥ रोगबस संतत सदा निंदक अघखानी। जीवत सव सम चौदह प्रानी॥२॥ तन अस बिचारि खल बधउँ न तोही। अब जिन रिस उपजाविस मोही॥ सनि सकोप कह निसिचर नाथा। अधर दसन दिस मीजत हाथा॥३॥ रे कपि अधम मरन अब चहसी। छोटे बदन बात बडि कहसी॥ कट्र जल्पसि जड़ कपि बल जाकें। बल प्रताप बुधि तेज न ताकें॥४॥

Cau.: jaŭ asa karaŭ tadapi na baRāī, muehi badhe nahi kachu manusaī. kāmabasa krpina bimūRhā, ati daridra sadā krodhī, bisnu bimukha śruti samta birodhī. rogabasa samtata tanu poşaka nimdaka agha khānī, jīvata sava sama caudaha prānī.2. asa bicāri khala badhaŭ na tohī, aba jani risa upajāvasi suni sakopa kaha nisicara nāthā, adhara dasana dasi mījata hāthā.3. re kapi adhama marana aba cahasī, chote badana bāta baRi kahasī. katu jalpasi jaRa kapi bala jāke, bala pratāpa budhi teja na tāke.4.

"Even if I did so, it would hardly bring me any credit; for it is no act of valour to slay the slain. A follower of the Vāmamārga (a sect of Sakti-worshippers indulging in certain prohibited practices as a part of their worship), a man given over to lust, a miser, a grossly stupid fellow, an utterly destitute person, a man suffering from disrepute, an extremely old man, an ever sick person, one who is always angry, he who is hostile to Lord Visnu, an enemy of the Vedas and saints, he who exclusively nourishes his own body, he who is given to slandering others, and he who is a storehouse of sins-these fourteen persons are no better than corpses, even while they live. Realizing this, O wretch, I refrain from killing you. But rouse my anger no more." On hearing this, the demon king bit his lips, wrung his hands and burst out furiously: "O vile monkey, you are now bent upon dying; for though small, you have spoken big words. He, on whose strength you dare utter such wild and sharp words, O stupid monkey, has no strength, glory, intelligence or majesty at all."

दो - अगुन अमान जानि तेहि दीन्ह पिता बनबास। सो दुख अरु जुबती बिरह पुनि निसि दिन मम त्रास ॥ ३१ (क)॥ जिन्ह के बल कर गर्ब तोहि अइसे मनुज अनेक। खाहिं निसाचर दिवस निसि मृढ़ समुझु तजि टेक ॥ ३१ (ख)॥

Do.: aguna amāna jāni tehi dīnha pitā banabāsa. so dukha aru jubatī biraha puni nisi dina mama trāsa.31(A). jinha ke bala kara garba tohi aise manuja aneka, khāhi nisācara divasa nisi mūRha samujhu taji teka.31(B).

"Finding him devoid of merit and self-esteem, his father sent him into exile. Apart from that sorrow the separation from his wife is telling on him and above all he is constantly obsessed with terror of me. The demons devour day and night many such men as he of whose might you are proud; realize this, O fool, and cease to be perverse." (31 A-B)

चौ०- जब तेहिं कीन्हि राम के निंदा। क्रोधवंत अति क्रपिंदा॥ भयउ हरि हर निंदा सुनइ जो काना।होइ गोघात पाप समाना॥१॥ कपिकंजर भारी। दह भुजदंड तमिक महि मारी॥ डोलत धरनि सभासद खसे। चले भाजि भय मारुत दसकंधर। भूतल परे गिरत सँभारि अति उठा मुकुट संदर॥ तेहिं लै निज सिरन्हि सँवारे। कछ अंगद प्रभ पास पबारे॥३॥ देखि कपि भागे। दिनहीं लुक परन बिधि लागे॥ कोप चलाए। कुलिस चारि आवत अति धाए॥४॥ प्रभ हँसि जनि हृदयँ डेराह। लुक न असनि केत नहिं किरीट केरे। आवत बालितनय ए

Cau.: jaba tehi kīnhi rāma kai nimdā, krodhavamta ati bhayau kapimdā. hara nimdā sunai jo kānā, hoi pāpa goghāta samānā.1. katakatāna kapikumjara bhārī, duhu bhujadamda tamaki mahi mārī. dolata dharani sabhāsada khase, cale bhāji bhaya māruta grase.2. girata såbhāri uthā dasakamdhara, bhūtala pare mukuta ati sumdara. kachu tehi lai nija siranhi savare, kachu amgada prabhu pasa pabare.3. āvata mukuta dekhi kapi bhāge, dinahī lūka parana bidhi kopa calāe, kulisa cāri dhāe.4. kaha prabhu håsi jani hrdayå derāhū, lūka na rāhū. asani ketu nahṫ kirīta dasakamdhara kere. āvata bālitanava prere.5. ke

When he thus inveighed against Śrī Rāma, the monkey chief grew furious with rage. For he who opens his ears to vituperation against Hari (Bhagavān Visnu) or Hara (Lord Siva) incurs as great a sin as he who kills a cow. Angada (the great monkey) gave a loud yell and furiously struck both his mighty arms against the ground. The earth shook and members of the assembly were thrown off their seats and took to flight, possessed as they were by the hobgoblin of fear. The ten-headed monster (Rāvana) too was about to topple down but recovered himself and stood up. Yet his most beautiful crowns fell to the ground; some of them he took and set on his heads, while Angada sent the rest flying to the Lord. The monkeys fled when they saw the crowns coming. "Good heavens, how is it that meteors have begun to fall even during the daytime? Or is it that Rāvaṇa in his fury has hurled four thunderbolts, which are coming with great speed?" The Lord smiled and said, "Be not afraid at heart. They are neither meteors nor thunderbolts, nor even the planets Rāhu and Ketu. They are the crowns of the ten-headed Rāvaṇa, despatched by Vāli's son (Angada), that are coming this side." (1--5)

दो - तरिक पवनसृत कर गहे आनि धरे प्रभु पास। कौतुक देखहिं भालु कपि दिनकर सरिस प्रकास ॥ ३२ (क)॥ उहाँ सकोपि दसानन सब सन कहत रिसाइ। धरह कपिहि धरि मारह सुनि अंगद मुसुकाइ॥ ३२ (ख)॥ Do.: taraki pavanasuta kara gahe āni dhare prabhu pāsa, kautuka dekhahi bhālu kapi dinakara sarisa prakāsa.32(A). uhā sakopi dasānana saba sana kahata dharahu kapihi dhari mārahu suni amgada musukāi.32(B).

The son of the wind-god sprang forward and caught them in his own hands; he then took them to the Lord and placed them before Him. The bears and monkeys gazed on them with wonder; for they were dazzling like the sun. At the other end the ten-headed monster (Rāvana) in his fury indignantly cried to all about him, "Seize the monkey, and seizing him forthwith slay him." Angada smiled to hear this.

चौ॰— एहि बधि बेगि सुभट सब धावह। खाह भालु कपि जहँ जहँ पावह॥ महि जाई। जिअत धरह तापस द्रौ भाई॥१॥ मर्कटहीन बोलेउ जुबराजा। गाल बजावत तोहि न लाजा॥ काटि निलज कुलघाती। बल बिलोकि बिहरति नहिं छाती॥२॥ त्रिय कमारग गामी। खल मल रासि मंदमति कामी॥ दुर्बादा। भएसि कालबस खल मनुजादा॥ ३॥ जल्पिस सन्यपात आगें। बानर चपेटन्हि याको पावहिगो भाल लागें॥ फल् बोलत असि बानी। गिरहिं न तव रसना अभिमानी॥४॥ गिरिहहिं नाहीं। सिरन्हि समेत समर महि माहीं॥५॥ रसना संसय

Cau.: ehi badhi begi subhata saba dhāvahu, khāhu bhālu kapi jaha jaha pāvahu. mahi jāī, jiata dharahu tāpasa dvau bhāī.1. puni sakopa boleu jubarājā, gāla bajāvata tohi na lājā. nilaja kulaghātī, bala biloki biharati nahi chātī.2. maru gara kāti kumāraga gāmī, khala mala rāsi mamdamati kāmī. durbādā, bhaesi kālabasa khala manujādā.3. sanyapāta ialpasi yāko phalu pāvahigo āgě, bānara bhālu capetanhi rāmu manuja bolata asi bānī, girahi na tava rasanā abhimānī.4. airihahi saṁsava nāhī. siranhi sameta samara mahi māhī.5.

"After killing him sally forth at once, all you mighty warriors, and devour every bear and monkey wherever you find one. Go and clear the earth of monkeys and capture the two ascetic brothers (Rāma and Laksmana) alive." The monkey prince (Angada) got enraged and exclaimed again: "Are you not ashamed to wag your tongue like this? Cut your throat and die, you shameless destroyer of your race. Your heart does not crack even on witnessing my strength! O vicious stealer of women, storehouse of impurities, O sense-bound, dull-witted wretch, you babble abuse in a state of delirium, which shows that death has overtaken you, O wretched demon. You will reap its consequences later on when the monkeys and bears belabour you. Even as you utter the words that Śrī Rāma is a mortal, it is strange that your tongues, O proud demon, do not drop off. It is, however, certain that your tongues will drop off alongwith your heads on the battlefield."

सो॰ सो नर क्यों दसकंध बालि बध्यो जेहिं एक सर। बीसहुँ लोचन अंध धिग तव जन्म कुजाति जड़॥ ३३ (क)॥

तव सोनित कीं प्यास तृषित राम सायक निकर। तजउँ तोहि तेहि त्रास कटु जल्पक निसिचर अधम ॥ ३३ (ख)॥

So.: so nara kyaŭ dasakamdha bāli badhyo jehi eka sara, bīsahů locana amdha dhiga tava janma kujāti jaRa.33(A). kī pyāsa trsita rāma sāvaka nikara, sonita tajaŭ tohi tehi trāsa katu jalpaka nisicara adhama.33(B).

"How can He be a mortal, O ten-headed monster, who killed Vali with a single shaft? You are blind with all your twenty eyes; fie upon your birth, O dullard of ignoble womb. Śrī Rāma's arrow are all thirsting for your blood and I spare you only for fear of displeasing Him, O vile demon of biting tongue."

चौ०— **मैं तव** दसन तोरिबे लायक। आयसु मोहि न दीन्ह रघुनायक॥ असि रिस होति दसउ मुख तोरौं। लंका गहि समुद्र महँ बोरौं॥१॥ गुलरि फल समान तव लंका। बसहु मध्य तुम्ह जंतु असंका॥ बानर फल खात न बारा। आयसु दीन्ह न राम उदारा॥२॥ मसकाई। मृढ सिखिहि कहँ बहुत झठाई॥ सुनत रावन बालि न कबहँ गाल अस मारा। मिलि तपसिन्ह तैं भएसि लबारा॥ ३॥ में लबार भुज बीहा। जौं न उपारिउँ तव दस जीहा॥ समझि राम प्रताप कपि कोपा। सभा माझ पन करि पद रोपा॥४॥ जौं मम चरन सकसि सठ टारी। फिरहिं राम सीता मैं हारी॥ सनह सभट सब कह दससीसा। पद गहि धरनि पछारह कीसा॥५॥ बलवाना । हरिष उठे जहँ तहँ भट नाना ॥ आदिक झपटिह किर बल बिपुल उपाई। पद न टरइ बैठिह सिरु नाई॥६॥ उठि झपटहिं सुर आराती। टरइ न कीस चरन एहि भाँती॥ उरगारी। मोह बिटप नहिं सकहिं उपारी॥७॥ कजोगी जिमि

Cau.: mai tava dasana toribe layaka, ayasu mohi na dinha raghunayaka. asi risa hoti dasau mukha toraŭ, lamkā gahi samudra maha boraŭ.1. gūlari phala samāna tava lamkā, basahu madhya tumha jamtu asamkā. mai bānara phala khāta na bārā, āyasu dīnha na rāma rāvana musukāī, mūRha sikhihi kaha bahuta jhuthāī. bāli na kabahů gāla asa mārā, mili tapasinha tai bhaesi labārā.3. săcehů mai labāra bhuja bīhā, jaŭ na upāriu tava dasa jīhā. samujhi rāma pratāpa kapi kopā, sabhā mājha pana kari pada ropā.4. jaŭ mama carana sakasi satha tārī, phirahi sītā rāmu mat sunahu subhata saba kaha dasasīsā, pada gahi dharani pachārahu kīsā.5. balavānā, harasi uthe jaha taha bhata nānā. jhapatahi kari bala bipula upāī, pada na tarai baithahi siru nāī.6. uțhi jhapațahi sura ārātī, țarai na kīsa carana ehi bhẳtī. uragārī, moha bitapa nahi sakahi upārī.7. purusa kujogī jimi

"I am capable of smashing your jaws; but I have no command from the Lord of the Raghus to do so. Otherwise I feel so enraged that I would break all your ten heads and lifting up Lankā drop it into the ocean. Your Lankā is like a fruit of the Udumbara tree; while you are like so many unsuspecting insects that reside in it. A monkey as I am, I would lose no time in eating it; but the gracious Rāma has not given me the order." Rāvana smiled to hear this witty remark. "Fool, where did you learn to tell such big lies? Vāli never boasted like this; it seems association with the hermits has made you such a vaunting liar." "I am a blustering liar indeed, O monster with twenty arms, if I do not tear out your ten tongues." Recalling Śrī Rāma's might Angada grew indignant and firmly planted his foot in the midst of the whole assembly. "If you can but stir my foot, O fool Śrī Rāma will return forthwith and I shall forgo Sītā as a lost wager." "Listen, champions all:" exclaimed the ten-headed monster, "seize the monkey by the leg and dash him to the ground." Meghanāda (the vanquisher of Indra) and many other stout warriors rose with delight from their respective seats and rushed with all their might, employing numerous devices; but Angada's foot refused to stir. The competitors, therefore, resumed their seats with their heads bent low. The enemies of heaven rose again and dashed forward; but the monkey's foot moved no more than a sensually-minded striver, O Garuda (the enemy of serpents), is able to uproot the tree of error implanted in his heart (continues Kākabhuśundi). (1--7)

दो - कोटिन्ह मेघनाद सम सुभट उठे हरषाइ। झपटहिं टरे न कपि चरन पुनि बैठहिं सिर नाइ॥ ३४(क)॥ भूमि न छाँडत कपि चरन देखत रिप् मद भाग। कोटि बिघ्न ते संत कर मन जिमि नीति न त्याग॥ ३४(ख)॥

Do.: koţinha meghanāda sama subhaţa uţhe haraṣāi, jhapatahi tarai na kapi carana puni baithahi sira nāi.34(A). bhūmi na chẳRata kapi carana dekhata ripu mada bhāga, koţi bighna te samta kara mana jimi nīti na tyāga.34(B).

Myriads of great warriors of Meghanāda's might arose with joy and swooped down; but the monkey's foot did not budge, and they hung their heads and sat down again. The monkey's foot would no more leave the ground than the soul of a saint would give up moral uprightness even though confronted with numberless obstacles. The enemy's pride left him when he witnessed this. (34 A-B)

चौ॰- कपि बल देखि सकल हियँ हारे। उठा आपु कपि कें परचारे ॥ बालिकुमारा। मम पद गहें न तोर उबारा॥१॥ गहत चरन सठ जाई। सुनत फिरा मन अति सकुचाई॥ गहसि सब गई। मध्य दिवस जिमि सिस सोहई॥२॥ श्री भयउ तेजहत सिर नाई। मानहँ संपति सिंघासन बैठेउ सकल गँवाई॥ रामा। तासु बिमुख किमि लह बिश्रामा॥३॥ प्रानपति जगदातमा की भृकुटि बिलासा। होइ बिस्व पुनि पावइ नासा॥ तृन ते कुलिस कुलिस तृन करई। तासु दूत पन कहु किमि टरई॥४॥ पनि कपि कही नीति बिधि नाना। मान न ताहि कालु निअराना॥ रिपु मद मथि प्रभु सुजसु सुनायो। यह कहि चल्यो बालि नृप जायो॥५॥ खेलाई। तोहि अबहिं का करौं बडाई॥ खेलाड कपि मारा। सो सुनि रावन भयउ दुखारा॥६॥ देखी। भय ब्याकुल सब भए बिसेषी॥७॥ जातुधान अंगद पन

Cau.: kapi bala dekhi sakala hiya hare, utha āpu kapi kě paracāre. carana kaha bālikumārā, mama pada gahe na tora ubārā.1. gahasi na rāma carana satha jāī, sunata phirā mana ati sakucāī. tejahata śrī saba gaī, madhya divasa jimi sasi simghāsana baitheu sira nāī, mānahů sampati sakala gåvāī. jagadātamā prānapati rāmā, tāsu bimukha kimi laha biśrāmā.3. umā bhrkuti bilāsā, hoi bisva puni pāvai trna te kulisa kulisa trna karaī, tāsu dūta pana kahu kimi taraī.4. puni kapi kahī nīti bidhi nānā, māna na tāhi kālu ripu mada mathi prabhu sujasu sunāyo, yaha kahi calyo bāli nṛpa jāyo.5. hataů khelāi khelāī, tohi abahi kā karaŭ prathamahi tāsu tanaya kapi mārā, so suni rāvana bhayau dukhārā.6. dekhī, bhaya byākula saba bhae bisesī.7. jātudhāna aṁgada pana

Everyone who saw the monkey's strength was discomfited at heart. Challenged by the monkey Rāvana himself now rose. Even as Rāvana proceeded to grasp his foot, Vāli's son (Angada) broke out, "You cannot be saved by clinging to my feet. Fool, why do you not go and clasp Śrī Rāma's feet?" He turned back much abashed at heart to hear this. All his splendour was gone and he was robbed of his glory even as the moon fades away at midday. With drooping heads he resumed his seat on the throne as if despoiled of all his riches. Śrī Rāma is the soul of the universe and the lord of life: how can he who is hostile to Him find any rest? The universe, Umā (Pārvatī), springs into existence and is again dissolved with a mere play of Śrī Rāma's eyebrows. When He is capable of transforming a blade of grass into a thunderbolt and a thunderbolt into a blade of grass, how, then, can a vow of His ambassador prove false? Angada admonished him in various ways; but as his end had drawn near, he would not listen. Having squashed the enemy's pride, the son of King Vāli glorified his lord to his very face and departed, saying: "If I do not slay you after I have sported with you on the battlefield for some time, it will be no use my indulging in self-praise just now." Angada had killed Rāvana's son even before he arrived in the latter's presence and Rāvana felt very sad at the news. The demons too grew particularly nervous with fear when they witnessed the effectiveness of Angada's challenge. (1--7)

दो॰- रिपु बल धरिष हरिष किप बालितनय बल पुंज। पुलक सरीर नयन जल गहे राम पद कंज॥ ३५ (क)॥ साँझ जानि दसकंधर भवन गयउ बिलखाइ। मंदोदरीं रावनिह बहुरि कहा समुझाइ॥३५(ख)॥

Do.: ripu bala dharaşi haraşi kapi bālitanaya bala pumja, pulaka sarīra nayana jala gahe rāma pada kamja.35(A). sajha jani dasakamdhara bhavana qayau bilakhai, maṁdodari้̇ rāvanahi bahuri kahā samuihāi.35(B).

Setting at naught Rāvaṇa's power, the mighty monkey, Vāli's son, his body thrilling over with emotion and eyes full of tears, clasped in delight Śrī Rāma's lotus feet. Perceiving that it was evening, the ten-headed monster returned disconsolately to his palace, where Mandodari again spoke and advised him:-(35 A-B)

कुमतिही। सोह न समर तुम्हिह रघुपतिही॥ चौ० कंत समुझि मन तजह खचाई। सोउ नहिं नाघेहु असि मनुसाई॥१॥ रेख रामान्ज लघ ताहि जितब संग्रामा। जाके दूत केर यह कौतक सिंध नाघि कपि तव लंका। आयउ उजारा। देखत तोहि अच्छ तेहिं मारा॥ रखवारे हति बिपिन जारि सकल पर कीन्हेसि छारा। कहाँ रहा बल गर्ब पति मुषा गाल जनि मारहु। मोर कहा कछु हृदयँ बिचारहु॥ रघपतिहि नपति जनि मानह। अग जग नाथ अतल बल जानह॥४॥ प्रताप मारीचा। तासु कहा नहिं मानेहि नीचा॥ बान भूपाला। रहे तुम्हउ बल अतुल बिसाला॥५॥ मभाँ अगनित जनक बिआही। तब संग्राम जितेह किन ताही॥ भंजि धन्ष थोरा। राखा जिअत आँखि गहि फोरा॥६॥ स्रपति बल जानड देखी। तदपि हृदयँ नहिं लाज बिसेषी॥७॥ कै गति स्पनखा तम्ह

Cau.: kamta samujhi mana tajahu kumatihī, soha na samara tumhahi raghupatihī. khacāī, sou nahi nāghehu asi manusāī.1. rāmānuja laghu rekha piya tumha tāhi jitaba samgrāmā, jāke dūta kera yaha kāmā. kautuka simdhu nāghi tava lamkā, āyau asaṁkā.2. kapi keharī uiārā, dekhata tohi accha tehi mārā. rakhavāre hati bipina sakala pura kīnhesi chārā, kahā rahā bala garba tumhārā.3. aba pati mṛṣā gāla jani mārahu, mora kahā kachu hṛdaya bicārahu. pati raghupatihi nrpati jani mānahu, aga jaga nātha atula bala jānahu.4. bāna pratāpa iāna mārīcā, tāsu kahā nahi mānehi bhūpālā, rahe tumhau bala atula bisālā.5. janaka sabhå aganita dhanusa iānakī biāhī, taba samgrāma jitehu kina tāhī. bhamji jānai bala thorā, rākhā suta jiata ăkhi gahi sūpanakhā kai gati tumha dekhī, tadapi hrdaya nahi lāja bisesī.7.

"Ponder in your mind, my beloved lord, and abandon perversity; your conflict with the Lord of the Raghus is quite out of place. Śrī Rāma's younger brother (Lakṣmaṇa) had traced a thin line;* that too you could not cross. Such is your valour! My beloved,

^{*} It is mentioned in other works that, while leaving Sītā all alone to join Śrī Rāma, who had been out chasing the gold deer, Laksmana traced with an end of his bow a line round, Her cottage at Pañcavatī with a curse that any demon whatsoever who dared to cross the line would be instantly reduced to ashes. Availing himself of the opportunity Ravana made his appearance there in the guise of a mendicant and begged alms

do you expect to conquer Him in battle, whose messenger performed such feats? Leaping across the ocean in mere sport, that lion among monkeys fearlessly entered your Lańkā, killed your guards and laid waste your garden. Nay, he killed Prince Aksa under your very nose, and, setting fire to the whole capital, reduced it to ashes. Where did your pride of power remain lurking at that time? Indulge no more in idle boasts, my spouse, and lay my words a little to heart. Do not imagine that the Lord of the Raghus is a mere earthly king, my husband; but know him to be the Ruler of the animate and inanimate creation, unequalled in strength. The might of His arrows is known to Mārīca; but you did not heed his words, taking him to be a mean fellow. In Janaka's court were assembled numberless kings; you too were present there with your incomparable and enormous strength. There Śrī Rāma broke Śiva's bow and won the hand of Janaka's Daughter; why did you not conguer Him in battle then? The son of Indra (the lord of celestials) tasted of His strength when He caught hold of him and spared his life after destroying one of his eyes. You also witnessed Śūrpanakhā's condition, yet you did not feel much abashed in your heart." (1--7)

दो - बिध बिराध खर दूषनिह लीलाँ हत्यो कबंध। बालि एक सर मार्ख्यो तेहि जानहु दसकंध॥३६॥

Do.: badhi birādha khara dūsanahi līla hatyo kabamdha, mārvo tehi jānahu dasakaṁdha.36. eka sara

"My ten-headed lord, try to recognize Him, who, having slain Virādha as well as Khara and Dūsana, killed Kabandha in mere sport and disposed of Vāli with a single arrow."

चौ०- जेहिं बँधायउ हेला। उतरे प्रभु दल सहित सुबेला॥ जलनाथ तव हित हेत्॥१॥ कुल केतू। दूत पठायउ सभा माझ जेहिं तव बल मथा। करि बरूथ महँ मुगपति जथा॥ अंगद जाके। रन बाँकरे बीर अति बाँके॥२॥ हनमत अनचर तेहि कहँ पिय पुनि पुनि नर कहह। मुधा मान ममता मद राम बिरोधा। काल बिबस मन उपज न बोधा॥३॥ मारा। हरड धर्म बद्धि काल दंड गहि काह न बल साईं। तेहि तम्हारिहि निकट आवत भ्रम होड

helā, utare prabhu dala sahita subelā. Cau.: jehř jalanātha bådhāyau dinakara kula ketū, dūta paţhāyau tava hita hetū.1. kārunīka sabhā mājha jehi tava bala mathā, kari barūtha mahu mrgapati jathā. amgada hanumata anucara jāke, rana băkure tehi kahå piya puni puni nara kahahū, mudhā māna mamatā mada bahahū. ahaha kamta kṛta rāma birodhā, kāla bibasa mana upaja na bodhā.3. kāla damda gahi kāhu na mārā, harai dharma bala buddhi bicārā. sāĭ, tehi bhrama hoi tumhārihi nāī.4. kāla jehi āvata

"He who had the ocean bridged as a mere pastime and has encamped with His

of Sītā; and the latter offered to give him alms while keeping within the line. Rāvaṇa, however, refused to accept the alms from within a barrier and carried off Sītā as soon as She overstepped the boundary.

host on Mount Suvela, the same merciful Lord, the glory of the solar race, sent to you in your own interest an ambassador who, like a lion in the midst of a herd of elephants trampled on your might in open court. Nay, He has for His servants most formidable warriors like Angada and Hanuman, who are so dauntless in battle; and still, my beloved lord, you speak of Him again and again as a mortal! In vain do you carry on your head the burden of pride, attachment and arrogance. Ah, my lord, you have turned hostile to Śrī Rāma and, overtaken as you are by death, the light of wisdom does not dawn on your mind. Death does not smite anyone with uplifted rod; he simply robs the victim of his piety, strength, reason and judgment. He alone whom death has approached very near falls a prey to delusion like you." (1-4)

दो∘- दुइ सुत मरे दहेउ पुर अजहुँ पूर पिय देहु। कृपासिंधु रघुनाथ भजि नाथ बिमल जसु लेहु॥ ३७॥

Do.: dui suta mare daheu pura ajahu pūra piya dehu, krpāsimdhu raghunātha bhaji nātha bimala jasu lehu.37.

"Two of your sons have been slain and your capital has been burnt down; retrace your step even now, my beloved. Adore the All-merciful Lord of the Raghus, my husband, and win unsullied fame thereby." (37)

चौ॰— नारि बचन सनि बिसिख समाना। सभाँ गयउ उठि होत बिहाना॥ फुली। अति अभिमान त्रास सब भुली॥१॥ बैठ इहाँ बोलावा। आइ चरन पंकज सिरु नावा॥ अंगदहि राम अति समीप बैठारी। बोले बिहँसि कपाल आदर बालितनय कौतुक अति मोही। तात सत्य कह पूछउँ तोही॥ टीका। भुज बल अतुल जासु जग लीका॥३॥ जात्धान रावन कुल चलाए। कहह तात कवनी बिधि पाए॥ चारि तास् मुकुट सुखकारी। मुकुट न होहिं भूप गुन चारी॥४॥ सर्बग्य सुन् बिभेदा। नुप उर बसिंहं नाथ कह बेदा॥ दंड साम अरु दान नीति धर्म के सुहाए। अस जियँ जानि नाथ पहिं आए॥५॥ चरन

Cau.: nāri bacana suni bisikha samānā, sabha gayau uthi hota baitha siṁghāsana phūlī, ati abhimāna trāsa jāi saba bhūlī.1. ihằ rāma aṁgadahi bolāvā, āi carana paṁkaja siru nāvā. ati ādara samīpa baithārī. bole bihåsi krpāla kharārī.2. bālitanava kautuka ati mohī, tāta satya kahu pūchaů tohī. rāvanu jātudhāna kula tīkā, bhuja bala atula jāsu jaga līkā.3. tumha cāri calāe, kahahu tāta kavanī bidhi tāsu sunu sarbagya pranata sukhakārī, mukuṭa na hohi bhūpa guna cārī.4. sāma dāna aru damda bibhedā, nrpa ura basahi nātha kaha bedā. carana suhāe, asa jiyå jāni nātha

Hearing the words of his consort (Mandodarī), which were piercing like a shaft, he rose and left for his council-chamber as soon as the day broke. Forgetting all his fears he went and occupied his throne bloated with excess of pride. At this end Śrī Rāma summoned Angada, who came and bowed his head at the Lord's lotus feet. The gracious Rāma (the slaver of Khara) most politely seated him by His side and smilingly said, "O son of Vāli, I have great curiosity in my mind; therefore, I ask you a question. Tell me the truth, dear child. Rāvana is the head of the demon race; he is celebrated throughout the world for his incomparable might. It is rather strange that you tossed no less than four of his crowns to me; tell me, my son, by what device you were able to lay your hands on them?" "Listen, O omniscient lord, the delighter of the suppliant: they were no crowns but the four virtues (resources) of a king, viz., Sāma (conciliation), Dāna (gift), Danda (physical force or coercion) and Bheda (division), which abide in the heart of a kingso declare the Vedas, my lord. They are the beautiful pedestals of statesmanship: remembering this, they themselves came to my lord (who is a true repository of all statesmanlike virtues)."

दो - धर्महीन प्रभु पद बिमुख काल बिबस दससीस। तेहि परिहरि गुन आए सुनह कोसलाधीस॥ ३८ (क)॥ परम चतुरता श्रवन सुनि बिहँसे रामु उदार। समाचार पुनि सब कहे गढ़ के बालिकुमार॥ ३८ (ख)॥

Do.: dharmahīna prabhu pada bimukha kāla bibasa dasasīsa, tehi parihari guna āе sunahu kosalādhīsa.38(A). parama caturatā śravana suni bihase rāmu udāra, samācāra puni saba kahe qaRha ke bālikumāra.38(B).

"Listen, O Lord of Kosala: Ravana (the ten-headed monster) is lacking in piety, bears a settled aversion to my lord's feet and has fallen into the clutches of death. Hence the aforementioned virtues have forsaken him and sought refuge in You." The nobleminded Rāma smiled to hear his most ingenious reply. The son of Vāli then gave Him a report about the fort of Lanka. (38 A-B)

चौ०— रिप् पाए। राम सचिव सब निकट बोलाए॥ समाचार दआरा। केहि बिधि लागिअ करह बिचारा॥१॥ चारि लंका बिभीषन। सुमिरि हृदयँ दिनकर कुल भूषन॥ रिच्छेस तब कपीस मंत्र दढावा। चारि अनी कपि कटक बनावा॥२॥ बिचार तिन्ह कीन्हे। जुथप सकल बोलि तब लीन्हे॥ सेनापति जथाजोग किह सब समुझाए। सुनि किप सिंघनाद किर धाए॥३॥ प्रभ चरन सिर नावहिं। गहि गिरि सिखर बीर सब धावहिं॥ हरिषत कपीसा। जय रघबीर कोसलाधीसा॥४॥ गर्जहिं तर्जहिं भाल अति लंका। प्रभु प्रताप कपि चले असंका॥ चहँ दिसि घेरी। मुखहिं निसान बजावहिं घटाटोप Cau.: ripu samācāra pāe, rāma saciva saba nikaţa bolāe. jaba bắke cāri duārā, kehi bidhi lāgia karahu bicārā.1. lamkā

kapīsa ricchesa bibhīşana, sumiri hṛdaya dinakara kula bhūşana. taba kari bicāra tinha mamtra drRhāvā, cāri anī kapi kataku

jathājoga senāpati kīnhe, jūthapa sakala boli taba prabhu pratāpa kahi saba samujhāe, suni kapi simghanāda kari dhāe.3. harasita rāma carana sira nāvahi, gahi giri sikhara bīra saba dhāvahi. garjaht tariahi bhālu kapīsā, jaya raghubīra kosalādhīsā.4. ati lamkā, prabhu pratāpa kapi cale asamkā. jānata parama durga kari cahu disi gherī, mukhahi nisāna bajāvahi bherī,5.

When Śrī Rāma received the news about the enemy, He summoned all His counsellors by His side. "Lankā has four massive gates; take counsel as to how we should assail them." Thereupon the monkey lord (Sugrīva), Jāmbavān (the king of bears) and Vibhīsana (Rāvana's brother) invoked in their heart the Ornament of the solar race; and putting their heads together they resolved upon a definite plan. They divided the monkey host into four brigades and appointed efficient generals to each. They then summoned all the company commanders and bringing the Lord's might home to them issued instructions hearing which the monkeys rushed forward roaring like lions. They gladly bowed their head at Śrī Rāma's feet, and with mountain-peaks in their hands all the heroes sallied forth. Shouting, "Glory to the Hero of Raghu's line, the Lord of Kosala" the bears and monkey chiefs roared and assumed a threatening attitude. Even though they knew that Lanka was a most impregnable fortress, the monkeys marched forward undaunted depending on the might of their lord. Encompassing all the four quarters like a mass of clouds spreading over the horizon on all sides, they imitated the sound of drums and kettledrums with their mouth. (1--5)

दो∘– जयति राम जय लिछमन जय कपीस सुग्रीव। गर्जिहं सिंघनाद कपि भालु महा बल सींव॥३९॥

Do.: jayati rāma jaya lachimana jaya kapīsa sugrīva, garjahi simghanāda kapi bhālu mahā bala sīva.39.

"Glory to Rāma, glory to Laksmana and glory to Sugrīva (the lord of the monkeys), thus roared the monkeys and bears, unsurpassed in their great might, like so many lions." (39)

चौ०— **लंकाँ** भारी। सना दसानन अति अहँकारी॥ भयउ कोलाहल ढिठाई। बिहँसि निसाचर देखह बनरन्ह केरि सेन बोलाई॥१॥ के प्रेरे। छुधावंत कीस निसिचर आए काल सब किह अट्टहास सठ कीन्हा। गृह बैठें अहार बिधि दीन्हा॥२॥ सकल चारिहुँ दिसि जाहू। धरि धरि भालु कीस सब खाहू॥ स्भट अभिमाना। जिमि टिट्टिभ खग सत उताना॥३॥ उमा रावनहि चले मागी। गहि कर भिंडिपाल बर साँगी॥ निसाचर आयस तोमर प्रचंडा। सुल परिघ गिरिखंडा॥४॥ परस कुपान निहारी। धावहिं जिमि निकर सठ खग मांस अहारी॥ चोंच भंग दुख तिन्हिह न सुझा। तिमि धाए मन्जाद अबुझा ॥ ५ ॥ Cau.: lamka bhārī. sunā bhavau kolāhala dasānana ati ahåkārī. keri dhithaī, bihasi dekhahu banaranha nisācara bolāī.1. sena āе kīsa kāla ke prere, chudhāvamta saba nisicara mere.

kīnhā, grha baithe ahāra bidhi

kahi attahāsa satha

subhata sakala cārihǔ disi jāhū, dhari dhari bhālu kīsa saba khāhū. abhimānā, jimi tittibha khaga sūta utānā.3. umā rāvanahi asa māgī, gahi kara bhimdipāla bara sagī. cale nisācara āvasu tomara mudgara parasu pracamdā, sūla krpāna parigha girikhamdā.4. iimi arunopala nikara nihārī, dhāvahi satha khaga māmsa ahārī. comca bhamga dukha tinhahi nasūjhā, timi dhāe manujāda abūihā.5.

Lańkā became a scene of great uproar. When the highly conceited Rāvana heard it, he with a smile said, "Look at the insolence of these monkeys!" and summoned the demon host. "The monkeys have crossed over here driven by fate, and my demons are all hungry. God has provided them with a meal even at their home." So saying the idiot burst into a horselaugh. "Sally forth in every direction, champions all; and wherever you find the bears and monkeys seize and devour them all." Umā, Rāvana's conceit was as great as that of the sandpiper, which goes to sleep with its legs in the air (and thinks that it will support the heavens in case they fall). Taking his orders, the demons sallied forth, armed with excellent slings, javelins, iron clubs and maces, fierce axes, pikes, swords, bludgeons and masses of rock in their hands. As foolish carnivorous birds swoop down upon a heap of rubies the moment they see it, and have no idea of the pain they would have on breaking their beaks against it, so did the man-eating monsters rush forth in their folly.

दो - नानायुध सर चाप धर जातुधान बल बीर। कोट कँगुरन्हि चढ़ि गए कोटि कोटि रनधीर॥४०॥

Do.: nānāyudha sara cāpa dhara jātudhāna bala bīra, kota kågūranhi caRhi gae koti koti ranadhīra.40.

Armed with bows and arrows as well as with other weapons of various kinds, a vast cloud of mighty and valiant demons, staunch in battle, climbed up the battlements of the fort.

सोहिं कैसे। मेरु के सुंगनि जनु घन बैसे॥ चौ∘— कोट कँगरन्हि जझाऊ। सनि धनि होड भटन्हि मन चाऊ॥१॥ बाजहिं ढोल निसान अपारा। सुनि कादर उर जाहिं दरारा॥ बाजहिं नफीरि कपिन्ह के ठट्टा। अति बिसाल तनु भालु सुभट्टा॥२॥ देखिन्ह जाड अवघट घाटा। पर्बत फोरि करहिं गहि बाटा॥ गनहिं गर्जिहिं। दसन ओठ काटिह अति तर्जिहिं॥३॥ भट दोहाई। जयति जयति जय परी लराई॥ राम उत इत ढहावहिं। कृदि धरहिं कपि फेरि चलावहिं॥ ४॥ निसिचर सिखर समृह

Cau.: kota kågūranhi kaise, meru ke sṛmgani janu ghana baise. sohahi bājahi dhola nisāna jujhāū, suni dhuni hoi bhatanhi mana cāū.1. bāiahi bheri naphīri apārā. suni kādara thattā, ati bisāla tanu bhālu subhattā.2. dekhinha jāi kapinha ke dhāvahi ganahi na avaghata ghātā, parbata phori karahi gahi bātā. katakatāhi kotinha bhata garjahi, dasana otha kātahi ati tarjahi.3.

larāī. uta rāvana ita rāma dohāī, jayati jayati jaya parī nisicara sikhara samūha dhahāvahi, kūdi dharahi kapi pheri calāvahi.4.

On the gold battlements they looked like dark clouds hanging on the heights of Mount Meru. Martial drums and tabors sounded: the soul of the warriors was stirred by their crash. Numberless kettledrums and clarionets were also playing; their music cracked the heart of cowards. Advancing further, the demons saw the hosts of monkey and bear champions, exceptionally huge in size, who in their onrush would make no account of rugged valleys and catching hold of mountains would cleave them asunder and make passage through them. Gnashing their teeth and biting their lips, myriads of warriors on both sides roared and bullied, calling here on Rāma and there on Rāvana. With shouts of victory on both sides the fight actually commenced. The demons cast down volleys of mountain-peaks, which the monkeys would seize with a bound and hurl them back.

छं∘— धरि कुधर खंड प्रचंड मर्कट भालु गढ़ पर डारहीं। झपटहिं चरन गहि पटिक महि भिज चलत बहुरि पचारहीं।। अति तरल तरुन प्रताप तरपहिं तमिक गढ़ चढ़ि चढ़ि गए। कपि भालु चढ़ि मंदिरन्ह जहँ तहँ राम जस् गावत भए।।

Cham.: dhari kudhara khamda pracamda markata bhalu gaRha para darahi, jhapatahi carana gahi pataki mahi bhaji calata bahuri pacārahi. ati tarala taruna pratāpa tarapahi tamaki gaRha caRhi gae, kapi bhālu caRhi mamdiranha jaha taha rāma jasu gāvata bhae.

The fierce monkeys and bears would lay hold of masses of rock and hurl them against the fort. Darting against their adversary they would seize him by the leg and dash him to the ground; and in the event of his taking to flight they would challenge him to a duel again. The most agile and redoubtable monkeys and bears lightly sprang and climbed up the fort and penetrating the palaces sang Srī Rāma's praises wherever they pleased.

दो - एकु एकु निसिचर गहि पुनि कपि चले पराइ। ऊपर आपु हेठ भट गिरहिं धरनि पर आइ॥४१॥

nisicara Do.: eku eku gahi kapi puni **ū**para āpu hetha bhata girahř dharani para āi.41.

Catching hold of a demon each the monkeys rushed back and jumped down to the ground with the demons beneath themselves on the top. (41)

चौ०— राम कपिज्था। मर्दहिं निसिचर प्रबल सुभट बरूथा॥ तहँ बानर। जय रघुबीर प्रताप दिवाकर॥१॥ निकर पराई। प्रबल पवन जिमि घन समदाई॥ चले निसाचर भारी । रोवहिं आतुर भयउ पुर बालक नारी॥२॥ हाहाकार देहिं रावनहिं गारी। राज करत एहिं मत्य हॅकारी॥ निज दल बिचल सनी तेहिं काना। फेरि सुभट लंकेस

बिमख सना मैं काना। सो मैं हतब भोग करि नाना। समर भूमि भए बल्लभ डेराने। चले क्रोध करि सभट लजाने॥ सनि सकल सोभा। तब तिन्ह तजा प्रान कर लोभा॥५॥ सन्मख

Cau.: rāma pratāpa prabala kapijūthā, mardahi nisicara subhata barūthā. caRhe durga puni jahå tahå bānara, jaya raghubīra pratāpa divākara.1. parāī, prabala pavana jimi ghana samudāī. cale nisācara bhārī, rovahř bālaka hāhākāra bhayau pura ātura nārī.2. håkārī. saha dehi rāvanahi gārī, rāja karata mrtvu ehi nija dala bicala sunī teht kānā, pheri subhata laṁkesa risānā.3. jo rana bimukha sunā mai kānā, so mai hataba karāla krpānā. sarbasu khāi bhoga kari nānā, samara bhūmi bhae ballabha prānā.4. ugra bacana suni sakala derāne, cale krodha kari subhata lajāne. sanmukha marana bīra kai sobhā, taba tinha tajā prāna kara lobhā.5.

Strengthened by Śrī Rāma's might, the monkey host crushed the ranks of the demon warriors. They then climbed up the fort here and there and shouted glory to the Hero of Raghu's line, who was majestic as the sun. The demon host fled before them like a mass of clouds driven by a strong blast. The city now burst into wails and howls; children, invalids and women in particular wept aloud. All joined in calling Rāvana names; he, they said, had invited death while enjoying sovereignty. When he heard that his troops had beaten a retreat, the king of Lanka rallied his champions and then exclaimed in fury: "If I hear of anyone turning his back on the battlefield, I will behead him with my own terrible sword. You consumed my all and enjoyed all sorts of luxuries till now and lo! life has become so dear to you on the field of battle." The champions were all alarmed and put to shame to hear this stern rebuke, and marched against the enemy in great fury. To die in open combat is the glory of a warrior, they thought; and they loved their life no more.

दो - बहु आयुध धर सुभट सब भिरहिं पचारि पचारि। ब्याकुल किए भालु कपि परिघ त्रिसुलन्हि मारि॥४२॥

Do.: bahu āyudha dhara subhata saba bhirahi pacāri pacāri, byākula kie bhālu kapi parigha trisūlanhi māri.42.

Armed with weapons of various kinds, all the champions grappled with their antagonists, challenging them again and again. Striking the bears and monkeys with iron bludgeons and tridents, they deprived them of their nerve.

चौ०— भय कपि भागन लागे। जद्यपि जीतिहर्हि आगे॥ आत्र उमा हन्मंता। कहँ नल नील द्बिद बलवंता॥१॥ अंगद दल बिकल सुना हनुमाना। पच्छिम रहा बलवाना॥ लराई। टूट न कठिनाई॥२॥ तहँ करड द्वार परम भा अति क्रोधा। गर्जेंड प्रबल काल सम जोधा।। मन पवनतनय ऊपर आवा। गहि गिरि मेघनाद कहँ धावा॥३॥ गढ

भंजेउ सारथी निपाता। ताहि हृदय महँ मारेसि रध दुसरें तेहि जाना। स्यंदन घालि तुरत गृह बिकल सृत आना॥४॥

Cau.: bhaya ātura kapi bhāgana lāge, jadyapi iītihahi umā āge. kou kaha kaha amgada hanumamta, kaha nala nīla dubida balavamtā.1. nija dala bikala sunā hanumānā, pacchima dvāra rahā tahå larāī, tūta na dvāra parama kathināī.2. meghanāda karai pavanatanaya mana bhā ati krodhā, garjeu prabala kāla sama jodhā. qaRha ūpara āvā, gahi giri meghanāda kahu dhāvā.3. sārathī nipātā, tāhi hrdaya mahů bhamieu ratha māresi lātā. jānā, syamdana ghāli turata grha ānā.4. dusarė sūta bikala tehi

Struck with terror (continues Lord Śiva) the monkeys turned tail, although Umā, they would come out victorious in the end. One exclaimed, "Where are Angada and Hanumān? Where are the mighty Nala, Nīla and Dvivida?" At the time Hanumān heard that his troops were breaking, that mighty warrior held his position at the western gate of Lanka, where Meghanada led the defence. The gate, however, would not give way and Hanuman was faced with a mighty impediment. The son of the wind-god grew terribly furious at heart and the warrior, who was formidable as death, gave a loud roar. He sprang and reached the fort of Lanka; and seizing a rock he rushed at Meghanada. shattered his chariot, overthrew the charioteer and kicked Meghanāda himself at his chest. Another charioteer, who perceived the distress of the prince, picked him up in his own chariot and speedily brought him home.

दो - अंगद सुना पवनसुत गढ़ पर गयउ अकेल। रन बाँकुरा बालिसूत तरिक चढ़ेउ कपि खेल॥४३॥

Do.: amgada sunā pavanasuta gaRha para gayau akela, băkurā bālisuta taraki caRheu kapi khela.43.

When Angada heard that the son of the wind-god had gone to the fort singlehanded, the son of Vali, who was so valiant in battle, reached the fort in a single bound as a monkey would do out of sheer fun. (43)

चौ०— जुद्ध बंदर। राम प्रताप समिरि उर बिरुद्ध द्रौ धाई । करहिं चढे द्रौ कोसलाधीस दोहाई॥१॥ कलस सहित गहि भवन् ढहावा। देखि निसाचरपति भय छाती। अब दुइ कपि आए उतपाती॥२॥ कर पीटहिं कपिलीला करि तिन्हहि डेरावहिं। रामचंद्र कर सुजसू सनावहिं॥ गिंह कंचन के खंभा। कहेन्हि करिअ उतपात अरंभा॥३॥ कटक मझारी। लागे मर्दै भज काहहि चपेटन्हि केह। भजह न रामहि सो फल लेह॥४॥ लात

Cau.: juddha biruddha kruddha dvau bamdara, rāma pratāpa sumiri ura amtara. rāvana bhavana caRhe dvau dhāī, karahi dohāī.1. kosalādhīsa kalasa sahita gahi bhavanu dhahāvā, dekhi nisācarapati bhaya pāvā. nāri brmda kara pītahi chātī, aba dui kapi āе utapātī.2. kapilīlā derāvahi, rāmacamdra kara sujasu sunāvahi. kari tinhahi puni kara gahi kamcana ke khambhā, kahenhi karia utapāta arambhā.3. maihārī. lāge mardai bhuia bala garii pare ripu kataka kāhuhi lāta capetanhi kehū, bhajahu na rāmahi so phala lehū.4.

The two monkeys let loose their fury against the enemy on the battlefield. Invoking in their heart the might of Śrī Rāma, both ran up to Rāvana's own palace and proclaimed the victory of Kosala's lord. Holding the edifice in their hands they overthrew it with every pinnacle. The demon king was dismayed when he saw this. The women beat their breast with their hands crying: "This time the two pestilent monkeys have come!" Angada and Hanuman frightened them with their monkey-like pranks and proclaimed to them the glories of Śrī Rāmacandra. Then, grasping each a gold pillar in their hands, the two champions exclaimed, "Let us now begin upon our ravaging job!" Presently they roared and fell on the enemy's ranks and began to crush them with their mighty strength of arms, striking some with their foot and slapping another on the face and crying: "Take the consequences of not adoring Śrī Rāma!" (1-4)

दो - एक एक सों मर्दिहं तोरि चलावहिं मुंड। रावन आगें परहिं ते जनु फूटहिं दिध कुंड॥४४॥

Do.: eka eka SŎ mardahi tori calāvahi mumda. rāvana āgĕ parahi te janu phūtahi dadhi kumda.44.

The two heroes crushed their adversaries one against another and pulling off the victim's heads, hurled them with such precision that they dropped in front of Rāvaṇa and burst like so many earthen vases full of curds. (44)

मुखिआ जे पावहिं। ते पद गहि प्रभु पास चलावहिं॥ महा बिभीषन् तिन्ह के नामा। देहिं राम तिन्हह निज धामा॥१॥ द्विजामिष भोगी। पावहिं गति जो जाचत जोगी॥ मनजाद खल मुदचित करुनाकर। बयर भाव समिरत मोहि निसिचर॥२॥ उमा परम गति सो जियँ जानी। अस कपाल को कहह भवानी॥ देहिं अस प्रभु सुनि न भजिहं भ्रम त्यागी। नर मितमंद ते परम अभागी॥३॥ प्रबेसा। कीन्ह दुर्ग अस कह अवधेसा॥ अंगद अरु लंकाँ सोहिं कैसें। मथिं सिंध दइ मंदर जैसें॥४॥ कपि

Cau.: mahā mahā mukhiā je pāvahi, te pada gahi prabhu pāsa calāvahi. bibhīsanu tinha ke nāmā, dehi rāma tinhahū nija dhāmā.1. kahai manujāda dvijāmişa bhogī, pāvahť khala gati jo jācata umā rāma mṛducita karunākara, bayara bhāva sumirata mohi nisicara.2. parama gati so jiyå jānī, asa kṛpāla ko kahahu bhavānī. dehi asa prabhu suni na bhajahi bhrama tyāgī, nara matimamda te parama abhāgī.3. amgada aru hanumamta prabesā, kīnha durga asa kaha avadhesā. dvau kapi sohahi kaise, mathahi simdhu dui mamdara jaise.4. laṁkắ

Whenever the two monkey chiefs caught hold of any great general of the demon host, they would seize him by the leg and send him flying to their lord (Śrī Rāma). Vibhīsana would mention their name and Śrī Rāma assigned even them a quarter in His own abode. Man-eating monsters who feasted on the flesh of holy Brāhmanas thus attained a destiny which is solicited even by Yogīs (ascetics given to contemplation on God). Umā, (continues Lord Śiva,) Śrī Rāma is so tender-hearted and such a storehouse of compassion that He bestows the highest state (final beatitude) even on the demons, remembering that they think of Him even though in a spirit of hostility! Tell me, Bhayānī, who else is so benignant? Most dull-witted and utterly wretched are the men who, even on hearing of such a lord, worship Him not, disabusing themselves of all delusion. "Angada and Hanumān have evidently forced their way into the fort of Lanka," thus observed Ayodhya's lord. Rampaging in Lanka, the two monkeys looked like a pair of Mandaras churning the ocean.

दो - भुज बल रिपु दल दलमिल देखि दिवस कर अंत। कुदे जुगल बिगत श्रम आए जहँ भगवंत॥४५॥

Do.: bhuja bala ripu dala dalamali dekhi divasa kara amta, kūde jugala bigata śrama āe jahå bhaqavamta.45.

Having crushed and battered the enemy's ranks by the might of their arm and perceiving that it was now the close of day, the two champions jumped down without any exertion and came where the Lord was. (45)

चौ॰— प्रभु पद कमल सीस तिन्ह नाए। देखि सुभट रघुपति मन भाए॥ निहारे। भए बिगतश्रम राम जगल सखारे॥ १॥ परम हनुमाना। फिरे भाल मर्कट गए अंगद भट पाई । धाए करि दोहाई॥२॥ प्रदोष बल दससीस जातधान देखि कपि फिरे। जहँ तहँ कटकटाइ भट भिरे॥ पचारि पचारी। लरत सुभट नहिं मानहिं हारी॥३॥ द्रौ प्रबल महाबीर निसिचर कारे। नाना बरन बलीमख सब समबल जोधा। कौतुक करत लरत करि क्रोधा॥४॥ सबल जगल दल घनेरे । लरत प्राबिट पयोद मनहँ मारुत सरद अनिप अतिकाया। बिचलत सेन कीन्हि अकंपन अरु निमिष महँ अति अधिआरा। बष्टि होड

Cau.: prabhu pada kamala sīsa tinha nāe, dekhi subhaṭa raghupati mana bhāe. jugala nihāre, bhae bigataśrama parama sukhāre.1. rāma krpā kari hanumānā, phire bhālu markata bhata nānā. gae jāni amgada pradoșa pāī, dhāe kari dasasīsa dohāī.2. jātudhāna bala nisicara anī dekhi kapi phire, jahå tahå katakatāi bhata bhire. dvau dala prabala pacāri pacārī, larata subhata nahi mānahi hārī.3. mahābīra nisicara saba kāre, nānā barana balīmukha bhāre. sabala jugala dala samabala jodhā, kautuka karata larata kari krodhā.4. sarada payoda ghanere, larata manahů māruta ke atikāyā, bicalata anipa akampana aru sena kīnhi inha māyā.5. bhayau nimisa maha ati adhiara, brsti hoi rudhiropala chārā.6.

They bowed their head at the lotus-feet of their Master, and the Lord of the Raghus was glad at heart to see the valiant warriors. Śrī Rāma graciously regarded them both and presently their fatique was gone and they felt supremely happy. On learning that Angada and Hanuman had left, the numerous monkey and bear warriors retired from the field; while the demons, recovering their strength at nightfall, sallied forth, calling on their ten-headed lord. At the sight of the demon host the monkeys turned again; and gnashing their teeth in fury the champions closed with their opponents here and there. The two armies stood formidable; their champion's challenging one another every time, came to a grim fight without giving in. The demons were all great warriors and dark in complexion; while the monkeys were stupendous in size and of numerous colours. The two armies were equally strong and the warriors too equally matched; displaying their martial feats they fought with fury and looked like masses of rainy and autumnal clouds driven against one another by a strong wind. The generals Akampana and Atikāya (sons of Rāvana), when they perceived their troops losing ground, employed Māyā (illusive devices); in an instant it grew pitch dark and there was a downpour of blood, stone and ashes. (1—6)

दो - देखि निबिड़ तम दसहँ दिसि कपिदल भयउ खभार। एकहि एक न देखई जहँ तहँ करहिं पुकार॥ ४६॥

Do.: dekhi nibiRa tama dasahu disi kapidala bhayau khabhara, dekhaī jahå tahå karahi na pukāra.46.

Seeing the dense darkness all round, the monkey host was thrown into disorder. They could not see one another and there was an outcry everywhere. (46)

चौ०— सकल जाना । लिए बोलि अंगद मरम हनुमाना॥ समुझाए। सुनत कोपि कपिकंजर धाए॥१॥ हँसि चाप चढावा। पावक सायक सपदि तम नाहीं। ग्यान उदयँ जिमि संसय जाहीं॥२॥ भयउ कतहँ पाड प्रकासा। धाए हरष बिगत भाल गाजे। हाँक सनत रजनीचर भाजे॥ ३॥ हनुमान रन धरि धरनी। करहिं भाल कपि अद्धत करनी॥ भागत माहीं। मकर उरग झष धरि धरि खाहीं॥४॥ गहि डारहिं सागर

Cau.: sakala maramu raghunāyaka jānā, lie aṁgada hanumānā. samācāra kahi samujhāe, sunata kopi kapikumjara dhāe.1. puni krpāla håsi cāpa caRhāvā, pāvaka sāyaka sapadi bhayau prakāsa katahů tama nāhī, gyāna udayǎ jimi samsaya jāhī.2. bhālu balīmukha pāi prakāsā, dhāe haraşa bigata śrama trāsā. hanūmāna aṁgada rana gāje, hāka sunata raianīcara bhāie.3. bhāgata bhata patakahi dhari dharanī, karahi bhālu kapi adbhuta karanī. gahi pada dārahi sāgara māhī, makara uraga jhaşa dhari dhari khāhī.4.

The Lord of the Raghus understood the secret of it all and summoned Angada and Hanuman. He apprised them of all that was going on and issued necessary instructions to them. The two monkey chiefs rushed forth in a fury as soon as they heard the instructions. The All-merciful then drew His bow with a smile and forthwith let fly a flery

dart. Lo! there was light all round and no trace of darkness left anywhere, even as doubts disappear with the dawn of spiritual enlightenment. The bear and monkeys were relieved of their fatigue and rid of all fear when they saw light again, and pressed on exultingly. Hanuman and Angada thundered on the field of battle and the demons fled at their menacing roar. But the bears and monkeys seized the demon warriors in their flight and dashed them to the ground, performing marvellous feats of strength even as they did so, or catching them by the leg, hurled them into the ocean, where alligators, serpents and fish snapped them up and devoured them.

दो॰ कछु मारे कछु घायल कछु गढ़ चढ़े पराइ। गर्जिहं भाल् बलीमुख रिप् दल बल बिचलाइ॥४७॥

Do.: kachu māre kachu ghāyala kachu gaRha caRhe parāi, garjahi bhālu balīmukha ripu dala bala

Some were killed, some more were wounded, while others scampered away and clambered the fort. Having thus scattered the hostile forces, the bears and monkeys gave a loud roar.

चौ॰- निसा जानि कपि चारिउ अनी। आए जहाँ कोसला धनी॥ कपा करि चितवा सबही। भए बिगतश्रम बानर तबही॥१॥ हँकारे। सब सन कहेसि सभट जे मारे॥ सचिव उहाँ संघारा। कहह बेगि का करिअ बिचारा॥२॥ कपिन्ह आधा कटक निसाचर। रावन मातु पिता मंत्री माल्यवंत अति जरठ पावन । सुनहु तात कछु मोर सिखावन ॥ ३॥ बोला नीति अति तुम्ह सीता हरि आनी। असगुन होहिं न जाहिं बखानी॥ गायो। राम बिमुख काहँ न सुख पायो॥४॥ बेद परान जास् जस् jahā Cau.: nisā jāni kapi cāriu anī, āe kosalā kari citavā sabahī, bhae bigataśrama bānara tabahī.1. rāma krpā uhắ dasānana saciva håkāre, saba sana kahesi subhaṭa je māre. kataku kapinha samghārā, kahahu begi kā karia bicārā.2. ati jaratha nisācara, rāvana mālyavamta mātu pitā maṁtrī bara. pāvana, sunahu tāta kachu mora sikhāvana.3. bolā bacana iaba tumha ānī, asaguna hohi na jāhi bakhānī. hari

beda

purāna

iāsu

iasu

Perceiving that it was now night, all the four divisions of the monkey host returned to the camp of Kosala's lord. The monkeys were all relieved of their fatigue the moment Śrī Rāma cast His benign look on them. There (in Lankā) the ten-headed monster sent for all his ministers and told them about the warriors that had been killed in action. "The monkeys have disposed of half our forces; tell me at once what counsel should be adopted." "There upon Mālyavān, a very aged demon, who was Rāvana's maternal grandfather and an eminent counsellor, spoke words of highly devout wisdom: "Listen, my son, to a few words of advice from me. Ever since you carried off Sītā and brought Her here, there have been illomens more than one can tell. By opposing Śrī Rāma, whose glory has been the theme of the Vedas and Purānas, none has ever enjoyed happiness."

gāyo, rāma bimukha kāhu na sukha pāyo.4.

दो - हिरन्याच्छ भ्राता सहित मधु कैटभ बलवान।

जेहिं मारे सोइ अवतरेउ कृपासिंधु भगवान॥ ४८ (क)॥ Do.: hiranyāccha bhrātā sahita madhu kaitabha balavāna, jehř māre soi avatareu krpāsimdhu bhagavāna.48(A).

"The same gracious Lord who despatched Hiranyāksa with his brother Hiranyākaśipu, as well as the mighty Madhu and Kaitabha, has descended on earth (in the person of Śrī Rāma)." (48 A)

[PAUSE 25 FOR A THIRTY-DAY RECITATION]

कालरूप खल बन दहन गुनागार घनबोध। सिव बिरंचि जेहि सेवहिं तासों कवन बिरोध।। ४८ (ख)।।

kālarūpa khala bana dahana gunāgāra ghanabodha, biramci jehi sevahi tāso kavana birodha.48(B).

"Hostility is quite out of the question with Him who is the personification of the Time-Spirit (the principle of destruction), a fire to consume the forest in the shape of the wicked, a repository of virtues and an embodiment of wisdom, and who is adored even by Śiva, and Brahmā." (48 B)

बैदेही। भजह कुपानिधि परम सनेही॥ चौ०- परिहरि सम लागे। करिआ मह करि जाहि अभागे॥१॥ ताके भएसि न त मरतेउँ तोही। अब जिन नयन देखाविस मोही॥ मन अस अनुमाना। बध्यो चहत एहि कृपानिधाना॥२॥ कहत दुर्बादा। तब सकोप बोलेउ घननादा॥ स्रो उठि गयउ देखिअह मोरा। करिहउँ बहुत कहीँ का थोरा॥३॥ सुत बचन भरोसा आवा। प्रीति समेत सुनि अंक भिनुसारा। लागे कपि पुनि चहुँ दुआरा॥४॥ भयउ करत कोपि दुर्घट गढ़ घेरा। नगर कोलाहल भयउ निसिचर धाए। गढ ते पर्बत बिबिधायध सिखर धर ढहाए॥५॥

baidehī, bhajahu kṛpānidhi parama sanehī. Cau.: parihari bayaru dehu lāge, kariā muha kari jāhi abhāge.1. sama būRha bhaesi na ta marateů tohī, aba jani nayana dekhāvasi mohì. tehi apane mana asa anumānā, badhyo cahata ehi kṛpānidhānā.2. so uthi gayau kahata durbādā, taba sakopa boleu ghananādā. morā, karihaŭ bahuta kahaŭ kautuka prāta dekhiahu kā thorā.3. suni suta bacana bharosā āvā, prīti aṁka baithāvā. sameta bicāra bhayau bhinusārā, lāge kapi puni cahū duārā.4. kopi kapinha durghata gaRhu gherā, nagara kolāhalu bhayau ghanerā. bibidhāyudha dhara nisicara dhāe, gaRha te parbata sikhara dhahāe.5.

"Giving up all quarrel with Śrī Rāma, restore Videha's Daughter to Him and

worship the All-merciful, who has a most loving disposition." His words stung Rāvana like shafts. "Away, wretch, with your accursed face. If it were not for your age, I would have finished you; now please do not appear before my eyes again." Mālyavān, however, thought within himself that the All-merciful would soon kill him; he, therefore, rose and departed abusing Ravana as he went. Meghanada thereupon exclaimed in a fury: "See what wonders I work the very next morning. I am going to accomplish much; why should I, therefore, belittle its worth by speaking of it just now?" Confidence returned to Rāvana when he heard his son's words; and he fondly took him into his lap. The day broke even while they deliberated, and the monkeys again assailed the four gates. In their fury they laid siege to the most powerful citadel. This gave rise to an uproarious alarm in the city. The demons darted forward with their weapons of every description and hurled down mountain-peaks from the ramparts."

छं - ढाहे महीधर सिखर कोटिन्ह बिबिध बिधि गोला चले। घहरात जिमि पिबपात गर्जत जनु प्रलय के बादले॥ मर्कट बिकट भट जुटत कटत न लटत तन जर्जर भए। गहि सैल तेहि गढ पर चलाविहं जहँ सो तहँ निसिचर हए।।

Cham.: dhāhe mahīdhara sikhara kotinha bibidha bidhi golā cale, ghaharāta jimi pabipāta garjata janu pralaya ke bādale. markata bikata bhata jutata katata na latata tana jarjara bhae, gahi saila tehi gaRha para calāvahi jaha so taha nisicara hae.

The demons hurled mountain-peaks in myriads and fired bomb-shells of every description, which came roaring like a crash of thunder; while the contending warriors roared like the clouds on the day of universal destruction. Fierce monkey warriors combated with their adversaries and had their bodies severely wounded and badly battered; yet they languished not. Seizing rocks, they hurled them against the fort; and the demons fell to them wherever they stood.

दो॰— मेघनाद सुनि श्रवन अस गढ़ु पुनि छेंका आइ। उतस्यो बीर दुर्ग तें सन्मुख चल्यो बजाइ॥४९॥

Do.: meghanāda suni śravana asa gaRhu puni chemkā āi, durga tě sanmukha calvo utaryo baiāi.49.

When Meghanāda heard that the monkeys had come and besieged the fort again, the hero tore down the fort and sallied forth with beat of drum to meet the enemy face to face. (49)

चौ०— कहँ कोसलाधीस द्वौ भ्राता। धन्वी सकल लोक बिख्याता॥ नल नील दुबिद सुग्रीवा। अंगद हनुमंत बल सींवा॥१॥ भ्राताद्रोही। आज सबहि हठि मारउँ ओही॥ कठिन बान संधाने। अतिसय क्रोध श्रवन लगि ताने॥२॥ अस कहि लागा। जनु सपच्छ धावहिं बहु नागा॥ छाडे तहँ परत देखिअहिं बानर। सन्मुख होइ न सके तेहि अवसर॥३॥

तहँ भागि चले कपि रीछा। बिसरी सबहि जद्ध के ईछा॥ कपि भाल न रन महँ देखा। कीन्हेसि जेहि न प्रान अवसेषा॥४॥

kosalādhīsa dvau bhrātā, dhanvī bikhvātā. Cau.: kahå sakala loka nala nīla dubida sugrīvā, amgada sī̇̃vā.1. kahå hanūmamta bala kahắ bibhīsanu bhrātādrohī. āiu sabahi hathi māraŭ asa kahi kathina bāna samdhāne, atisaya krodha śravana lagi tāne.2. samūha so chāRai lāgā, janu sapaccha dhāvahi bahu nāgā. jahå tahå parata dekhiahi bānara, sanmukha hoi na sake tehi avasara.3. jahå tahå bhāgi cale kapi rīchā, bisarī sabahi juddha kai īchā. so kapi bhālu na rana mahå dekhā, kīnhesi jehi na prāna avasesā.4.

"Where are the two brother princes of Kosala, those archers celebrated throughout the spheres? Where are Nala, Nīla, Dvivida and Sugrīva as well as Angada and Hanuman, the most powerful of all? Where is Vibhīsana the traitor to his own brother? I will kill them all today and him (Vibhīsana) too at all events." So saying, he fitted sharp arrows to his bow and in excess of fury drew the string up to his ear. Presently he started discharging a volley of arrows that flew like so many winged serpents. Everywhere monkeys were seen falling to the ground, at that time there was none who would dare to face him. Bears and monkeys fled in every direction; none had any desire left to continue the fight. Not a single monkey or bear was to be seen on the field, whom he had left with anything but life. (1-4)

दो - दस दस सर सब मारेसि परे भूमि कपि बीर। करि गर्जा सिंहनाद मेघनाद

Do.: dasa dasa sara saba māresi pare bhūmi kapi bīra, simhanāda kari garjā meghanāda bala dhīra.50.

He struck his opponents with ten arrows each, and the monkey warriors dropped to the ground. Meghanāda, who was as powerful as he was staunch in fight, now roared like a lion. (50)

चौ०— देखि बिहाला। क्रोधवंत पवनसृत कटक जन धायउ उपारा। अति रिस मेघनाद एक तुरत पर सोई। रथ सारथी तुरग सब आवत देखि गयउ हनुमाना। निकट न आव मरम् सो जाना॥२॥ बार बार पचार घननादा । नाना भाँति करेसि दर्बादा॥ गयउ डारे। कौतकहीं निवारे॥ ३॥ अस्त्र आयुध सब प्रभ् काटि खिसिआना। करै लाग माया देखि मृढ बिधि जिमि करै गरुड सैं खेला। डरपावै गहि स्वल्प

bihālā, krodhavamta janu dhāyau Cau.: dekhi pavanasuta kataka mahāsaila upārā, ati risa meghanāda para turata dārā.1. āvata dekhi qayau nabha soī, ratha sārathī turaga saba khoī. bāra hanumānā, nikaţa na āva maramu so jānā.2. bāra pacāra

raghupati nikața gayau ghananādā, nānā bhåti karesi durbādā. sastra āyudha saba dāre, kautukahi prabhu kāti nivāre.3. pratāpa mūRha khisiānā. Karai Ιāαa māvā bidhi nānā. jimi kou karai garuRa sat khelā, darapāvai svalpa gahi sapelā.4.

When the son of the wind-god saw his army in distress, he flew into a rage and rushed forth as if he were death personified. He forthwith tore up a huge rock and hurled it at Meghanada with great fury. When he saw the rock coming towards him, he mounted up into the air, leaving his car, charioteer and horses to perish. Again and again did Hanuman challenge him to a duel, but the demon dared not come nearer; for he knew the monkey's real strength. Meghanāda now approached Śrī Rāma and hurled every kind of abuse at him. He tried weapons and missiles of every description against Him; but the Lord with the utmost ease cut them asunder before they could reach Him. The fool was put out of countenance when he saw the Lord's might, and began to practise all sorts of illusive devices, as if catching hold of a poor little snakeling one were to frighten Garuda and sport with him. (1-4)

दो - जासु प्रबल माया बस सिव बिरंचि बड छोट। ताहि दिखावइ निसिचर निज माया मित खोट॥५१॥

Do.: jāsu prabala māyā basa siva biramci baRa chota, tāhi dikhāvai nisicara nija māvā mati khota.51.

The evil-minded demon displayed his demoniac powers before Him whose powerful Māyā (deluding potency) holds sway over all, both great and small, Śiva and Virañci (the Creator) not excepted. (51)

बिपुल अंगारा। महि ते प्रगट होहिं जलधारा॥ चौ∘— **नभ चढि** पिसाची। मारु काटु धुनि बोलिहं नाची॥१॥ भाँति पिसाच नाना हाडा। बरषइ कबहँ उपल बह छाडा॥ रुधिर बिष्टा पुय कच अँधिआरा। सूझ न आपन हाथ पसारा॥२॥ धुरि कीन्हेसि कपि देखें। सब कर मरन बना एहि लेखें॥ माया अकलाने मुसुकाने। भए सभीत सकल कपि जाने॥३॥ कौतुक राम माया । जिमि दिनकर हर तिमिर निकाया॥ एक सब कपि बिलोके। भए प्रबल रन रहिं न रोके॥४॥ कुपादृष्टि भाल

Cau.: nabha caRhi barasa bipula amgārā, mahi te pragata hohi jaladhārā. bhẳti nānā pisāca pisācī, māru kātu dhuni bolahi nācī.1. bistā pūya rudhira kaca hāRā, barasai kabahů upala bahu chāRā. dhūri kīnhesi ådhiārā, sūjha na āpana hātha pasārā.2. barasi kapi akulāne dekhe, saba kara marana banā ehi lekhe. māyā dekhi musukāne, bhae sabhīta sakala kapi jāne.3. kautuka rāma bāna kātī saba māyā, jimi dinakara hara timira nikāyā. eka krpādrsti kapi bhālu biloke, bhae prabala rana rahahi na roke.4.

Mounting up into the air he rained down a shower of firebrands, and spouts of water issued forth from the earth. Fiends and fiendesses of diverse form danced with

cries of "Maim and kill?" Now he would rain down showers of faeces, pus, blood, hair and bones; and now he would hurl a volley of stones. By discharging dust all round he made it so dark that if you held out your own hand you would not see it. The monkeys lost their nerve when they saw these supernatural phenomena. "At this rate we are all doomed" they thought. Śrī Rāma smiled when he saw this fun; at the same time He understood that the monkeys were all alarmed. With a single arrow He broke the illusive web, even as the sun removes the thick veil of darkness. He cast a gracious look on the monkeys and bears, and lo! they grew too strong to be restrained from fighting. (1-4)

दो आयस् मागि राम पहिं अंगदादि कपि साथ। चले क्रद्ध होइ बान सरासन हाथ॥५२॥

Do.: **āyasu māgi rāma pah**ť aṁgadādi kapi sātha. lachimana cale kruddha hoi bāna sarāsana hātha.52.

Asking leave of Śrī Rāma and accompanied by Angada and other monkey chiefs. Laksmana marched forth in fury, bow and arrow in hand.

चौ॰— छतज नयन उर बाहु बिसाला। हिमगिरि निभ तनु कछु एक लाला॥ पठाए। नाना अस्त्र सस्त्र गहि धाए॥१॥ द्रहाँ सभट दसानन बिटपायध धारी। धाए कपि जय राम पकारी॥ भधर नख जोरिहि सन जोरी। इत उत जय इच्छा नहिं थोरी॥२॥ भिरे काटहिं। कपि जयसील मारि पनि डाटहिं॥ मठिकन्ह दातन्ह लातन्ह धरु मारू। सीस तोरि गहि भुजा उपारू॥३॥ मारु मारु धरु खंडा। धावहिं जहँ तहँ रुंड प्रचंडा॥ नव स्र बंदा। कबहँक बिसमय कबहँ अनंदा॥४॥ देखहिं कौतक

Cau.: chataja nayana ura bāhu bisālā, himagiri nibha tanu kachu eka lālā. subhata pathāe, nānā ihằ dasānana astra sastra dhāe.1. bhūdhara nakha biṭapāyudha dhārī, dhāe kapi pukārī. jaya rāma jorihi sana jorī, ita uta jaya icchā nahi thorī.2. sakala muthikanha lātanha dātanha kātahi, kapi jayasīla māri puni dātahi. māru māru dharu dharu mārū, sīsa tori bhujā upārū.3. gahi asi rava pūri rahī nava khamdā, dhāvahi jaha taha rumda pracamdā. dekhahi kautuka nabha sura brmdā, kabahuka bisamaya kabahu anamdā.4.

With bloodshot eyes, a broad chest and long arms, his white form shone like the snow-clad Himālaya with a slight admixture of red. At the other end the ten-headed monster sent out champions, who rushed forth equipped with missiles and other weapons of every description. With mountains, claws and trees for weapons, the monkeys hastened to meet the demons, shouting "Victory to Rāma." They all closed in the fray, match with match, both the sides equally agog to win. The monkeys, who had now the upper hand, battered the demons with their fists and feet and bit them with their teeth. They struck them down and browbeat them. "Kill, kill, seize, seize, seize, slay, break his head, seize his arm and tear it up!"-such were the cries that filled the air through all the nine divisions of the globe. Headless bodies sprinted furiously hither and

thither. Hosts of celestials witnessed the spectacle from heaven, now with joy and now in dismay. (1-4)

दो - रुधिर गाड़ भरि भरि जम्यो ऊपर धूरि उड़ाइ। जन् अँगार रासिन्ह पर मृतक धूम रह्यो छाइ॥५३॥

Do.: rudhira gāRa bhari bhari jamyo ūpara dhūri uRāi, janu agāra rāsinha para mrtaka dhūma rahvo chāi.53.

Blood had collected in the hollows of the earth and dried up there and clouds of dust hung over it like ashes over heaps of live coal.

कैसे। कुसुमित किंसुक के तरु जैसे॥ चौ०— घायल बिराजहिं लिह्यमन जोधा। भिरहिं परसपर करि अति क्रोधा॥१॥ जीती। निसिचर छल बल करड अनीती॥ एकहि सकड नहिं एक कोधवंत अनंता । भंजेउ भयउ रथ सारथी बिधि सेषा । राच्छ्य प्रहार कर भयउ अनुमाना । संकठ भयउ हरिहि मम प्राना ॥ ३ ॥ निज मन बीरघातिनी साँगी। तेज पंज लिछमन उर लागी॥ सक्ति के लागें। तब चलि गयउ निकट भय त्यागें॥४॥ मुरुछा भर्ड

kaise, kusumita kimsuka ke taru jaise. Cau.: qhāyala birājahť bīra lachimana meghanāda dvau jodhā, bhirahi parasapara kari ati krodhā.1. ekahi eka sakai nahi iītī, nisicara chala bala karai anītī. krodhavamta taba bhayau anamta, bhamjeu ratha sārathī turamtā.2. prahāra kara sesā, rācchasa bhayau prāna avasesā. rāvana suta nija mana anumānā, samkatha bhayau harihi mama prānā.3. bīraghātinī chāRisi sắgī, teja pumja lachimana ura lāgī. muruchā sakti ke lāgė, taba cali gayau nikata bhaya tyāgė.4.

The wounded warriors shone like so many Kimsuka* trees in flower. The two champions, Laksmana and Meghanada, grappled with each other in mounting fury. Neither could get the better of the other. The demon, however, resorted to wily tricks and unfair means. Laksmana, who was no other than Ananta (the serpent-god Śesa, whose wrath brings about the dissolution of the universe), then waxed furious and in a trice smashed the chariot and tore its driver to pieces. Sesa (Laksmana) smote him in so many ways that the demon (Meghanāda) was all but dead. The son of Rāvaṇa thought within himself that he was in straits and the enemy would surely take his life. He threw a javelin which was notorious for killing warriors and was all brilliance; and lo! it struck Laksmana in the breast. The blow was so smart that the prince swooned and Meghanāda now went near him shedding all fear.

जोधा रहे स्रत खिसिआइ॥५४॥

^{*} A Kimsuka tree bears crimson flowers; hence the wounded parts of the warriors have been compared with the flowers of a Kimsuka tree.

Do.: **meghanāda** sama koti sata jodhā rahe uthāi. jagadādhāra kimi uthai cale khisiāi.54. sesa

A vast number of champions as powerful as Meghanāda strove to lift him; but how could Sesa, the support of the entire globe, be thus lifted? Hence they returned smarting with shame. (54)

चौ०- सुन् गिरिजा जासु । जारइ भवन चारिदस क्रोधानल ताही। सेवहिं सुर नर अग जग जाही॥१॥ संग्राम जीति को सक सोई। जा पर कपा राम के होई॥ यह कौतुहल जानद्र द्रौ बाहनी। लगे सँभारन निज निज अनी॥२॥ संध्या अजित भुवनेस्वर । लिछमन कहाँ बुझ करुनाकर॥ ब्यापक हनुमाना। अनुज देखि प्रभु अति दुख माना॥३॥ आयउ तब सषेना । लंकाँ बैद रहड को जामवंत पठई कह हन्मंता । आनेउ धरि गयउ भवन समेत त्रंता॥४॥

Cau.: sunu girijā krodhānala jāsū, jārai bhuvana cāridasa āsū. saṁgrāma iīti tāhī, sevahi sura nara aga jaga saka ko jāhī.1. yaha jānai kautūhala soī, jā rāma kai hoī. para krpā samdhyā bhai phiri dvau bāhanī, lage såbhārana nija anī.2. byāpaka brahma ajita buvanesvara, lachimana kahā būjha karunākara. lai āyau hanumānā, anuja dekhi prabhu ati dukha mānā.3. baida susenā, lamka iāmavamta kaha rahai ko pathaī lenā. dhari laghu rūpa gayau hanumamtā, āneu bhavana sameta turamtā.4.

Listen, Pārvatī: (continues Lord Śańkara,) none can conquer him in battle, the fire of whose wrath speedily consumes all the fourteen spheres (at the time of universal dissolution), and whom gods and human beings, nay, all animate and inanimate beings adore. He alone can understand this mystery, on whom descends Śrī Rāma's grace. Now that it was evening, both the armies retired and the commanders of the different units began taking count of their troops. The All-merciful and invincible Lord of the universe, the all-pervading supreme Spirit, asked: "Where is Laksmana?" Meanwhile Hanuman brought him; seeing His younger brother (in a swoon) the Lord felt sore distressed. Jāmbavān said, "Susena, the physician, lives in Lanka; someone should be sent to fetch him here." Assuming a minute (indiscernible) form Hanuman went and immediately brought him, house and all.

पदारबिंद सिर नायउ आड दो॰— राम नाम गिरि औषधी जाह पवनसृत लेन॥५५॥

Do.: rāma padārabimda sira nāyau āi susena. ausadhī kahā nāma giri jāhu pavanasuta lena.55.

Susena came and bowed his head at Śrī Rāma's lotus-feet. He mentioned the name of the herb as well as of the mountain where it could be had, and said, "Proceed, O son of the wind-god, to bring it." (55) चौ०— राम राखी। चला प्रभंजन स्त भाषी॥ चरन सरसिज उर बल उहाँ जनावा। रावन कालनेमि एक मरम् गृह आवा॥१॥ सुना। पुनि पुनि कालनेमि सिरु तेहिं मरम धना॥ जेहिं जारा। तास देखत पंथ को नगरु भजि रघुपति करु हित आपना । छाँड्ह नाथ मुषा जल्पना॥ नील स्यामा । हृदयँ लोचनाभिरामा॥ ३॥ तन् राख् में त्याग्। महा मोह निसि मोर सृतत जाग्॥ मुढता जोई। सपनेहँ समर कि जीतिअ सोई॥४॥ भच्छक

rākhī, calā prabhamjana suta bala bhāṣī. carana sarasija ura Cau.: rāma uhā dūta eka maramu janāvā, rāvanu kālanemi grha dasamukha kahā maramu tehi sunā, puni puni kālanemi siru dhunā. dekhata tumhahi nagaru jehi jārā, tāsu paṁtha ko rokana pārā.2. bhaji raghupati karu hita āpanā, chaRahu nātha mṛṣā jalpanā. nīla kamja tanu sumdara syāmā, hrdaya rākhu locanābhirāmā.3. mūRhatā tyāgū, mahā mai mora moha nisi sūtata kāla byāla kara bhacchaka joī, sapanehů samara ki jītia

Enshrining Srī Rāma's lotus-feet in his heart and assuring the Lord of his own might, the son of the wind-god departed. At the other end a spy disclosed the secret to Rāvana, who called at the house of Kālanemi (a demon ally of Rāvana). The ten-headed monster told him all that he had to say, hearing which Kalanemi beat his head again and again. "Nobody can obstruct him who burnt your capital before your very eyes. Therefore, adore the Lord of the Raghus in your own interest and desist, my lord, from all vain prattle. Hold in your heart that lovely form, swarthy as the blue lotus, the delight of all eyes. Dismiss the foolish idea of 'I' and 'You,' mine and thine and awake from slumber in the night of gross infatuation. Can anyone even dream of conquering Him in battle, who devours even the serpent of Time (which in its turn devours the entire creation)?" (1—4)

दो∘- सुनि दसकंठ रिसान अति तेहिं मन कीन्ह बिचार। राम दूत कर मरौं बरु यह खल रत मल भार॥५६॥

Do.: suni dasakamtha risāna ati teht mana kīnha bicāra, rāma dūta kara maraŭ baru yaha khala rata mala bhāra.56.

The ten-headed monster flew into a tearing rage when he heard this. Thereupon Kālanemi reasoned to himself: "I should rather die at the hands of Śrī Rāma's servant; for this wretch revels in his load of sins!" (56)

चौ० अस कहि चला रचिसि मग माया। सर मंदिर बर बाग आश्रम। मुनिहि बुझि जल पियौं जाइ श्रम॥१॥ सुभ मारुतस्त बेष तहँ सोहा। मायापति दुतहि चह राच्छस कपट माथा। लाग सो कहै राम गुन गाथा॥२॥ नायउ जाड पवनसृत रामहिं। जितिहहिं राम न संसय या महिं॥ होत महा रन रावन में देखउँ भाई। ग्यान दृष्टि बल मोहि अधिकाई॥३॥ **इहाँ** भएँ

दीन्ह कमंडल। कह कपि नहिं अघाउँ थोरें जल॥ मागा आतर आवह। दिच्छा देउँ ग्यान जेहिं पावह॥४॥ सर

Cau.: asa kahi calā racisi maga māyā, sara mamdira bara bāga banāyā. mārutasuta dekhā subha āśrama, munihi būjhi jala piyau jāi śrama.1. rācchasa kapata beşa tahå sohā, māyāpati dūtahi nāvau māthā, lāga so kahai rāma guna gāthā.2. iāi pavanasuta mahā rana rāvana rāmahi, jitihahi rāma na samsaya yā mahi. hota ihằ bhae bhāī, gyāna drsti bala mohi adhikāī.3. mat dekhaŭ dīnha kamdala, kaha kapi nahi aghāu thore jala. māgā iala tehi majjana kari ātura āvahu, dicchā deŭ gyāna jehr pāvahu.4.

So saying to himself he departed and resorted to his black art; he produced by the path a lake, a temple and a lovely garden. The son of the wind-god saw the good hermitage and thought to himself: "Let me ask leave of the hermit over there and drink some water, so that I may be relieved of my fatigue." The demon (Kālanemi) had ensconced himself there in the deceitful garb of a hermit and sought to delude the messenger even of the Lord of Māyā. The son of the wind-god went and bowed his head before him; and the demon in his turn began to recite Śrī Rāma's praises. "A fierce war is raging between Śrī Rāma and Rāvana, of which Rāma will undoubtedly emerge victorious. I behold everything, my brother, even from here; for my great strength lies in my intuition." On his asking for water, the demon gave Hanuman his own waterpot; but the monkey chief said, "My thirst will not be quenched by a small quantity of water." "Then take a plunge in the lake and speedily come back. After that I will initiate you and you will have spiritual insight."

दो - सर पैठत कपि पद गहा मकरीं तब अकुलान। मारी सो धरि दिब्य तनु चली गगन चढ़ि जान॥५७॥

Do.: sara paithata kapi pada gahā makarī taba akulāna, mārī so dhari dibya tanu calī gagana caRhi jāna.57.

No sooner had Hanuman stepped into the lake than a she-alligator seized him by the foot in great excitement. Having been slain by Hanuman, she assumed a celestial form and, mounting an aerial car, soared into the heavens.

तव दरस भइउँ निष्पापा। मिटा तात मुनिबर कर सापा॥ चौ०— कपि न होइ यह निसिचर घोरा। मानह सत्य बचन कपि मोरा॥१॥ मनि किह गई अपछरा जबहीं। निसिचर निकट गयउ किप तबहीं।। अस मुनि गुरदछिना लेहू। पाछें हमहि मंत्र तुम्ह देह॥२॥ कह पछारा। निज तन् प्रगटेसि मरती बारा॥ लपेटि सिर कहि छाड़ेसि प्राना। सुनि मन हरिष चलेउ हनुमाना॥३॥ राम औषध चीन्हा। सहसा कपि उपारि गिरि लीन्हा॥ न गिह गिरि निसि नभ धावत भयऊ। अवधप्री

Cau.: kapi tava darasa bhaiu nispāpā, miṭā tāta munibara kara sāpā. muni na hoi yaha nisicara ghorā, mānahu satya bacana kapi morā.1.

kahi gaī apacharā jabahī, nisicara nikaţa gayau kapi tabahī. asa kaha kapi muni guradachinā lehū, pāche hamahi mamtra tumha dehū.3. pachārā, nija tanu pragatesi maratī bārā. laṁgūra lapeti sira prānā, suni mana harasi caleu hanumānā.4. rāma rāma kahi chāResi cīnhā, sahasā dekhā saila na ausadha kapi upāri līnhā. gahi giri nisi nabha dhāvata bhavaū, avadhapurī ūpara kapi gavaū.5.

"By your very sight, O dear monkey, I have been absolved of all sins and the curse of the great sage (which accounted for my birth in an alligator's womb) has come to an end. This fellow, O monkey chief, is no hermit but a terrible demon: believe my words to be true." So saying, the celestial nymph left for her abode in heaven and Hanuman immediately returned to the demon. Said the monkey: "First receive, holy sir, your fee as my spiritual preceptor and after that impart to me the sacred formula." Hanuman then twisted his tail round the hermit's head and knocked him down, and he appeared in his natural (demoniac) form at the moment of his death and gave up the ghost while muttering "Rāma, Rāma." Hanumān was delighted at heart to hear this name and proceeded on his journey. He found the mountain but failed to single out the herb (prescribed by Susena); he, therefore, lost no time in uprooting the mount itself. Holding up the mountain in his hand, Hanuman darted back through the air while it was yet night and happened to pass over the city of Ayodhyā.

दो∘ देखा भरत बिसाल अति निसिचर मन अनुमानि। बिनु फर सायक मारेउ चाप श्रवन लगि तानि॥५८॥

Do.: dekhā bharata bisāla ati nisicara mana anumāni, binu phara sāyaka māreu cāpa śravana lagi tāni.58.

Bharata (who kept vigil at night ever since his return from Citrakūta) espied a colossal figure coursing through the air and thinking it to be some demon drew his bow to the ear and struck him with a headless shaft. (58)

चौ॰- परेउ मुरुछि महि लागत सायक। सुमिरत राम राम रघुनायक॥ सुनि प्रिय बचन भरत तब धाए। कपि समीप अति आतुर आए॥१॥ बिकल बिलोकि कीस उर लावा। जागत नहिं बहु भाँति जगावा॥ मन भए दुखारी। कहत बचन भरि लोचन बारी॥२॥ जेहिं बिधि राम बिमुख मोहि कीन्हा। तेहिं पनि यह दारुन दुख दीन्हा॥ मोरें मन बच अरु काया। प्रीति राम पद कमल अमाया॥ ३॥ कपि होउ बिगत श्रम सुला। जौं मो पर रघपति अनुकुला॥ बैठ कपीसा। कहि जय जयित कोसलाधीसा॥४॥ उठि

Cau.: pareu muruchi mahi lagata sayaka, sumirata rama raghunayaka. suni priya bacana bharata taba dhāe, kapi samīpa ātura bikala biloki kīsa lāvā, jāgata nahť bahu bhắti jagāvā. ura mukha malīna mana bhae dukhārī, kahata bacana bhari locana bārī.2. jeht bidhi rāma bimukha mohi kīnhā, teht puni yaha dāruna dukha dīnhā. jaŭ more mana baca aru kāyā, prīti rāma pada kamala amāyā.3. tau kapi hou bigata śrama sūlā, jaŭ mo para raghupati anukūlā. sunata bacana uthi baitha kapīsā, kahi jaya jayati kosalādhīsā.4.

Struck by the dart, Hanuman dropped unconscious to the ground, crying "Rama, Rāma, O Lord of the Raghus!" The moment Bharata heard these pleasing words he rushed and came posthaste by the side of the monkey. Seeing the monkey in swoon, the prince clasped him to his bosom and tried every means to bring him back to consciousness but in vain. With a sad look in his face and much distressed at heart and his eyes full of tears, he spoke the following words; "The selfsame Providence who alienated me from Śrī Rāma has also inflicted this terrible suffering on me. If in thought, word and deed I cherish sincere devotion to Śrī Rāma's lotus feet, and if the Lord of the Raghus is kindly disposed towards me, may this monkey be relieved of all exhaustion and pain." As soon as these words entered his ears the monkey chief arose and sat up, crying "Glory, all glory to the Lord of Kosala!"

सो॰ लीन्ह कपिहि उर लाइ पुलकित तनु लोचन सजल। प्रीति न हृदयँ समाइ सुमिरि राम रघुकुल तिलक॥५९॥

So.: līnha kapihi ura lāi pulakita tanu locana sajala, prīti na hrdaya samāi sumiri rāma raghukula tilaka.59.

A thrill of joy ran through his body and tears rushed to his eyes as Bharata took and clasped the monkey to his bosom. His heart overflowed with love at the very thought of Śrī Rāma, the glory of Raghu's race.

चौ॰- तात कुसल कह सुखनिधान की। सहित अनुज अरु मातु जानकी॥ कपि सब चरित समास बखाने। भए दखी मन महँ पछिताने॥१॥ दैव मैं कत जग जायउँ। प्रभु के एकह काज न आयउँ॥ अहह कुअवसरु मन धरि धीरा। पुनि कपि सन बोले बलबीरा॥२॥ जानि तोहि जाता। काज नसाइहि होत तात समेता। पठवौं तोहि जहँ कृपानिकेता॥३॥ सैल चढ उपजा अभिमाना। मोरें भार चलिहि किमि बाना॥ बहोरी। बंदि चरन कह कपि कर जोरी॥४॥ राम प्रभाव बिचारि

Cau.: tāta kusala kahu sukhanidhāna kī, sahita anuja aru mātu jānakī. kapi saba carita samāsa bakhāne, bhae dukhī mana mahu pachitāne.1. ahaha daiva mai kata jaga jāyau, prabhu ke ekahu kāja na āyau. jāni kuavasaru mana dhari dhīrā, puni kapi sana bole balabīrā.2. tāta gaharu hoihi tohi jātā, kāju nasāihi hota prabhātā. caRhu mama sāyaka saila sametā, paṭhavaŭ tohi jahå krpāniketā.3. suni kapi mana upajā abhimānā, more bhāra calihi rāma prabhāva bicāri bahorī, bamdi carana kaha kapi kara jorī.4.

"Tell me, dear friend, if all is well with Śrī Rāma, the Fountain of Joy, as well as with His younger brother (Laksmana) and my mother Jānakī (Janaka's Daughter)." The monkey chief told him in brief all that had happened and Bharata felt much distressed to hear it and his heart was filled with remorse. "Ah me, good heavens, why should I have been born into this world at all, if I could not be of any service to the Lord?" But realizing the adverse circumstances, the gallant and mighty prince recollected himself and addressed Hanuman again, "You will be delayed in your journey and nothing will avail after daybreak. Therefore, ascend my arrow, mountain and all, and I will send you straight into the presence of the All-merciful." Hanumān's pride was tickled when he heard these words. "How will the arrow fly with my weight?" he thought. Then, recalling Śrī Rāma's glory, he bowed at Bharata's feet and spoke with joined palms:— (1—4)

दो∘— तव प्रताप उर राखि प्रभु जैहउँ नाथ तुरंत। अस कहि आयस् पाइ पद बंदि चलेउ हन्मंत ॥ ६०(क)॥ भरत बाहु बल सील गुन प्रभु पद प्रीति अपार। मन महुँ जात सराहत पुनि पुनि पवनकुमार॥६०(ख)॥

Do.: tava pratāpa ura rākhi prabhu jaihau nātha turamta, asa kahi āyasu pāi pada bamdi caleu hanumamta.60(A). bharata bāhu bala sīla guna prabhu pada prīti apāra, mana mahů jāta sarāhata puni puni pavanakumāra.60(B).

"Cherishing the thought of your majesty, my lord, I will go swiftly." So saying and obtaining leave of Bharata, Hanuman bowed at his feet and sped on. As he journeyed forth, the son of the wind-god extolled to himself again and again Bharata's strength of arm, amiability and goodness as well as his boundless devotion to the Lord's feet. (60 A-B)

चौ०— उहाँ राम लछिमनहि निहारी। बोले बचन मनुज अनुसारी॥ अर्ध राति गइ कपि नहिं आयउ। राम उठाइ अनुज उर लायउ॥१॥ सकह न दिखत देखि मोहि काऊ। बंधु सदा तव मृद्ल सुभाऊ॥ मम हित लागि तजेहु पितु माता। सहेहु बिपिन हिम आतप बाता॥२॥ अनुराग कहाँ अब भाई। उठह न सुनि मम बच बिकलाई।। सो बन बंधु बिछोह। पिता बचन मनतेउँ नहिं ओह॥३॥ जौं बित नारि भवन परिवारा। होहिं जाहिं जग बारहिं बारा॥ स्त बिचारि जियँ जागह ताता। मिलइ न जगत सहोदर भ्राता॥४॥ जथा पंख बिन् खग अति दीना। मनि बिन् फनि करिबर कर हीना॥ मम जिवन बंध बिन तोही। जौं जड दैव जिआवै मोही॥५॥ जैहउँ कवन मृह लाई। नारि हेत् प्रिय भाड अपजस सहतेउँ जग माहीं। नारि हानि बिसेष छति नाहीं॥६॥ बरु अपलोकु सोकु सुत तोरा। सिहहि निठ्र कठोर उर मोरा॥ अब के एक कुमारा। तात तासु तुम्ह प्रान अधारा॥७॥ निज तुम्हिह गिह पानी। सब बिधि सुखद परम हित जानी॥ सौंपेसि मोहि तेहि जाई। उठि किन मोहि सिखावह भाई॥८॥ दैहउँ उतरु काह बिधि सोचत सोच बिमोचन। स्रवत सलिल राजिव दल लोचन॥ रघुराई। नर गति भगत कृपाल देखाई॥९॥ अखंड उमा एक Cau.: uhẳ lachimanahi nihārī, bole manuja bacana anusārī.

uthāi anuja

rāti gai kapi nahi āyau, rāma

sakahu na dukhita dekhi mohi kāū, bamdhu sadā tava mrdula subhāū. mama hita lāgi tajehu pitu mātā, sahehu bipina hima ātapa bātā.2. bhāī, uthahu na suni mama baca bikalāī, kahā jaŭ janateŭ bana bamdhu bichohū, pitā bacana manateŭ bita nāri bhavana parivārā, hohi iāhť bārahi bārā. suta iaga bicāri jiyå jāgahu tātā, milai na jagata sahodara bhrātā.4. asa jathā pamkha binu khaga ati dīnā, mani binu phani karibara kara hīnā. asa mama jivana bamdhu binu tohī, jaŭ iaRa daiva iiāvai mohī.5. iaihaŭ avadha kavana muhu laī. nāri hetu bhāi αἄvāī. priva jaga māhī, nāri hāni chati nāhī.6. baru apajasa sahateů bisesa apaloku suta torā, sahihi nithura kathora ura morā. aba soku kumārā, tāta tāsu tumha prāna adhārā.7. nija iananī eka saŭpesi mohi tumhahi gahi pānī, saba bidhi sukhada parama hita jānī. utaru kāha daihaů jāī, uthi kina mohi sikhāvahu bhāī.8. bahu bidhi socata soca bimocana, sravata salila rājiva dala locana. umā eka raghurāī, nara gati bhagata krpāla dekhāī.9.

Now, there on Suvela Śrī Rāma uttered words befitting a mortal as He looked at Lakṣmaṇa, "Although it is now past midnight, Hanumān has not yet turned up!" Śrī Rāma raised His younger brother and clasped him to His bosom. "Brother, you could never bear to see me in distress, since your disposition has always been so tender. On my account you left both father and mother and exposed yourself to the cold, the heat and the winds of the forest. Where is that old love now, brother, that you refuse to get up even on hearing my lament? Had I known that I would lose my brother in the forest, I would never have obeyed even my father's command. Sons, riches, wives, houses and kinsfolk in this world repeatedly come and go; but a real brother cannot be had again in this world. Ponder this in your mind and arise, dear brother. As a bird is utterly miserable without wings, a serpent without its head-jewel and a noble elephant without its trunk, so is my life without you, brother, in case stupid fate compels me to survive. With what face shall I return to Ayodhyā after sacrificing a beloved brother for the sake of my wife. I would rather have suffered obloquy in the world (for my inability to recover my wife); for after all the loss of a wife is not a serious loss. Now, however, my unfeeling and stony heart will endure both that obloguy and the deep anguish of your loss, my son. Your mother's only son, you are the sole prop of her life. Yet she took you by the hand and entrusted you to me, knowing that I would make you happy in everyway and that I am your greatest well-wisher. What answer shall I give her when I go back? Why should you not get up and advise me, brother?" Thus lamented the Dispeller of sorrow in diverse ways; and tears flowed from His eyes which resembled the petals of a lotus. Umā, (continues Lord Śiva,) the Lord of the Raghus is one (without a second) and indivisible; He exhibited the ways of human being only because He is so compassionate to His devotees. (1-9)

सो॰ प्रभु प्रलाप सुनि कान बिकल भए बानर निकर। आइ गयउ हनुमान जिमि करुना महँ बीर रस॥६१॥

So.: prabhu pralāpa suni kāna bikala bhae bānara nikara, āi gayau hanumāna jimi karunā mahå bīra rasa.61. The hosts of monkeys that surrounded the Lord were distressed to hear the Lord's frantic wailing. Presently arrived Hanumān like a heroic strain in the midst of pathos. (61)

चौ०- हरिष भेंटेउ हनमाना। अति कृतग्य प्रभु परम सुजाना॥ राम लिछमन कोन्हि उपाई । उठि बैठे हरषाई॥ १॥ त्रत बैद तब भ्राता। हरषे सकल भाल कपि ब्राता॥ हृदयँ लाड प्रभ भेटेउ तहाँ पहँचावा। जेहि बिधि तबहिं ताहि लड आवा॥२॥ कपि पनि सुनेऊ। अति बिषाद पुनि पुनि सिर धुनेऊ॥ यह दसानन आवा। बिबिध जतन करि ताहि जगावा॥३॥ पहिं ब्याकल कंभकरन जागा निसिचर देखिअ कैसा। मानहँ कालु देह धरि बैसा ॥ कंभकरन कह भाई । काहे तव मुख रहे सखाई॥४॥ बुझा कही सब तेहिं अभिमानी। जेहि प्रकार सीता हरि आनी॥ निसिचर मारे। महा जोधा संघारे॥ ५॥ तात महा दर्मख सररिप अहारी । भट अतिकाय अकंपन मनज बीरा। परे समर महि महोदर आदिक सब रनधीरा॥६॥ अपर

rāma bhemțeu hanumānā, ati kṛtagya prabhu parama sujānā. Cau.: harasi kīnhi upāī, uţhi baithe turata baida lachimana hṛdaya lāi prabhu bheteu bhrātā, haraşe sakala bhālu kapi brātā. kapi puni baida tahā pahůcāvā, jehi bidhi tabahť tāhi lai āvā.2. brttāmta dasānana suneū, ati biṣāda puni puni sira dhuneū. bvākula kumbhakarana pahi āvā, bibidha iatana kari tāhi iagāvā.3. jāgā nisicara dekhia kaisā. mānahů kālu deha dhari kumbhakarana būjhā kahu bhāī, kāhe mukha rahe sukhāī.4. tava kathā kahī saba tehi abhimānī, jehi prakāra sītā hari ānī. tāta kapinha saba nisicara māre, mahā mahā jodhā samghāre.5. durmukha suraripu manuja ahārī, bhata atikāya akampana bhārī. apara mahodara ādika bīrā, pare samara mahi saba ranadhīrā.6.

Transported with joy, Śrī Rāma embraced Hanumān; for the Lord is exceedingly grateful by nature and supremely wise. The physician (Susena) then immediately applied the remedy and Laksmana cheerfully rose and sat up. The Lord clasped His brother to His heart and the whole host of bears and monkeys was rejoiced. Hanuman took the physician back to Lankā in the same way he had brought him the previous night. When the ten-headed monster heard this news, he beat his head in utter despair again and again. In sore perplexity he called on Kumbhakarna (his younger brother) and succeeded in waking him by using all sorts of devices. Having woken and sat up, he looked like Death himself in a corporeal body. Kumbhakarna asked; "Tell me, brother, why do you look so withered up?" The haughty Ravana told him the whole story as to how he had carried off Sītā "Dear brother, the monkeys have killed all the demons and extirpated the greatest warriors. Durmukha, Devantaka (the enemy of gods), Narantaka (the devourer of men), the mighty champions Atikāya (of enormous size) and Akampana (who never trembles in fear) and other heroes like Mahodara (the bigbellied), so staunch in battle, have all fallen on the field of battle." (1--6)

दो - सुनि दसकंधर बचन तब कुंभकरन बिलखान। जगदंबा हरि आनि अब सठ चाहत कल्यान॥६२॥

Do.: suni dasakamdhara bacana taba kumbhakarana bilakhāna, iagadambā hari āni aba satha cāhata

On hearing the words of his ten-headed brother, Kumbhakarna felt very sorry. "Having carried off the Mother of the universe, O fool, you still expect good out of it!"

चौ॰— भल न कीन्ह तैं निसिचर नाहा। अब मोहि आइ जगाएहि काहा॥ त्यागि अभिमाना। भजह राम होडहि अजहँ कल्याना॥१॥ रघुनायक । जाके दससीस हनुमान मनज तैं कीन्ति खोटाई। प्रथमिहं मोहि न सनाएहि आई॥२॥ बंध अहह कीन्हेह प्रभु बिरोध तेहि देवक। सिव बिरंचि सुर जाके सेवक॥ मनि मोहि ग्यान जो कहा। कहतेउँ तोहि समय भरि अंक भेंट्र मोहि भाई। लोचन सुफल करौं मैं सरसीरुह लोचन । देखौं जाड स्याम ताप

Cau.: bhala na kīnha tai nisicara nāhā, aba mohi āi jagāehi kāhā. ajahū tāta tyāgi abhimānā, bhajahu hoihi kalyānā.1. rāma hai dasasīsa manuja raghunāyaka, jāke pāyaka. hanūmāna ahaha bamdhu tai kīnhi khotāī, prathamahi mohi na sunāehi āī.2. kīnhehu prabhu birodha tehi devaka, siva biramci sura jāke nārada muni mohi gyāna jo kahā, kahateů tohi samaya nirabahā.3. aba bhari amka bhemtu mohi bhāī, locana suphala karaů sarasīruha locana, dekhaŭ jāj tāpa traya

"You have not acted well, O demon king. And now why have you come and woke me up? Yet, abandoning pride, worship Śrī Rāma and you will be blessed. Can the Lord of the Raghus, O ten-headed Rāvana, be a man, who has couriers like Hanumān? Alas, brother, you acted unwisely in that you did not break this news to me earlier. You have courted war with the Divinity who has for His servants gods like Siva and Virañci (the Creator). I would have confided to you the secret which the sage Nārada had once imparted to me; but the time has passed. Squeeze me, brother, in close embrace now, so that I may go and bless my eyes with the sight of the Lord who has a swarthy complexion and lotus-like eyes and who relieves the threefold agony of His devotees."

दो∘- राम रूप गुन सुमिरत मगन भयउ छन एक। रावन मागेउ कोटि घट मद अरु महिष अनेक॥६३॥

Do.: rāma rūpa guna sumirata magana bhayau chana eka, rāvana māgeu koti ghata mada aru mahisa aneka.63.

As he thought of Śrī Rāma's beauty and virtues he forgot himself for a moment. In the meantime Rāvana requisitioned (for his consumption) myriads of jars full of wine and a whole herd of buffaloes.

चौ०— **महिष** खाइ करि मदिरा पाना । गर्जा बजाघात समाना॥ रंगा। चला दर्ग तिज सेन न संगा॥१॥ दर्मद कंभकरन रन देखि आगें आयउ। परेउ चरन निज नाम सनायउ॥ लायो। रघपति भक्त जानि मन भायो॥२॥ तेहि अनुज उठाइ हृदयँ मोहि मारा। कहत परम हित मंत्र बिचारा॥ तात लात गलानि रघपति पहिं आयउँ। देखि दीन प्रभ के मन भायउँ॥३॥ तेहिं रावन । सो कि मान अब परम सिखावन॥ स्न बिभीषन। भयहु तात निसिचर कुल भूषन॥४॥ धन्य बंस उजागर। भजेह राम सोभा सुख सागर॥५॥ बंध्

Cau.: mahisa khāi kari madirā pānā, garjā bajrāghāta samānā. kumbhakarana durmada rana ramgā, calā durga taji sena na samgā.1. dekhi bibhīsanu āqě āyau, pareu carana nija nāma sunāyau. anuia uthāi hrdavå tehi lāyo, raghupati bhakta jāni mana bhāyo.2. mohi tāta rāvana mārā, kahata parama hita mamtra bicārā. tehi galāni raghupati pahi āyau, dekhi dīna prabhu ke mana bhāyau.3. sunu suta bhayau kālabasa rāvana, so ki māna aba parama sikhāvana. dhanya dhanya ta' dhanya bibhīşana, bhayahu tāta nisicara kula bhūşana.4. bamdhu bamsa tar kinha ujagara, bhajehu rama sobha sukha sagara.5.

Having feasted on the buffaloes and drunk off the wine, Kumbhakarna roared like a crash of lightning. Heavily drunk and full of passion for war, he sallied forth from the fort without any troops. When Vibhīsana saw him, he came forward and falling at his feet told him his name. Kumbhakarna in his turn lifted his younger brother and clasped him to his bosom; he was delighted at heart to know that his brother was a devotee of Śrī Rāma (the Lord of the Raghus). "Dear brother, Rāvaṇa spurned me with his foot when I gave him a most salutary advice and told him my view. Disgusted with such treatment I came away to Śrī Rāma, and the Lord's heart was drawn towards me when he perceived my distress." "Listen, my son; Rāvaṇa is in the clutches of death and would not listen even to the best advice at this stage. Thrice blessed are you, Vibhīṣaṇa; you have proved to be the ornament of the demon race. Brother, you have brought glory to our line by adoring Śrī Rāma, that ocean of beauty and felicity. (1--5)

दो - बचन कर्म मन कपट तिज भजेह राम रनधीर। जाहु न निज पर सूझ मोहि भयउँ कालबस बीर॥६४॥

Do.: bacana karma mana kapata taji bhajehu rāma ranadhīra, jāhu na nija para sūjha mohi bhayaŭ kālabasa bīra.64.

"In thought, word and deed you should guilelessly worship Śrī Rāma, who is staunch in battle. Now leave me; for, doomed as I am to death, brother, I can no longer distinguish between friend and foe." (64)

सुनि चला बिभीषन। आयउ चौ०— **बंध** त्रैलोक बिभूषन॥ भधराकार सरीरा। कुंभकरन नाथ आवत रनधीरा॥ १॥ जब काना। किलकिलाइ एतना धाए बलवाना॥ लिए बिटप अरु भुधर। कटकटाइ डारहिं ऊपर॥२॥ कोटि कोटि गिरि सिखर प्रहारा। करिहं भालु किप एक एक बारा॥ मुख्यों न मन तन टुख्यों न टाख्यों। जिमि गज अर्क फलिन को माख्यो॥३॥ हन्यो। पर्यो धरनि ब्याकल सिर धन्यो॥ मारुतसत मठिका तब हन्मंता । घर्मित तेहिं मारेउ भतल परेउ नल नीलिह अविन पछारेसि । जहँ तहँ पटिक पटिक भट डारेसि॥ पराई। अति भय त्रसित न कोउ समहाई॥५॥

Cau.: bamdhu bacana suni calā bibhīşana, āyau jahå trailoka bibhūsana. bhūdharākāra sarīrā, kumbhakarana nātha āvata ranadhīrā.1. kapinha sunā jaba kānā, kilakilāi etanā dhāe balavānā. uthāi bitapa aru bhūdhara, katakatāi dārahi tā ūpara.2. koti giri sikhara prahārā, karahi bhālu kapi eka eka bārā. muryo na manu tanu taryo na taryo, jimi gaja arka phalani ko maryo.3. mārutasuta muthikā hanyo, paryo dharani byākula sira dhunyo. puni uthi tehi māreu hanumamtā, ghurmita bhūtala pareu turamtā.4. puni nala nīlahi avani pachāresi, jaha taha pataki pataki bhata dāresi. parāī, ati bhaya trasita na kou samuhāī.5. calī balīmukha sena

On hearing the words of his brother (Kumbhakarna) Vibhīṣaṇa turned back and came into the presence of Śrī Rāma (the Ornament of the three spheres). "My lord, here comes Kumbhakarna, possessed of a body huge as a mountain and staunch in battle!" The moment the mighty monkeys heard this they rushed forth crying with joy. They plucked up trees and mountains and hurled them against Kumbhakarna gnashing their teeth all the while. The bears and monkeys threw myriads of mountain-peaks at him each time. But neither he felt daunted in spirit nor did he stir from his position in spite of the best efforts on the part of the monkeys to push him back, even like an elephant pelted with the fruits of the sun-plant. Thereupon Hanuman struck him with his fist and he fell to the earth beating his head in great confusion. Rising again he hit Hanuman back and the latter whirled round and immediately dropped to the ground. Next he overthrew Nala and Nīla upon the ground and knocked down the warriors here, there and everywhere. The monkey host stampeded; in utter dismay none dared face him.

दो - अंगदादि कपि मुरुछित करि समेत सुग्रीव। काँख दाबि कपिराज कहँ चला अमित बल सींव॥६५॥

Do.: **amgadādi** kapi muruchita kari sameta sugrīva, dābi kapirāja kahů calā amita bala sīmva.65.

Having rendered unconscious Angada and the other principal monkeys including Sugrīva, Kumbhakarņa, who was of unbounded might, nay, the very perfection of strength, pressed the king of the monkeys under his arm and went off. (65)

नरलीला । खेलत गरुड जिमि अहिगन मीला॥ चौ०— **उमा** करत भंग जो कालिह खाई। ताहि कि सोहइ ऐसि लराई॥१॥ बिस्तरिहहिं। गाइ गाइ भवनिधि नर तरिहहिं॥ कीरति जग पावनि जागा । सुग्रीवहि तब खोजन मारुतसत मरुछा गड

कै बीती। निबुकि गयउ तेहि मृतक प्रतीती॥ सग्रीवह मरुछा काना। गरजि अकास चलेउ तेहिं जाना॥३॥ काटेसि नासिका पछारा। अति लाघवँ उठि पुनि तेहि मारा॥ गहेउ गहि भमि पहिं बलवाना। जयति जयति जय कृपानिधाना॥४॥ पनि जानी। फिरा क्रोध करि भइ मन ग्लानी॥ जियँ नाक भीम पुनि बिन् श्रुति नासा। देखत कपि दल उपजी त्रासा॥५॥ सहज

raghupati naralīlā, khelata garuRa jimi ahigana mīlā. Cau.: umā bhrkuti bhamga jo kālahi khāī. tāhi sohai larāī.1. jaga pāvani kīrati bistarihahi, gāi gāi bhavanidhi nara tarihahi. muruchā mārutasuta jāgā, sugrīvahi khojana gai taba sugrīvahu muruchā bītī, nibuki gayau tehi mṛtaka pratītī. kai nāsikā kānā, garaji akāsa caleu tehi jānā.3. kātesi dasana gaheu carana gahi bhūmi pachārā, ati lāghavā uthi puni tehi mārā. puni āyau prabhu pahi balavānā, jayati jayati jaya krpānidhānā.4. jānī, phirā krodha kari bhai mana glānī. kāte jiyå sahaja bhīma puni binu śruti nāsā, dekhata kapi dala upajī trāsā.5.

Umā, (continues Lord Śiva,) the Lord of the Raghus played the part of a human being in the same way as Garuda (the mount of Bhagavān Visnu) would sport in the company of snakes. Otherwise how could He who devours Death himself with the mere knitting of His brows engage with any grace in such a conflict as this? He will thereby spread His fame, which will not only sanctify the whole world but will undoubtedly take across the ocean of mundane existence the people who sing it. Now Hanuman's unconsciousness ceased and he woke and presently began to look about for Sugrīva. Meanwhile Sugrīva too recovered from his swoon and slipped out of Kumbhakarna's grips, who had taken him for dead (and consequently loosened his grip). Kumbhakarna discovered his escape only when Sugrīva bit off the monster's nose and ears and ascended into the air roaring. The demon caught Sugrīva by the foot and, having thus secured him, dashed him against the ground. Sugrīva, however, rose with remarkable agility and hit his adversary back. The mighty hero then returned into the Lord's presence, shouting "Glory, glory, all glory to the merciful Lord!" Kumbhakarna felt sick at heart when he realized that he had been deprived of his nose and ears, and turned back in a fury. The monkey host was horror-stricken when they saw the monster, who was frightful by nature and looked more so in the absence of his nose and ears.

दो⊶ जय जय जय रघुबंस मनि धाए कपि दै हूह। एकहि बार तासु पर छाड़ेन्हि गिरि तरु जूह॥६६॥

Do.: jaya jaya jaya raghubamsa mani dhāe kapi dai hūha, para chāRenhi giri taru tāsu

Raising a shout of "Glory, glory, all glory to the Jewel of Raghu's race!" the monkeys rushed forward and rained upon him all at once a volley of rocks and trees. (66)

चौ०— **कंभकरन** रंग बिरुद्धा। सन्मुख चला काल जनु क्रुद्धा॥ रन कोटि कोटि कपि धरि धरि खाई। जन टीडी गिरि गृहाँ समाई॥१॥

गहि सरीर सन मर्दा। कोटिन्ह मीजि मिलव महि गर्दा॥ श्रवनन्हि कीं बाटा। निसरि पराहिं भालु कपि ठाटा॥२॥ मुख नासा दर्पा। बिस्व ग्रसिहि जन एहि बिधि अर्पा॥ निसाचर रन फिरहिं न फेरे। सुझ न नयन सनहिं नहिं टेरे॥ ३॥ सब बिडारी। सनि कपि फौज धार्ड रजनीचर धारी ॥ कटकाई। रिप् अनीक नाना बिधि आई॥४॥ देखी राम बिकल

Cau.: kumbhakarana rana ramga biruddhā, sanmukha calā kāla janu kruddhā. koți koți kapi dhari dhari khāī, janu tīRī giri quhắ kotinha gahi sarīra sana mardā, kotinha mīji milava mahi gardā. mukha nāsā śravananhi ki bātā, nisari parāh bhālu kapi thātā.2. rana mada matta nisācara darpā, bisva grasihi janu ehi bidhi arpā. mure subhața saba phirahi na phere, sūjha na nayana sunahi nahi țere.3. kumbhakarana kapi phauja bidārī, suni dhārī. dhāī rajanīcara dekhī bikala katakāī, ripu rāma anīka nānā bidhi āī.4.

Maddened with the lust of battle, Kumbhakarna marched against the enemy like Death himself furious with rage. He seized and devoured myriads of monkeys, that looked like swarms of locusts entering a mountain cave. Seizing many more millions he crushed them against his body, and millions he levigated between his palms and mixed with the dust on the ground. Multitudes of bears and monkeys escaped through his mouth, nostrils and ears and ran away. Intoxicated with the frenzy of battle the demon stood in a challenging mood; as though the Creator had placed the whole universe at his disposal and he was going to devour it. All great warriors scuttled away from the battlefield and would not return under any persuasion whatsoever. They could neither see with their eyes nor hear any call. The demon host also sallied forth when they learnt that Kumbhakarna had dispersed the monkey army. Śrī Rāma saw the discomfiture of His forces and further perceived all kinds of enemy reinforcements pouring in.

दो∘– सुनु सुग्रीव बिभीषन अनुज सँभारेह सैन। मैं देखउँ खल बल दलिह बोले राजिवनैन॥६७॥

Do.: **sunu sugrīva** bibhīsana anuja såbhārehu saina. bole dekhaŭ khala dalahi rājivanaina.67. bala

"Listen, Sugrīva, Vibhīsana and Laksmana; take care of the army while I test the might and man-power of this wretch," said the lotus-eyed Lord. (67)

साजि कटि भाथा। अरि दल दलन चले रघुनाथा॥ प्रथम कीन्हि प्रभु धनुष टँकोरा। रिपु दल बधिर भयउ सुनि सोरा॥१॥ लच्छा। कालसर्प जन् चले सपच्छा॥ छाँडे सर बिप्ल नाराचा। लगे कटन भट बिकट पिसाचा॥२॥ जहँ चले कटिहं चरन उर सिर भुजदंडा। बहुतक बीर होहिं सत खंडा॥ घुर्मि घायल महि परहीं। उठि संभारि सुभट पुनि लरहीं॥ ३॥ घर्मि लागत बान जलद जिमि गाजिहं। बहुतक देखि कठिन सर भाजिहं॥ बिन् धावहिं। धरु धरु मारु मारु धुनि गावहिं॥ ४॥ फंड प्रचंड मंड

sāramga sāji kaţi bhāthā, ari dala dalana cale raghunāthā. Cau.: kara prathama kīnhi prabhu dhanusa tắkorā, ripu dala badhira bhayau suni sorā.1. satvasamdha chaRe sara laccha kalasarpa ianu cale iahå cale bipula nārācā, lage katana bhata bikata pisācā.2. katahi carana ura sira bhujadamdā, bahutaka bīra hohi sata khamdā. ghurmi ghurmi ghāyala mahi parahī, uthi sambhāri subhata puni larahī.3. bāna jalada jimi gājahi, bahutaka dekhi kathina sara bhājahi. rumda pracamda mumda binu dhāvahi, dharu dharu māru māru dhuni gāvahi.4.

Taking His famous bow, known by the name of Śārnga, in His hand and with a quiver fastened to His waist, the Lord of the Raghus went forth to crush the enemy's ranks. The Lord first twanged His bow: the sound was so piercing that the enemy host was deafened to hear it. Śrī Rāma of unfailing resolve discharged a hundred thousand arrows, which sped like winged cobras. Numerous arrows flew in every direction; fierce demon warriors began to be mowed down. Feet, chest, head and arms were dismembered; while many a hero was cut into a hundred pieces. Whirling round and round, the wounded fell to the ground; the champions among them rose and, recovering themselves, would join battle again. They thundered like clouds even as the arrows struck them; while many of them took to flight at the very sight of the terrible arrows. Headless trunks rushed fiercely on with the cries of "Seize, seize, kill, kill." (1-4)

दो∘— छन महुँ प्रभु के सायकन्हि काटे बिकट पिसाच। पुनि रघुबीर निषंग महुँ प्रबिसे सब नाराच॥६८॥

Do.: chana mahů prabhu ke sāyakanhi kāte bikata pisāca, puni raghubīra nisamga mahu prabise saba nārāca.68.

In a trice the Lord's arrows mowed down the terrible demon host. All the arrows then made their way back into Śrī Rāma's quiver. (68)

बिचारी । हति छन माझ निसाचर धारी॥ चौ०- कंभकरन दीख महाबल बीरा। कियो मुगनायक अति नाद गँभीरा॥१॥ भा कोपि महीधर लेड उपारी । डारड जहँ मर्कट भट भारे। सरन्हि काटि रज सम करि डारे॥२॥ देखि प्रभू आवत धनु तानि कोपि रघुनायक। छाँडे अति कराल बहु सायक॥ तन महँ प्रबिसि निसरि सर जाहीं। जिमि दामिनि घन माझ समाहीं॥३॥ सोह तन कारे। जनु कज्जल गिरि गेरु पनारे॥ बिलोकि भाल कपि धाए। बिहँसा जबहिं निकट कपि आए॥४॥

Cau.: kumbhakarana mana dīkha bicārī, hati chana mājha nisācara dhārī. bhā ati kruddha mahābala bīrā, kiyo mrganāyaka nāda gabhīrā.1. kopi mahīdhara lei upārī, dārai jahå markaţa bhaţa bhārī. āvata dekhi saila prabhu bhāre, saranhi kāţi raja sama kari dāre.2. puni dhanu tāni kopi raghunāyaka, chẳRe ati karāla tanu mahů prabisi nisari sara jāhǐ, jimi dāmini ghana mājha samāhǐ.3. sonita sravata soha tana kāre, janu kajjala giri geru biloki bhālu kapi dhāe, bihåsā jabahi nikata kapi bikala

When Kumbhakarna perceived and realized that the demon army had been wiped out in an instant, the formidable hero flew into a violent rage and gave a grim roar as that of a lion (the king of beasts). In his fury he tore up mountains by the roots and dashed them upon detachments of mighty monkey warriors. The Lord saw the huge mountains coming and shattered them with His arrows into dust as it were. The Lord of the Raghus once more pulled the string of His bow and indignantly discharged a volley of His exceedingly terrible shafts. The arrows entered and passed through his body like flashes of lightning disappearing into a cloud. Blood gushing out from his dark figure resembled spouts of red ochre shooting from a mountain of soot. Perceiving him in fluster, bears and monkeys dashed forward; the monster, however, laughed when the monkeys drew near.

दो - महानाद करि गर्जा कोटि कोटि गहि कीस। महि पटकइ गजराज इव सपथ करइ दससीस॥६९॥

Do.: mahānāda kari garjā koti koti gahi gajarāja iva sapatha karai dasasīsa.69. mahi patakai

He burst into a terrible roar and, seizing millions and millions of monkeys. dashed them to the ground like a huge elephant, swearing by his ten-headed brother the while. (69)

चौ०— भागे जुथा। बुक् बिलोकि जिमि मेष बरूथा॥ बलीमख भाल भागि कपि भाल भवानी। बिकल बानी॥१॥ पकारत आरत निसिचर दुकाल सम अहुई। कपिकुल देस परन अब चहुई॥ यह खरारी। पाहि पाहि बारिधर प्रनतारति हारी ॥ २ ॥ कुपा राम भगवाना । चले सुधारि बाना॥ सकरुन बचन सुनत सरासन निज पाछें घाली । चले सकोप बलसाली ॥ ३॥ राम महा खैंचि संधाने। छटे तीर सरीर समाने ॥ धनुष सर सत लागत सर धावा रिस भरा। कथर डगमगत डोलति धरा॥४॥ तेहिं उपाटी। रघुकुल तिलक भुजा सोइ काटी॥ लीन्ह एक गिरि धारी। प्रभ् सोउ भुजा काटि महि पारी॥५॥ धावा बाम बाह काटें कैसा। पच्छहीन सोह मंदर जैसा ॥ भजा खल बिलोका । ग्रसन मानहँ बिलोकनि प्रभृहि त्रैलोका॥६॥ उग्र चहत

Cau.: bhāge bhālu balīmukha jūthā, bṛku biloki jimi mesa barūthā. bhāgi kapi bhālu bhavānī, bikala cale pukārata ārata bānī.1. yaha nisicara dukāla sama ahaī, kapikula desa parana aba cahaī. krpā bāridhara rāma kharārī, pāhi pāhi pranatārati hārī.2. sakaruna bacana sunata bhagavānā, cale sudhāri sarāsana bānā. rāma nija pāchě ghālī, cale sakopa mahā balasālī.3. sena khaici dhanuşa sara sata samdhāne, chūţe tīra sarīra samāne. bharā, kudhara dagamagata dolati dharā.4. lāgata sara dhāvā risa upāţī, raghukula tilaka bhujā soi kāţī. līnha tehi saila eka dhārī, prabhu sou bhujā kāti mahi pārī.5. dhāvā bāma bāhu giri

kātě bhujā soha khala kaisā, pacchahīna mamdara giri jaisā. ugra bilokani prabhuhi bilokā, grasana cahata mānahů trailokā.6.

Hosts of bears and monkeys fled like flocks of sheep at the sight of a wolf. The monkeys and bears, O Bhavānī, turned tail in terror, crying in a piteous voice. "Yonder demon is like unto a famine, which threatens to visit this land in the shape of the monkey host. Therefore, O Rāma, Slayer of Khara, the cloud laden with the water of compassion, reliever of the suppliants, agony, save us, protect us." The moment the Lord heard the pathetic words He advanced to meet him, putting His bow and arrows in order, Placing His army in the rear the most powerful Rāma marched ahead, full of indignation. Pulling the string of His bow, He fitted a hundred arrows to it; they flew and disappeared into the demon's body. Even as the arrows struck him the demon rushed forth burning with rage; the mountains staggered and the earth shook as he ran. He tore up a rock; but the Glory of Raghu's race cut off the arm that bore it. He then rushed forward with the rock in his left hand; but the Lord struck off even that arm to the ground. Thus shorn of his arms, the wretched resembled Mount Mandara without its wings. He cast a fierce look on the Lord as if ready to devour all the three spheres.

दो - करि चिक्कार घोर अति धावा बदनु पसारि। गगन सिद्ध सुर त्रासित हा हा हेति पुकारि॥७०॥

cikkāra ghora dhāvā Do.: kari ati badanu pasāri, siddha sura trāsita hā hā heti pukāri.70. gagana

With a most terrible yell he rushed forth with his mouth wide open. The Siddhas and gods in the heavens shouted in great alarm "Ah, alas, dear me!"

करुनानिधि जान्यो। श्रवन प्रजंत सरासन् बिसिख निकर निसिचर मुख भरेऊ। तदिप महाबल भूमि न परेऊ॥१॥ भरा मुख सन्मुख धावा। काल त्रोन सजीव जनु आवा॥ तब प्रभु कोपि तीब्र सर लीन्हा। धर ते भिन्न तासु सिर कीन्हा॥२॥ आगें। बिकल भयउ जिमि फनि मनि त्यागें॥ सिर परेउ दसानन धर धाव प्रचंडा। तब प्रभु काटि कीन्ह दुइ खंडा॥३॥ धरनि धसड भुमि जिमि नभ तें भूधर। हेठ दाबि कपि भालु निसाचर॥ बदन समाना। सुर मुनि सबहिं अचंभव माना॥४॥ तास प्रभ् बजावहिं हरषहिं। अस्तुति करहिं सुमन बहु बरषहिं॥ दंदभीं सुर करि बिनती सुर सकल सिधाए। तेही समय देवरिषि आए॥५॥ गाए। रुचिर बीररस प्रभु मन गन गन हतह खल कहि मुनि गए। राम समर महि

Cau.: sabhaya deva karunānidhi jānyo, śravana prajamta sarāsanu tānyo. bisikha nikara nisicara mukha bhareū, tadapi mahābala bhūmi na pareū.1. saranhi bharā mukha sanmukha dhāvā, kāla trona sajīva taba prabhu kopi tībra sara līnhā, dhara te bhinna tāsu sira kīnhā.2. dasānana āgĕ, bikala bhayau jimi phani mani tyāgĕ. dharani dhasai dhara dhava pracamda, taba prabhu kati kinha dui khamda.3.

pare bhūmi jimi nabha te bhūdhara, hetha dābi kapi bhālu nisācara. tāsu teja prabhu badana samānā, sura muni sabahi acambhava mānā.4. dumdubhi bajāvahi harasahi, astuti karahi sumana bahu barasahi. binatī sura sakala sidhāe, tehī samava gaganopari hari guna gana gāe, rucira bīrarasa prabhu mana bhāe. begi hatahu khala kahi muni gae, rāma samara mahi sobhata bhae.6.

Perceiving the gods much alarmed, the All-merciful pulled the string of His bow right up to His ear and blocked the demon's mouth with a flight of His arrows; yet he did not fall to the ground, most powerful as he was. With his mouth full of arrows he rushed forward like a living quiver of Death Himself. Then the Lord in His wrath took a sharp arrow and struck his head right off his body. The head dropped in front of his ten-headed brother, who was filled with agony at its sight like a snake that has lost its crest-jewel. The earth sunk beneath the weight of the terrible trunk that still sprinted there; thereupon the Lord cut it in two. The two pieces fell to the ground like a pair of mountains dropped from the heavens, crushing beneath them monkeys, bears and demons alike. His soul entered the Lord's mouth in the form of a mass of light, to the astonishment of gods, sages and all. The gods sounded their kettle-drums in great exultation, extolled the Lord and rained down flowers in profusion. Having prayed to the Lord, all the gods went their way. Just at that moment arrived the celestial sage, Nārada. Standing high in the air he sang Śrī Hari's praises in a delightful heroic strain, which pleased the Lord's soul. The sage departed with the words "Pray, despatch this wretch (Rāvaṇa) quickly." Śrī Rāma shone forth on the field of battle.

छं संग्राम भूमि बिराज रघुपति अतुल बल कोसल धनी। श्रम बिंदु मुख राजीव लोचन अरुन तन सोनित कनी॥ भुज जुगल फेरत सर सरासन भालु कपि चहु दिसि बने। कह दास तुलसी कहि न सक छिब सेष जेहि आनन घने॥

Cham.: samgrāma bhūmi birāja raghupati atula bala kosala dhanī, śrama bimdu mukha rājīva locana aruna tana sonita kanī. bhuja jugala pherata sara sarāsana bhālu kapi cahu disi bane, kaha dāsa tulasī kahi na saka chabi sesa jehi ānana ghane.

The Lord of the Raghus, the king of Kosala, who was matchless in strength, shone resplendent on the field of battle in the midst of bears and monkeys, with drops of perspiration on His face, His lotus eyes turned red and His person specked with particles of blood, and both His hands busy playing with His bow and arrow. Even Sesa (the serpent-god), says Tulasīdāsa, could not describe the Lord's beauty despite his numerous tongues.

दो - निसिचर अधम मलाकर ताहि दीन्ह निज धाम। गिरिजा ते नर मंदमित जे न भजिहं श्रीराम॥७१॥

Do.: nisicara adhama malākara tāhi dīnha nija dhāma, girijā te nara mamdamati je na bhajahi śrīrāma.71.

Śrī Rāma vouchsafed a place in his own abode to a vile demon, who was a mine of impurities! Girijā, (continues Lord Śiva,) dull-witted are those men who adore Him not.

चौ०— दिन कें अंत फिरीं द्वौ अनी। समर भई सभटन्ह श्रम घनी॥ राम कपाँ कपि दल बल बाढा। जिमि तन पाइ लाग अति डाढा॥१॥ निसिचर दिन अरु राती। निज मख कहें सकृत जेहि भाँती॥ दसकंधर करई। बंधु सीस पुनि पुनि उर धरई॥२॥ बिलाप बह हृदय हति पानी। तास् तेज बल बिप्ल बखानी॥ रोवहिं आयउ। कहि बह कथा पिता समझायउ॥३॥ मेघनाद तेहि अवसर मनुसाई। अबहिं बहुत का करौं बड़ाई॥ देखेह कालि मोरि पायउँ। सो बल तात न तोहि देखायउँ॥४॥ इष्ट्रदेव सें बल रथ एहि बिधि जल्पत भयउ बिहाना। चहुँ दुआर लागे कपि नाना॥ इत कपि भाल काल सम बीरा। उत अति रजनीचर रनधीरा ॥ ५ ॥ लरहिं सुभट निज निज जय हेतू। बरनि न जाइ समर खगकेत॥६॥ Cau.: dina kể aṁta phiri dvau anī, samara bhaī subhaṭanha śrama ghanī. rāma kṛpằ kapi dala bala bāRhā, jimi tṛna pāi lāga ati dāRhā.1. rātī, nija mukha kahe sukṛta jehi bhắtī. nisicara dinu aru bahu bilāpa dasakamdhara karaī, bamdhu sīsa puni puni ura dharaī.2. pānī, tāsu teja bala bipula bakhānī. rovahť nāri hrdaya hati meghanāda tehi āyau, kahi bahu kathā pitā samujhāyau.3. avasara dekhehu kāli mori manusāī, abahř kā karaŭ baRāī. bahuta sai bala ratha pāyau, so bala tāta na tohi dekhāyau.4. istadeva ehi bidhi jalpata bhayau bihānā, cahů duāra lāge kapi nānā. kapi bhālu kāla sama bīrā, uta rajanīcara ranadhīrā.5. ati larahi subhata nija nija jaya hetū, barani na jāi samara khagaketū.6.

At the close of the day the two contending armies retired from the battle-field. The battle had proved exceedingly strenuous even to the stoutest warrior. But the monkey host waxed stronger by Śrī Rāma's grace, even as fire blazes up when fed with straw. The ranks of the demons were thinning night and day like merit, which is exhausted by speaking of one's good deeds with one's own lips. The ten-headed monster made much lamentation, clasping his brother's head to his bosom again and again. The women wept and beat their breast with their hands, paying tributes to his extraordinary majesty and strength. At that juncture Meghanada (Ravana's eldest son) came and consoled his father by narrating a number of (reassuring) stories. "See my heroism tomorrow; I need not make any pretentious statement just now. I have had no occasion to show you, dear father, the strength which I acquired alongwith the chariot from my beloved deity." While he rattled on in this manner the day broke and swarms of monkeys besieged all the four gates. On this side ranged the monkey and bear warriors terrible as death, while on the other side stood the demons exceedingly staunch in battle. Every champion fought for the victory of his own camp; the battle, O Garuda (says Kākabhuśundi), defied all description. (1--6)

दो∘— **मेघनात** मायामय रथ चढि गयउ अकास। गर्जेउ अइहास करि भइ कपि कटकहि त्रास॥७२॥

Do.: meghanāda māyāmaya ratha caRhi gayau akāsa. garieu attahāsa kari bhai kapi katakahi trāsa.72.

Mounting his charmed car Meghanāda ascended into the air and roared with a terrible laugh, which struck the monkey host with terror. (72)

चौ०— सक्ति तरवारि कृपाना । अस्त्र सस्त्र कुलिसायुध सुल पाषाना। लागेउ बृष्टि करै बह परिघ डारड परस बाना॥१॥ दस दिसि रहे बान नभ छाई। मानहँ मघा मेघ झरि लाई॥ धरु धरु मारु सनिअ धनि काना। जो मारड तेहि कोउ न जाना॥२॥ गिह गिरि तरु अकास किप धाविहं। देखिहं तेहि न दुखित फिरि आविहं॥ बाट गिरि कंदर। माया बल कीन्हेसि सर पंजर॥३॥ ब्याकल भए बंदर। सरपति बंदि परे जन कहाँ नीला। कीन्हेसि बिकल सकल बलसीला॥४॥ अंगद नल मारुतसत बिभीषन । सरन्हि मारि कीन्हेसि जर्जर तन॥ पनि सग्रीव पनि जुझै लागा। सर छाँडड होड लागहिं नागा॥५॥ रघपति भए खरारी। स्वबस अनंत बस एक अबिकारी॥ ब्याल इव कपट चरित कर नाना। सदा स्वतंत्र एक भगवाना ॥ ६ ॥ सोभा लगि प्रभृहिं बँधायो । नागपास पायो॥७॥ देवन्ह भय sūla taravāri kṛpānā, astra sastra kulisāyudha dārai pāsānā, lāgeu brsti karai bahu parasu parigha bānā.1.

Cau.: sakti dasa disi rahe bāna nabha chāī, mānahů maghā megha jhari lāī. dharu dharu māru sunia dhuni kānā, jo mārai tehi kou gahi giri taru akāsa kapi dhāvahi, dekhahi tehi na dukhita phiri āvahi. avaghata ghāta bāta giri kamdara, māyā bala kīnhesi sara pamjara.3. jāhi kahā byākula bhae bamdara, surapati bamdi pare janu mamdara. nīlā, kīnhesi mārutasuta amgada nala bikala sakala puni lachimana sugrīva bibhīşana, saranhi māri kīnhesi jarjara tana. puni raghupati sat jūjhai lāgā, sara chẳRai hoi lāgahi nāgā.5. byāla pāsa basa bhae kharārī, svabasa anaṁta nața iva kapața carita kara nānā, sadā svatamtra eka bhagavānā.6. rana sobhā lagi prabhuhi badhāyo, nāgapāsa devanha bhaya pāyo.7.

He discharged a volley of lances, pikes, swords and scimitars as well as axes, bludgeons and stones, and other missiles and weapons of every description, terrible as a thunderbolt, and further rained down shafts in profusion. The sky was thickly covered with arrows on all sides, as though the clouds poured in torrents in the month of Bhādrapada, when the constellation Maghā (the tenth in order of the twenty-seven Nakṣatras) is in the ascendant. The cries of "Seize, seize, kill, kill" filled every ear; but nobody knew who it was that struck them. Snatching up rocks and trees, the monkeys sprang into the air; but they could not see him and returned sore disappointed. Meanwhile by his delusive power Meghanāda had turned every rugged valley, path and mountain cave into a veritable aviary of arrows. The monkeys were confounded and did not know where to turn. They felt helpless like so many Mandaras thrown into prison as it were by Indra. The son of the windgod, Angada, Nala, Nīla and all the other mighty heroes were completely discomfited by him. Again he assailed with his shafts Laksmana, Sugrīva, and Vibhīsana and pierced their bodies through and through. Then he confronted the Lord of the Raghus Himself; the arrows he let fly turned into serpents even as they struck Śrī Rāma. The Slayer of Khara, who is all-independent, infinite and immutable, the one without a second, was overpowered by the serpents' coils. Like an actor, He plays many a part.—He, the one, ever-free and omnipotent Lord. It was in order to invest the battle with a glory of its own that the Lord allowed Himself to be bound by a snare of serpents, even though the gods were dismayed at this sight.

दो∘— गिरिजा जासू नाम जिप मृनि काटहिं भव पास। सो कि बंध तर आवइ ब्यापक बिस्व निवास॥७३॥

Do.: girijā jāsu nāma japi muni kātahi bhava bamdha tara āvai byāpaka bisva nivāsa.73.

Girijā, (continues Lord Śiva,) is it ever possible that the Lord, who is the allpervading abode of the universe and whose name, when repeated enables the hermits to cut asunder the bonds of existence, should fall in bondage?

राम के सगुन भवानी। तर्कि न जाहिं बृद्धि बल बानी॥ चौ०— **चरित** बिचारि जे तग्य बिरागी। रामिह भजिहं तर्क सब त्यागी॥१॥ कीन्ह घननादा। पुनि भा प्रगट कहइ दुर्बादा॥ ब्याकल खल रह ठाढा। सनि करि ताहि क्रोध अति बाढा॥२॥ जामवंत कह छाँडेउँ तोही । लागेसि अधम पचारै सठ त्रिसुल चलायो। जामवंत कर गहि सोइ धायो॥३॥ अस कहि तरल मारिसि मेघनाद कै छाती । परा भुमि घर्मित पनि चरन फिरायो। महि पछारि निज बल देखरायो॥४॥ न मारा। तब गहि पद लंका पर डारा॥ मरड बर **इहाँ** देवरिषि पठायो। राम समीप सपदि सो आयो॥५॥ गरुड

Cau.: carita rāma ke saguna bhavānī, tarki na jāhi buddhi bala bānī. birāgī, rāmahi bhajahi tarka saba tyāgī.1. ie tagya byākula kaṭaku kīnha ghananādā, puni bhā pragaṭa kahai durbādā. jāmavamta kaha khala rahu thāRhā, suni kari tāhi krodha ati bāRhā.2. jāni satha chẳReử tohī, lāgesi adhama tarala trisūla calāyo, jāmavamta kara gahi soi dhāyo.3. asa chātī, parā bhūmi ghurmita suraghātī. mārisi meghanāda kai puni risāna gahi carana phirāyo, mahi pachāri nija bala dekharāyo.4. prasāda so marai na mārā, taba gahi pada lamkā para ḍārā. bara ihằ devarisi garuRa pathāyo, rāma samīpa sapadi

The doing of Śrī Rāma when appearing in an embodied form, Bhavānī, cannot be logically interpreted by the power of reason or speech. Realizing this those who know the truth about Him and are full of dispassion adore Śrī Rāma, discarding all theological speculation. Having thus thrown the monkey host into confusion, Ghananāda (a synonym for Meghanāda) at last revealed himself and began to pour abuses. Jāmbavān said, "Remain standing a while, O wretch!" When he heard this, his anger knew no bound. "Fool, I spared you only on account of your age. And yet you have had the audacity to challenge me, O vile creature!"So saying he hurled his glittering trident. Jāmbavān, however, caught it in his hand and, darting forward, struck Meghanāda in the chest with it so vehemently that the enemy of gods reeled and fell to the ground. Once again Jāmbavān in his fury took Meghanāda by the foot and, swinging him round, dashed him against the ground and thus showed him his strength. By virtue of the boon* (granted to him by the Creator), however, he died not for all his killing. Thereupon Jāmbavān seized him by the foot and tossed him into Lanka. At this end the celestial sage Narada despatched Garuda, who took no time in reaching by the side of Śrī Rāma.

दो॰ खगपति सब धरि खाए माया नाग बरूथ। माया बिगत भए सब हरषे बानर जूथ॥ ७४ (क)॥ गहि गिरि पादप उपल नख धाए कीस रिसाइ। चले तमीचर बिकलतर गढ़ पर चढ़े पराइ॥ ७४ (ख)॥

Do.: khagapati saba dhari khāe māyā nāga barūtha, māyā bigata bhae saba harase bānara jūtha.74(A). gahi giri pādapa upala nakha dhāe kīsa risāi, cale tamīcara bikalatara gaRha para caRhe parāi.74(B).

The king of birds seized and devoured the whole swarm of snakes created by Meghanāda's demoniac power. The charm was thus dispelled and all the divisions of the monkey host rejoiced again. Armed with rocks, trees, stones, and claws, the monkeys rushed forth in their fury; while the demons took to their heels in utter confusion and climbed up the fort. (74 A-B)

चौ०— **मेघनाट** जागी। पितहि बिलोकि लाज अति लागी॥ कै मुरछा गिरिबर कंदरा। करौं अजय मख अस मन धरा॥१॥ गयउ तुरत

यस्तु द्वादश वर्षाणि निद्राहारविवर्जित:॥

तेनैव मृत्युर्निर्दिष्टो ब्रह्मणास्य दुरात्मन: । लक्ष्मणस्तु अयोध्याया निर्गम्यायात् त्वया सह ॥ तदादि निद्राहारादीन्न जानाति रघुत्तम । सेवार्थं तव राजेन्द्र ज्ञातं सर्वमिदं मया॥ तदाज्ञापय देवेश लक्ष्मणं त्वरया मया। हनिष्यति न संदेह: शेष: साक्षाद्धराधर:॥

(Yuddhakāṇḍa VIII. 64—67)

"Brahmā (the Creator) has ordained the death of this wicked soul (Meghanāda) at the hands of one who has neither slept nor taken any food for full twelve years. Given over to your service, Laksmana, O Chief of the Raghus, has known neither sleep nor food etc., ever since he came away from Ayodhyā: I have come to know all this, O King of kings. Therefore, O Ruler of gods, command Laksmana to accompany me with all speed; for he is no other than Śesa, the supporter of the earth, and will doubtless slay this demon.

^{*} In the Adhyātmarāmāyaṇa Vibhīṣaṇa tells Śrī Rāma:—

<u>डहाँ</u> बिभीषन मंत्र बिचारा। सुनह नाथ बल अतुल उदारा॥ मेघनाद मायावी मख करड अपावन । खल देव सतावन॥२॥ पाइहि । नाथ बेगि पनि जीति न जाइहि॥ प्रभ सिद्ध होड सो सुख माना। बोले रघपति अतिसय अंगदादि कपि भाई। करह बिधंस जग्य कर जाई॥ लिछमन सब संग जाह मारेह ओही। देखि सभय सुर दुख अति मोही॥४॥ लिछमन रन तुम्ह उपाई। जेहिं छीजै निसिचर सन मारेह तेहि बद्धि बल बिभीषन। सेन समेत तीनिउ जामवंत सुग्रीव रहेह जन॥५॥ रघबीर दीन्हि अनुसासन । कटि निषंग किस साजि सरासन॥ जब धरि रनधीरा। बोले गिरा गँभीरा॥६॥ प्रभ घन द्रव जौं आज् बधें बिन् आवौं। तौ रघ्पति सेवक न कहावौं॥ जौं हतउँ सहाई। तदपि दोहाई॥७॥ सत रघुबीर kai Cau.: meghanāda murachā jāgī, pitahi biloki lāja ati lāqī. kamdarā, karaŭ ajaya makha asa mana dharā.1. turata qayau giribara bicārā, sunahu nātha bala atula bibhīsana maṁtra udārā. meghanāda makha karai apāvana, khala māyāvī satāvana.2. deva jaů prabhu siddha hoi so pāihi, nātha begi jīti jāihi. puni na suni raghupati atisaya sukha mānā, bole amgadādi kapi nānā.3. lachimana samga jāhu saba bhāī, karahu bidhamsa jagya kara jāī. tumha lachimana mārehu rana ohī, dekhi sabhaya sura dukha ati mohī.4. tehi bala buddhi upāī, iehť mārehu chīiai nisicara suni jāmavamta sugrīva bibhīsana, sena sameta rahehu tīniu jana.5. jaba raghubīra dīnhi anusāsana, kati nisamga kasi sāji sarāsana. prabhu pratāpa ura dhari ranadhīrā, bole ghana girā gåbhīrā.6. iva āju badhe binu āvau, tau raghupati sevaka na kahāvau. samkara karahi sahai, tadapi hataů raghubīra

When Meghanāda recovered from his swoon, he felt much ashamed to find his father before him. He speedily betook himself to a convenient mountain cave and resolved to perform a sacrifice which would render him invincible. At this end Vibhīsana approached the Lord and told Him his considered view. "Listen, my lord of incomparable might and generosity: the wicked Meghanāda, who is a past master in creating illusions and the scourge of heaven, is performing an unholy sacrifice. If, my lord, the sacrifice is allowed to be completed, he will not then be speedily conquered." The Lord of the Raghus was highly gratified to hear this and summoned Angada and many other monkeys. "Go with Laksmana, brethren all, and wreck the sacrifice. And it is for you, Laksmana, to kill him in battle. I am much distressed to find the gods in terror. You must finish him by force of your wit might or one way or other, mark me, brother, the demon must be put an end to. And Jāmbavān, Sugrīva and Vibhīsana, you three must keep by his side with your regiment." When the Hero of Raghu's line had finished His command, Laksmana, who was staunch in battle, girt the quiver by his side and strung his bow; and cherishing the Lord's glory in his heart, he spoke in a voice deep as thunder, "If I return today without slaying him (Meghanāda), let me no longer be called a servant of Śrī Rāma

(the Lord of the Raghus). Nay, even if a hundred Sivas come to his help, I shall nonetheless kill him in the name of Rāma (the Hero of Raghu's line)."

दो - रघुपति चरन नाइ सिरु चलेउ तुरंत अनंत। अंगद नील मयंद नल संग सुभट हनुमंत॥ ७५॥

Do.: raghupati carana nāi siru caleu turamta anamta, amgada nīla mayamda nala samga subhata hanumamta.75.

Bowing his head at the feet of Śrī Rāma (the Lord of the Raghus), Laksmana (who was none else than Lord Ananta or Śesa) set out at once, accompanied by champions like Angada, Nīla, Mayanda, Nala and Hanumān. (75)

बैसा। आहति देत रुधिर अरु भैंसा॥ कपिन्ह सो देखा सब जग्य बिधंसा। जब न उठइ तब करिहं प्रसंसा॥१॥ तदपि न उठड धरेन्हि कच जाई। लातन्हि हति हति चले पराई॥ कपि भागे। आए जहँ लै धावा आगे॥२॥ त्रिसल रामानज मारा। गर्ज घोर रव बारहिं कोध आवा परम कर बारा॥ कोपि थाए। हति त्रिसुल उर धरनि गिराए॥३॥ अंगद मरुतसत सल प्रचंडा। सर हति कृत अनंत जग खंडा॥ प्रभ छाँडेसि जुबराजा। हतहिं कोपि तेहि घाउ न बाजा॥४॥ उति मारुति मारा। तब धावा करि घोर चिकारा॥ फिरे रिप मरड न आवत देखि क्रब्द जन् काला। लिछमन छाडे बिसिख कराला॥५॥ पबि सम बाना। तुरत देखेसि आवत भयउ खल अंतरधाना॥ बिबिध बेघ धरि करड लराई। कबहँक प्रगट कबहँ दरि जाई॥६॥ कीसा। परम क्रूद्ध तब भयउ अहीसा॥ देखि अजय रिप डरपे दुढ़ावा। एहि पापिहि मैं बहुत खेलावा॥७॥ लिछमन मंत्र मन अस समिरि प्रतापा। सर संधान कीन्ह कोसलाधीस करि छाडा बान माझ उर लागा। मरती बार कपटु सब

Cau.: jāi dekhā baisā, āhuti deta rudhira aru bhaimsā. kapinha so kīnha kapinha saba jagya bidhamsā, jaba na uthai taba karahi prasamsā.1. tadapi na uthai dharenhi kaca jāī, lātanhi hati hati cale parāī. lai dhāvā kapi bhāge, āe jahå rāmānuja āge.2. parama krodha kara mārā, garja rava bārahi bārā. āvā ghora aṁgada dhāe, hati trisūla ura dharani prabhu kahå chẳResi sūla pracamdā, sara hati krta anamta juga khamdā. jubarājā, hatahi kopi tehi ghāu na bājā.4. uthi māruti phire bīra ripu marai na mārā, taba dhāvā kari ghora cikārā. āvata dekhi kruddha janu kālā, lachimana chāRe bisikha karālā.5. dekhesi āvata pabi sama bānā, turata bhayau khala amtaradhānā. besa dhari karai larāī, kabahůka pragata kabahů duri jāī.6. bibidha

dekhi ajaya ripu darape kīsā, parama kruddha taba bhayau ahīsā. lachimana mana asa mamtra drRhāvā, ehi pāpihi mat bahuta khelāvā.7. sumiri kosalādhīsa pratāpā, sara samdhāna kīnha kari dāpā. chāRā bāna mājha lāgā, maratī bāra kapatu saba tyāgā.8.

Arriving there, the monkeys found him squatting and offering oblations of blood and live buffaloes to the sacrificial fire. The monkeys wrecked the whole sacrifice; yet, when the demon refused to stir, they proceeded to applaud him (ironically). Even then he did not guit his place; the monkeys thereupon went and caught him by the hair and, striking him with the foot one after the other, ran away. He rushed forth, trident in hand, while the monkeys fled before him and came where Śrī Rāma's younger brother (Lakṣmaṇa) stood at the head of his army. Driven by the wildest fury he came and shouted with a terrible roar again and again. The son of the wind-god and Angada darted forward in great indignation: but he struck them on the breast with his trident and felled them to the ground. He then hurled his fierce trident at the Lord (Laksmana): but Ananta intercepted it with his arrow and broke it in two. Meanwhile the son of the wind-god and Prince Angada had risen again and struck him furiously; but he received no injury. When the heroes turned round thinking that the enemy could not be killed in spite of the best efforts, he rushed forth with a terrible yell. When Laksmana saw him coming furiously like Death himself, he let fly fierce arrows. The wretch, however, vanished out of sight the moment he saw arrow terrible as thunderbolt darting towards him. He fought in various guises, now revealing himself and now disappearing. The monkeys were filled with dismay when they saw that the enemy could not be conquered. Laksmana (the lord of serpents) thereupon flew into a towering rage. He made a firm resolve in his mind to dispose of the demon; for he thought, "I have played with this wretch long enough." Recalling the might of Śrī Rāma (the Lord of Kosala), he defiantly fitted an arrow to his bow and shot it with such steady aim that it struck Meghanāda full in the breast and the demon abandoned all false appearances at the moment of death.

दो - रामानुज कहँ रामु कहँ अस कहि छाँडेसि प्रान। धन्य धन्य तव जननी कह अंगद हनुमान॥७६॥

Do.: rāmānuja kaha rāmu kaha asa kahi chaResi prāna, dhanya dhanya tava jananī kaha amgada hanumāna.76.

He gave up his ghost with the words "Where is Rāma's younger brother (Lakṣmaṇa)?" "Where is Rāma?" On his lips. "Blessed indeed is your mother!" exclaimed Angada and Hanuman. (76)

उठायो। लंका द्वार राखि पुनि चौ०— बिनु हनुमान प्रयास सर गंधर्बा। चढि बिमान आए नभ सर्बा॥१॥ सनि तास बजावहिं। श्रीरघुनाथ बिमल जसु गावहिं॥ बरिष स्मन जगदाधारा। तुम्ह प्रभु सब देवन्हि निस्तारा॥२॥ जय अनंत जय सिधाए। लिछमन कुपासिंधु पिहं आए॥ सुर सिद्ध दसानन जबहीं। मुरुछित भयउ परेउ महि तबहीं॥ ३॥ सुत भारी। उर ताड़न बहु भाँति पुकारी॥ मंदोदरी रुदन कर ब्याकुल सोचा। सकल कहहिं दसकंधर पोचा॥४॥ लोग सब

Cau.: binu prayāsa hanumāna uṭhāyo, lamkā dvāra rākhi puni āyo, tāsu marana suni sura gamdharbā, caRhi bimāna āe nabha sarbā.1. barasi sumana dumdubhi bajāvahi, śrīraghunātha bimala jasu gāvahi. jagadādhārā, tumha prabhu saba devanhi nistārā.2. jaya kari sura siddha sidhāe, lachimana krpāsimdhu pahi āe. suta badha sunā dasānana jabahī, muruchita bhayau pareu mahi tabahī.3. kara bhārī, ura tāRana bahu bhẳti pukārī. mamdodarī rudana nagara loga saba byākula socā, sakala kahahi dasakamdhara pocā.4.

Hanuman lifted him without any exertion and after placing him at the main gate of Lańkā returned. Hearing of his death, the gods as well as the Gandharvas all appeared in the heavens in their aerial cars. Raining down flowers, they beat their drums and sang the spotless glory of Śrī Rāma (the Lord of the Raghus). "Glory to Lord Ananta! Glory to the support of the whole universe! You, O lord, have delivered the gods." Having thus hymned his praises, the gods as well as the Siddhas went their way, while Laksmana arrived in the presence of the All-merciful. The moment the ten-headed monster heard the news of his son's death, he dropped senseless to the ground. Mandodarī made grievous lamentation, beating her breast and crying in many ways. The citizens were all smitten with grief; everyone abused Rāvana. (1-4)

दो - तब दसकंठ बिबिधि बिधि समुझाईं सब नारि। नस्वर रूप जगत सब देखह हृदयँ बिचारि॥ ७७॥

Do.: taba dasakamtha bibidhi bidhi samujhar saba nari, nasvara rūpa jagata saba dekhahu hrdaya bicāri.77.

The ten-headed monster then consoled all the womenfolk in various ways. "Perceive and realize in your heart", he said, "That the entire universe is perishable." (77)

चौ०— तिन्हहि उपदेसा रावन । आपुन मंद कथा सुभ पावन ॥ ग्यान बहतेरे। जे आचरहिं ते नर न घनेरे॥१॥ पर उपदेस कुसल भयउ भिनुसारा। लगे भालु कपि चारिहँ द्वारा॥ निसा सिरानि बोला। रन सन्मख जा कर मन डोला॥२॥ सभट बोलाइ दसानन पराई। संजुग बिमुख भएँ न भलाई॥ सो अबहीं जाउ मैं बयरु बढावा। देहउँ उतरु जो रिप चढि आवा॥३॥ निज भज बल कहि मरुत बेग रथ साजा। बाजे सकल जझाऊ बाजा॥ बली। जन् कज्जल के आँधी चली॥४॥ अतुलित काला। गनइ न भूज बल गर्ब बिसाला॥५॥ असग्न अमित होहिं तेहि

Cau.: tinhahi rāvana, āpuna mamda kathā subha pāvana. gyāna upadesā bahutere, je ācarahi te nara na ghanere.1. upadesa kusala para bhinusārā, lage bhālu kapi cārihů dvārā. nisā sirāni bhayau bolāi dasānana bolā, rana sanmukha jā kara mana dolā.2. subhata abahī̇́ baru jāu parāī, samjuga bimukha bhae na bhalāī. so nija bhuja bala ma'r bayaru baRhāvā, dehau utaru jo ripu caRhi āvā.3. asa kahi maruta bega ratha sājā, bāje jujhāū sakala bājā.

ădhī cale bīra saba atulita balī, janu kajjala kai calī.4. hohľ kālā, ganai na bhujabala garba bisālā.5. amita tehi

Rāvana taught them sound wisdom; though vile himself, his counsel was so pious and wholesome! Indeed there are hosts of people clever in instructing others; but those who practise good morals themselves are few and far between. When the night was over and the day broke, the bears and monkeys invested all the four gates. The ten-headed monster summoned his champions and said, "He whose heart quails before the enemy in battle had better withdraw even now; for if he turns his back on the field of battle, he will have to suffer for it. Relying on the strength of my own arm have I prosecuted the war and shall give befitting reply to the enemy who has invaded us." So saying, he got ready his chariot, swift as the wind, and all the musical instruments of war sounded. The heroes, who were all matchless in strength, rushed forth like a storm of soot. Numberless ill-omens occurred at that time; but, extremely proud of his might of arm, he heeded them

छं अति गर्ब गनइ न सगुन असगुन स्त्रविहं आयुध हाथ ते। भट गिरत रथ ते बाजि गज चिक्करत भाजिहं साथ ते॥ गोमाय गीध कराल खर रव स्वान बोलहिं अति घने। जनु कालदूत उलुक बोलिहं बचन परम भयावने॥

Cham.: ati garba ganai na saguna asaguna sravahi ayudha hatha te, bhata girata ratha te bāji gaja cikkarata bhājahi sātha te. gomāya gīdha karāla khara rava svāna bolahi ati ghane, janu kāladūta ulūka bolahi bacana parama bhayāvane.

In his overweening pride he took no heed of the omens, whether good or bad. Weapons dropped from his hands and warriors fell down from their cars, while horses and elephants ran shrieking out of the line. Frightful jackals, vultures and donkeys gave a shrill cry while dogs whined in large numbers. And owls, like messengers of death, uttered most alarming notes.

दो∘— ताहि कि संपति सगुन सुभ सपनेहुँ मन बिश्राम। भूत द्रोह रत मोहबस राम बिमुख रति काम॥७८॥

Do.: tāhi ki sampati saguna subha sapanehů mana biśrāma, bhūta droha rata mohabasa rāma bimukha rati kāma.78.

Can he ever expect prosperity and good omens and attain peace of mind even in dream, who is actively malevolent to the living creation, is hostile to Srī Rāma and is steeped in the enjoyment of the senses, all under a spell of delusion? (78)

चौ०— **चलेउ** अपारा । चत्रंगिनी निसाचर कटक अनी बह धारा॥ बिबिधि भाँति रथ जाना। बिपुल बरन पताक ध्वज नाना॥१॥ घनेरे। प्राबिट जलद मरुत जन प्रेरे॥ चले जुथ मत्त बिरदैत निकाया। समर सुर जानहिं बह बरन बरन

अति बिचित्र बाहिनी बिराजी। बीर बसंत सेन साजी॥ जन दिगसिंधर डगहीं । छभित पयोधि कधर डगमगहीं ॥ ३ ॥ चलत कटक छपाई। मरुत थिकत बसधा अकलाई॥ उठी गयउ रेन रव बाजिहं। प्रलय समय के घन जन गाजिहं॥४॥ पनव भेरि नफीरि सहनाई। मारू सखदाई॥ राग स्भट बाज बीर करहीं। निज निज बल पौरुष उच्चरहीं॥५॥ केहरि नाद सब सभद्रा। मर्दह भाल कपिन्ह के ठट्टा॥ कहड दसानन स्नह भाई। अस किह सन्मुख फौज रेंगाई॥६॥ हौं मारिहउँ भुप द्रौ यह सधि सकल कपिन्ह जब पाई। धाए करि रघबीर दोहाई॥७॥

Cau.: caleu nisācara kataku apārā, caturamginī anī bahu bibidhi bhẳti bāhana ratha jānā, bipula barana patāka dhvaja nānā.1. matta gaja jūtha ghanere, prābiţa jalada maruta janu prere. cale barana barana biradaita nikāyā, samara sūra jānahi bahu māyā.2. bicitra ati bāhinī birājī, bīra basaṁta sena janu calata kataka digasimdhura dagahi, chubhita payodhi kudhara dagamagahi.3. chapāī, maruta thakita basudhā akulāī. uthī gavau panava nisāna ghora rava bājahi, pralaya samaya ke ghana janu gājahi.4. sahanāī, mārū bheri naphīri bāja rāga subhata sukhadāī. karahi, nija nija bala paurusa uccarahi.5. kehari nāda bīra saba kahai dasānana sunahu subhattā, mardahu bhālu kapinha ke thattā. haŭ mārihaŭ bhūpa dvau bhāī, asa kahi sanmukha phauja regāī.6. yaha sudhi sakala kapinha jaba pāī, dhāe kari raghubīra

The demon host, which defied all calculation, marched. Complete in all its four limbs, viz., elephants and chariots, horse and foot, it was divided into many regiments and was equipped with mounts, cars and other conveyances of every description as well as with numerous banners and standards of diverse colour. Numberless troops of infuriated elephants marched like rainy clouds driven by the wind. There were multitudes of distinguished warriors wearing uniforms of various colours, all heroic in battle and conversant with many illusive devices. Thus the army was magnificent in every way and looked like the mustered array of the gallant deity presiding over the vernal season. Even as the host marched, the elephants guarding the eight quarters tottered, the ocean was stirred to its very depth and the mountains rocked. The dust rose in clouds that obscured the sun, the air became still and the earth was troubled. Drums and kettledrums made an awful din like the thundering of clouds at the time of universal destruction. Tabors, clarionettes and hautboys sounded the martial strain that gladdens the heart of champions. All the heroes roared like lions, each extolling his own might and valour. Rāvana exclaimed; "Listen, my valiant warriors: wipe out the hordes of these bears and monkeys, while I shall slay the two brother princes." So saying he ordered his army to march forward. When the monkeys received this news, they all rushed forth invoking the help of Śrī Rāma.

छं । धाए बिसाल कराल मर्कट भालु काल समान ते। मानहुँ सपच्छ उड़ाहिं भूधर बृंद नाना बान ते॥

नख दसन सैल महाद्रुमायुध सबल संक न मानहीं। जय राम रावन मत्त गज मृगराज सुजस् बखानहीं॥

Chami: dhāe bisāla karāla markata bhālu kāla samāna te, mānahů sapaccha uRāhi bhūdhara brinda nānā bāna te. nakha dasana saila mahādrumāyudha sabala samka na mānahī, jaya rāma rāvana matta gaja mrgarāja sujasu bakhānahi.

The gigantic monkeys and bears, who were terrible as death, rushed forward like hosts of winged mountains of diverse colour. With claws and teeth, rocks and huge trees for their weapons they were all very powerful and knew no fear. They shouted "Glory to Śrī Rāma, a veritable lion for the wild elephant in the shape of Rāvana" and sang His praises.

दो∘- दुह दिसि जय जयकार करि निज निज जोरी जानि। भिरे बीर इत रामहि उत रावनहि बखानि॥७९॥

Do.: duhu disi jaya jayakāra kari nija nija jorī jāni, **bhire** bīra ita rāmahi uta rāvanahi bakhāni.79.

With a shout of "Victory! victory!!" on both sides and each finding his own match, the heroes came to a close combat, the monkeys singing the glory of Śrī Rāma and the demons extolling Rāvana. (79)

रघुबीरा। देखि बिभीषन भयउ चौ०— **रावन्** रथी बिरथ भा संदेहा। बंदि चरन कह सहित सनेहा॥१॥ न रथ नहिं तन पद त्राना। केहि बिधि जितब बीर बलवाना॥ कुपानिधाना। जेहिं जय होइ सो स्यंदन आना॥२॥ सखा सुनह तेहि रथ चाका। सत्य सील दुढ़ ध्वजा पताका॥ सौरज परिहत घोरे। छमा कपा समता रज जोरे॥ ३॥ बल सजाना। बिरति संतोष र्इस सारथी चर्म कपाना॥ परसु बुधि सक्ति प्रचंडा । बर बिग्यान कोदंडा॥४॥ दान त्रोन समाना। सम जम नियम सिलीमुख नाना॥ मन अमल गुर पूजा। एहि सम बिजय उपाय न दुजा॥५॥ अभेद कवच जाकें। जीतन कहँ न कतहँ रिपु ताकें॥६॥ धर्ममय सखा

biratha raghubīrā, dekhi bibhīşana bhayau adhīrā. Cau.: rāvanu adhika prīti mana bhā samdehā, bamdi carana kaha sahita sanehā.1. nātha na ratha nahi tana pada trānā, kehi bidhi jitaba bīra balavānā. sunahu sakhā kaha kṛpānidhānā, jehi jaya hoi so syamdana ānā.2. sauraja dhīraja tehi ratha cākā, satya sīla drRha dhvajā patākā. bala bibeka dama parahita ghore, chamā krpā samatā īsa sārathī sujānā, birati carma saṁtoşa kṛpānā. dāna parasu budhi sakti pracamdā, bara bigyāna kathina kodamdā.4.